# I. Company Profile



- 1. Registered Chinese name: 海南航空股份有限公司 (Abbreviation: 海南航空) Registered English name: Hainan Airlines Co., Ltd (Abbreviation: HNA)
- 2. Legal Representative: Li Xiaoming
- 3. Information of the Secretary of BoD and the Representative of Stock Affairs
  Secretary of BOD: Zhang Shanghui
  Tel: 0898-66739961
  Fax: 0898-66739960
  E-mail: sh\_zhang@hnair.com
  Address: Haihang Development Building, 29 Haixiu Road, Haikou, Hainan Province
  Representative of Stock Affairs: Lv Guangwei
  Tel: 0898-66739961
  Fax: 0898-66739960
  E-mail: gw\_lv@hnair.com
  Address: Haihang Development Building, 29 Haixiu Road, Haikou, Hainan Province
- 4. Registered Address: 168 Airport West Road, Haikou, Hainan Province
  Office Address: Haihang Development Building, 29 Haixiu Road, Haikou, Hainan Province
  Post Code: 570206
  Website: http://www.hnair.com
  Email: webmaster@hnair.com
- 5. Designated Newspapers for Information Disclosure: China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times, Wen Wei Po (Hong Kong) The website appointed by China Securities Regulatory Commission to release the annual report: http://www.sse.com.cn Annual Report Available at: Office of Secretary of BOD of the Company
- 6. Stock Exchange for Listing of the Company: Shanghai Stock Exchange
   Stock Name: Hainan Airlines
   Stock Code: 600221
   Stock Name: HNA B share
   Stock Code: 900945
- 7. Other Related Information

First Registration Date of the Company: October 18, 1989
First Registration Place of the Company: Haikou
Business License Number: 460000400002151
Tax Registration Number: 1150805791
Domestic Accounting Firm Engaged by the Company: PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhongtian CPAs Co., Ltd
Office address: 11/F, PWC Center, 202 Hubin Road, Shanghai, PRC

# II. Financial Highlights



## **1. Key Fiscal Data in the Report Period**

Monetary unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan

Item	Amount
Operating profit	-1,683,539
Total profit	-1,536,210
Net profit attributable to shareholders of listed company	-1,424,348
Net profit after non-recurring gains and losses attributable to shareholders of listed company	-1,593,211
Net cash flow from operating activities	3,695,760

# 2. Non-recurring gains and losses

Monetary unit:	RMB 1,000 Yuan
Non-recurring gains and losses	Amounts
Gains/losses from disposal of long-term equity investment, fixed assets, project	-6,907
in construction, intangible assets and other long-term assets	
Various non-operating income and expenses after deducting daily reserve for impairmentof assets	154,236
withdrawn by the Company in line with the regulations of Accounting System for Business Enterprises	
Other non-recurring gains and losses	21,535
Total	168,864

# **3. Key Fiscal Data and Financial Index by the End of Each Accounting Period in the Past Three Years**

Key fiscal data	2008		2007	Increase/		2006
		After	Before	Decrease	After	Befor
		adjustment	adjustment	(%)	adjustment	adjustmer
Income from principal business	13,551,661	13,525,347	13,556,798	0.19	12,755,968	12,774,72
Total Profit	-1,536,210	685,431	713,344	-324.12	179,422	198,18
Net Profit attributable to shareholders of listed company	-1,424,348	626,855	651,387	-327.22	150,284	166,75
Net profit after deducting non-recurring gains and losses	-1,593,211	576,957	593,982	-376.14	90,697	107,16
attributable to shareholders of listed company						
Basic earnings per share (Yuan)	-0.40	0.17	0.18	-335.29	0.04	0.0
Diluted earnings per share (Yuan)	-0.40	0.17	0.18	-335.29	0.04	0.0
Basic earnings per share after deducting non-recurring	-0.45	0.16	0.17	-376.58	0.03	0.
gains and losses (Yuan)						
Fully diluted ROE (%)	-23.19	8.28	8.50	–31.47 pts	2.16	2.3
Weighted average ROE (%)	-20.78	8.64	8.88	-29.42 pts	3.13	3.4
Fully diluted ROE after deducting non–recurring gains and loss (%)	-25.94	7.62	7.70	–33.56 pts	1.31	1.5
Weighted average ROE after deducting non-recurring gains and losses (%)	-23.24	7.95	8.00	–31.20 pts	1.89	2.
Net cash flow from operating activities	3,695,760	2,909,106	2,909,106	27.04	4,999,873	4,999,8
Net cash flow per share from operating activities (Yuan)	1.05	0.82	0.82	28.05	1.42	1.4
	End of 2008	End o	f 2007	Increase/	Enc	l of 2006
		After	Before	Decrease	After	Befo
		adjustment	adjustment	(%)	adjustment	adjustme
Total Assets	48,309,229	39,839,946	39,839,946	21.26	35,747,416	35,747,47
Shareholder's equity	6,142,805	7,567,153	7,660,406	-18.82	6,942,179	7,009,7
Net assets per share contributed to the shareholders of listed company (Yua	n) 1.74	2.14	2.17	-18.69	1.97	1.9



## **1. Changes in Share Capital**

#### 1.1 Changes in Shares

In the report period, there are no changes to the total shares and the share structure.

1.2 Changes in share with trading restriction

There was no change in report period.

1.3 Issuance and Listing of Shares

1.3.1 New share issuance in recent three years

			Unit: Share M	Monetary unit: RMB
Туре	Date of Issuance	Price of Issuance (Yuan)	Quantity	Listing Date
Legal person share issued by	Jun 30th, 2006	2.00	2,800,000,000	Sept. 29th, 2006
additionales directional issuance				

The Company issued 2.8 billion legal-person shares to strategic investors at RMB 2 Yuan per share, raising 5.6 billion Yuan. On June 30th, 2006, the Company has completed related registration at China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited (Shanghai Branch).

1.3.2 Changes of Total Share and Share Structure

In the report period, there are no other changes to the total shares and the share structure.

1.3.3 Employee Shares in the Company

At the end of the report period, there are no employee shares in the Company.

## 2. Shareholders

2.1 Number of Shareholders and Particulars about Shares Held

					Unit: Share
Total number of shareholders at the end of report period	258,39	96			
	Shareholding Status of T	Top Ten Shar	eholders		
Name of Shareholder	Nature of	Percentage	Amount of	Amount of Shares with	Amount of Pledged
	Shareholders	(%)	Shares Held	Trading Restriction	or Frozen Shares
Grand China Air Co., Ltd.	other	48.62	1,716,394,743	1,703,108,043	1,710,000,000
Haikou Meilan International Airport Co., Ltd.	other	12.22	431,424,451	254,911,811	431,424,451
Changjiang Leasing Co., Ltd.	other	8.15	286,423,501	111,103,661	284,575,549
Hainan Jiaxin Investment Management Co., Ltd.	other	3.80	134,186,890	53,580,401	127,000,000
HNA Industrial Holding Co., Ltd	other	3.51	123,808,150	0	123,000,000
American Aviation LDC	foreign shareholder	3.06	108,043,201	0	unknown
HNA Real Estate Holding (Group) Co., Ltd	other	0.57	20,000,000	0	0
Hainan Jincheng State-owned Property	state-owned shareholder	0.47	16,575,668	0	0
Administration Co., Ltd.					
Shanxi Sanlian Zhengfeng International Trade Co., Ltd	other	0.18	6,399,187	0	0
HNA Group Co., Ltd.	other	0.18	6,212,512	0	0
CITS Group Corporation	other	0.18	6,212,512	0	6,212,512

# **Changes in Share Capital and Particulars about Shareholders**



Name of Shareholder		Amount of Shares held	Type of Share
		without Trading Restriction	
Haikou Meilan International Airport Co., Ltd		176,512,640	A Share
Changjiang Leasing Co., Ltd		175,319,840	A Share
HNA Industrial Holding Co., Ltd		123,808,150	A Share
American Aviation LDC		108,043,201	B Share
Hainan Jiaxin Investment Management Co., Ltd		80,606,489	A Share
HNA Real Estate Holding (Group) Co., Ltd		20,000,000	A Share
Hainan Jincheng State-owned Property Adminis	tration Co., Ltd.	16,575,668	A Share
Grand China Air Co., Ltd.		13,286,700	A Share
Shanxi Sanlian Zhengfeng International Trade C	o., Ltd	6,399,187	A Share
HNA Group Co., Ltd.		6,212,512	A Share
CITS Group Corporation		6,212,512	A Share
Note to relationship or "action in concert"	Among the top ten shareholders,	there's connected relationship among Grand Chi	ina Air Co., Ltd., Haikou
among the top ten shareholders	Meilan International Airport Co., Ltd., Changjiang Leasing Co., Ltd., Hainan Jiaxin Investment Manage-		
	ment Co., Ltd., HNA Industrial Holding Co., Ltd and HNA Group Co., Ltd. However, there's no action in		
	concert among them as described by Administrative Rules on Information Disclosure about Changing of		
	Shareholding Status. The actual	controller of American Aviation LDC is Grand	China Air Co., Ltd.

Shareholding Status of Top Ten Shareholders of Tradable Shares

Shareholders of Non-tradable Shares

					Unit: share
	Name of Shareholder	Amount of	Details of Trac	ding Restrictions	Trading Restrictions
		Non-tradable	Tradable Date	Amount of Shares	
		Shares held		to be Tradable	
1	Grand China Air Co., Ltd.	1,703,108,043	Sep 29,2009	1,703,108,043	It would not transfer the shares
					held at the stock exchange in 36
					months since the date of obtain-
					ing the circulation right except
					for the statutory promise.
2	Haikou Meilan International	254,911,811	Sep 29,2008	176,512,640	None
	Airport Co., Ltd		Sep 29,2009	78,399,171	
3	Changjiang Leasing Co., Ltd	111,103,661	Sep 29,2008	111,103,661	None
4	Jiaxin Investment	53,580,401	Sep 29,2008	53,580,401	None
	Management Co., Ltd				

2.2 Introduction to the Controlling Shareholder and the Actual Controller

2.2.1 Introduction to the Controlling Shareholder

Name of the Company: Grand China Air Co., Ltd.

Legal Representative: Chen Feng

Date of Establishment: July 12, 2004

Registered Capital: RMB 3,689,795,600 Yuan

Principal businesses: Air transportation, aviation maintenance and services, air catering, in-flight supplies; extended services related to air transportation, airport investment and management, airport terminal services and management, hotel investment and management.



2.2.2 Introduction to the Actual ControllerName of the Company: Hainan Development Holding Co., LtdLegal Representative: Liu MingguiDate of Establishment: Jan 26, 2005Registered Capital: RMB 500 million Yuan

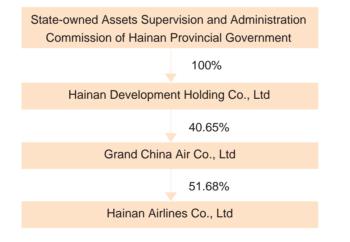
Principal Businesses: Marine oil & gas development and utilization, marine aquatic products processing, project development of automobile, tourism, glass, pulp and paper, pharmacy and other industries, project development of highways, ports, water conservancy, urban water supply, gas, electricity, environment protection, finance of projects with minority stake or controlling stake, asset or share management of investment projects, due diligence, counseling, planning and feasibility studies on construction projects and guarantee of construction projects.

Hainan Development Holding Co., Ltd is the actual controller of the Company. It is established on January 26, 2005 with registered capital of RMB 500 million Yuan. Hainan Development Holding Co., Ltd has a stake of 40.653% in Grand China Air Co., Ltd.

Grand China Air Co., Ltd is the controlling shareholder of the Company. Grand China Air Co., Ltd was established on July 12, 2004 with registered capital of RMB 3,689,795,600 Yuan. Its establishment was approved by CAAC with file no. Zheng Fa Han [2004] 5. Grand China Air Co., Ltd has a stake of 51.68 % in the Company (including 3.06% holding B Share equity by American Aviation LDC).

2.3 Changes of the Controlling Shareholder and the Actual Controller In the report period, there are no changes in the controlling shareholder and the actual controller.

2.4 Property Right and Controlling Relationship between the Actual Controller and the Company



3. Other Legal Person Shareholders Holding over 10% of Shares

Name of the Shareholder	Legal representative	Registered Capital	Date of establishment	Principal Businesses
Haikou Meilan Internationals	Zhang Han'an	RMB 1,979,780,000	Aug 25, 1998	Management of operation
Airport Co., Ltd		Yuan		and strategic planning of
				Haikou Meilan Interna-
				tional Airport, ground ser-
				vices to air transportation,
				air tickets sales agent, avia-
				tion ground transportation
				service agent, automobile
				transportation and real
				estate.



## **1. Particulars about Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives**

Name	Position	Sex	Age	Service Term	Shares	Shares	Cause of	Annual
					Held at	Held at	Changes	Remuneration
					Beginning	End of the		(RMB 1,000
					of the Year	Year		Yuan)
Li Xiaoming	Chairman	male	47	2008-10-15 ~ 2011-10-14				40.20
Wang Yingming	Vice Chairman & President	male	46	2007-11-17 ~ 2010-11-16				148.90
Yang Jinglin	Vice Chairman	male	53	2007-05-18 ~ 2010-05-17				137.20
Mou Weigang	Director & Vice President	male	47	2007-11-17 ~ 2010-11-17				332.40
Wang Zhi	Independent Director	male	67	2006-05-31 ~ 2009-05-30				80
Chen Rijin	Independent Director	male	63	2007-05-18 ~ 2010-05-17				80
Feng Da'an	Independent Director	male	62	2008-04-25 ~ 2011-04-26				80
Zhang Cong	Convener of BoS	male	50	2006-05-31 ~ 2009-05-30				0
Chen Ping	Supervisor	male	34	2006-05-31 ~ 2009-05-30				25
Li Rui	Supervisor	male	32	2006-05-31 ~ 2009-05-30				25
Wu Qingping	Supervisor	male	44	2007-12-28 ~ 2010-12-27				0
Xu Xiaojie	Supervisor	male	41	2008-04-25 ~ 2011-04-24				25
Yang Jianhong	Vice Prisident	male	37	2008-09-26 ~ 2011-09-25				34.3
Liu Dan	CFO	male	38	2006-04-30 ~ 2009-04-29				119.40
Zhang Shanghui	Secretary of BoD	male	38	2006-04-30 ~ 2009-04-29				102.30

Profiles of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives in Recent Five Years

Li Xiaoming: Male, chairman of the Company, born in Beijing in August 1962. He had been acting the vice office director, general manager of the finance department, CFO and executive vice president of t the Company; president of the Sanya Phoenix International Airport Company Limited, chairman of the Yangtze River Real Estate Company Limited; executive vice president of the HNA Group Company Limited, chairman of the HNA Hotel Group Company Limited, chairman of the Yangtze River Property Company Limited and HNA Property Holding (Group) Company Limited.

Wang Yingming: Male, vice chairman of the Company, born in 1963. He worked as the general manager of maintenance department of the Company, CEO of the Company.

Yang Jinglin: Male, vice chairman of the Company, born in 1956. He has been the executive president of China Xinhua Airlines Co., Ltd.

Mou Weigang: Male, vice chairman of the Company, born in 1962. He worked as flight commander in certain division of Air Force, deputy chief in certain division of Air Force and etc. He joined in Hainan Airlines in 1992 and worked as vice general manager of the flight department.

# **Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives**



Wang Zhi: Male. Born in Dec, 1942. Senior engineer. He is independent director of the fifth BOD of the Company. He has been the engineer of the Chen Yang Aircraft Design office, the director of the Planning department of CAAC, the standing director of China Aviation Committee, the independent director of China Southern Airlines Company and Shan Dong Airlines Company.

Chen Rijin: Male. Born in 1946. He had been the vice mayor of Huangshi City, Hubei Province, vice secretary-general of Hainan Province, director of the Industrial Bureau and the Financial Bureau of Hainan Province.

Feng Da'an: Male, independent director of the fifth BoD of the Company, born in 1947. He had been worked as vice general secretary, vice president of Hainan Construction Bank, vice director and director of Hainan Land and Property Tax Bureau.

Zhang Cong: Male, convener of the Board of Supervisors. He worked as the general manager of the department of project development of HNA Group, Chairman of Hainan Meilan International Airport Co., Ltd and Chairman of Jilin Province Tourism Group Co., Ltd.

Chen Ping: Male, supervisor of the Company. He graduated from Fu Dan University with bachelor's degree. He is now manager of the Human Resources Department of the Grand China Logistics Holding (Group) Co., Ltd.

Li Rui: Male, supervisor of the Company. He is now vice manager of the Securities' Department of the Company.

Wu Qingping: Male, supervisor of the Company. He entered the company since 1993 and had been the assistant of the manager of the general administration of the Company.

Xu Xiaojie: Male, supervisor of the Company. He is now the manager of the corporation management department of the Hainan Jincheng State-owned Property Administration Co., Ltd.

Liu Dan: Male, CFO of the Company. He had worked as CFO of Chang'an Airlines, manager and CFO of China Xinhua Airlines, manager of planning and finance department of HNA Group.

Zhang Shanghui: Male, secretary of Board of Directors of the Company.

## 2. Jobs Taken by Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives in Shareholding Companies and Other Companies.

Name	Company	Position	Service Term	Remuneration (Yes/No)
Wang Zhi	Shan Dong Airlines Co., Ltd	Independent Director		Yes
	China Southern Airlines Co., Ltd			
Zhang Cong	Jilin Province Tourism Group Co., Ltd	Chairman		Yes
Xu Xiaojie	Hainan Jincheng State-owned	Manager of the corporation		Yes
	Property Administration Co., Ltd	management department		

## **3. Rewards of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives**

The approving procedure for rewards of directors, supervisors and senior executives is implemented according to the Report on Rewards Plan of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives as approved by the Board Meeting and the General Meeting of Shareholders. The rewards of directors and supervisors are decided according to the current and relevant administrative procedures. The rewards of senior executives are determined according to their performance.

# **Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives**



The reward for an independent director is RMB 80,000 Yuan per year (including liability insurance of RMB 30,000 Yuan) and 25,000 Yuan for a supervisor. To mitigate the concussion of the market crisis and reduce the labor cost, the Company suspends to provide allowances for other directors, supervisors and senior executives. The rewards for them are determined by performances in the relevant period.

# 4. Resignation of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Executives during the Report Period

Name	Position	Reason
Yang Hui	Independent Director	Post expiration
Zhu Yimin	Chairman	Personnel change
Zhao Zongtao	Supervisor	Personnel change

The above changes have been considered and approved in the 14th session, the 21st session of the 5th Meeting of BoD, the 8th session of the 5th Meeting of BoS, 2007 annual general meeting of shareholders and the 2nd temporary general meeting of shareholders.

## 5. Staff

By the end of the report period, the staff number of the Company is 10,027. Among them, there are 6 retired that the Company needs to bear relevant cost.

#### 1. Distribution on Occupation

Occupation	Number of Staff
Pilots	1,123
Flight Attendants	1,925
Maintenance Workers	2,164
Flight Operations	177
Others	4,638

#### 2. Distribution on Education

Education Background	Number of Staff
Master's Degree or above	118
Bachelor's Degree	3,659
Colleague Diploma	3,830
Intermediate Certificate or below	2,420

# **V. Administrative Structure**



## I. Current Structure

Ever since its listing, HNA has improved the corporate governance structure, regulated its operation, strictly in accordance with the requirement of the Company Law, the Security Law, the related regulations by CSRC and Listing Regulation of SSE.

1. Shareholders and Shareholders' Meeting: HNA ensures that all shareholders, especially the retail investors, enjoy the same status and rights equally. The Company's website has been established to keep efficient communications with shareholders and make them aware of the operating situation of the Company. Regulation on shareholders' meeting was formulated, and the General Meetings of Shareholders were held strictly according to The Rules of the General Meeting of Shareholders issued by CSRC. The shareholders are encouraged to participate in the meetings and to vote as much as possible and lawyers are employed to present as witnesses. The pricing of the related transaction is fair and reasonable, all the related transactions is legal and valid by strictly following the procedures of BoD and Board of Supervisors as stipulated by Listing Regulation of SSE.

2. Chief Shareholders and HNA: The chief shareholders exert their rights through General Meetings of Shareholders, and are not directly involved in the policy-making and operation of HNA. HNA is independent from the chief shareholders in assets, finance, organization and operation. The BoD, Board of Supervisors and the management organization of the Company are independent.

3. Directors and the Board of Directors: Directors of HNA are appointed strictly according to the Articles of Association. The structure of BoD is in line with related laws, regulations and the Articles of Association of HNA. The directors of HNA can fulfill their duties, present the Board Meeting and shareholders' meeting in person. They are familiar with the related laws and regulations and aware of their rights, obligations and responsibilities as directors.

4. Supervisors and the Board of Supervisors: The structure of the Board of Supervisors agrees with the laws, regulations and the Articles of Association of HNA. Rules on Process of Board of Supervisors has been formulated, and perfected in practice. Supervisors of HNA can fulfill their responsibilities seriously and supervise the performances of directors, managers and other senior management personnel.

5. Performance Evaluation and Incentive Program: HNA is actively formulating a just and transparent performance evaluation and incentive program to directors, supervisors and managers. The appointment of managers is transparent, and complies with the related laws and regulations.

6. Interest-related Parties: HNA safeguards the legal rights and interests of the banks, creditors, customers and other interest-related parties so as to maintain sustainable and healthy development of the Company.

7. Information disclosure and transparency: The secretary to the BoD is appointed to be in charge of the information disclosure, reception and consultation, and enhance the communication with shareholders. HNA ensures to release the accurate and complete information in time in accordance with related laws, regulations and the Articles of Association of HNA so that all the shareholders enjoy the equal opportunity to get the information.

According to Notice on Issues Concerning Campaign to Strengthen Corporate Governance of Listed Companies issued by CSRC and No. 130 Inform Document by the Hainan Bureau of CSRC, the Company continued developing special campaign to strengthen corporate governance according to the Self-check Report and Rectification Plan published in 2007. On July 30, 2008 the Company disclosed Explanation on the Rectifiable Problems in the Self-check Report.

# **Administrative Structure**



The development of a special campaign to strengthen the governance of the Company is a significant measure taken for strengthening the standard operations and improving the information disclosure quality and fulfilling the systems of corporate governance as well as promoting sustainable and healthy development of the Company. The Company will insist on corporate governance works according to the requirements of relevant laws and regulations such as Company Law, Securities Law and Rule for Stock Listing and improve the level of corporate governance.

## **II. Performance of the Independent directors**

1. Present of the board meeting

Name of the independent director	Times of present in person	Commission	Absence
Wang Zhi	13		
Chen Rijin	13		
Feng Da'an	12		

Mr. Wang Zhi, Mr. Chen Rijin and Mr. Feng Da'an participated and voted in every Board Meeting in the report period and they have fulfilled their obligations as independent directors.

2. In 2008, the independent directors raised no dissidence against any proposal on the board meeting or other events of the Company.

# III. Independence of the Company's Operation, Assets, Organization, and Finance from the controlling shareholder

1. Operation: the main business of HNA is air passenger and cargo transportation. The operation of the Company is fully independent from the controlling shareholder or other related parties.

2. Corporate governance: The Company has established the complete corporate governance structure according to The Company Law. The executive president, executive vice-presidents and finance staffs do not hold any positions in the shareholders' companies or related companies, with the only exception that the Chairman of the BoD is also the Chairman of Grand China Air Co., Ltd. The Company has established an independent and complete human resource management system.

3. Assets: The Company has its own independent flight system, auxiliary flight system, corresponding facilities and equipments, real estate and trademark, and the delimitation in industrial property rights and non-patent technology is clear. The unavoidable related transactions are completed according to the business common practices, and the related shareholders fulfill the avoiding process according to the Articles of Association of HNA during voting on shareholders' meeting. The Company maintains relative assets integrity from the controlling shareholder.

4. Organization: The Company has independent General Administration Office, Production & Operation Control Center, Planning & Finance Department, Human Resource Department, Marketing & Sales Department, Operation Support Department, Marketing & Sales Department, Flight Department and Maintenance & Engineering Department. The organization and operation facilities of the Company are completely separated and independent from that of the controlling shareholder.

# **Administrative Structure**



5. Finance: The Company has an independent financial department, independent accounting & managing system and separate bank accounts. HNA has its own tax registration number and pays taxes independently. The financial system of the Company is independent from that of the controlling shareholder.

## IV. Establishment and Improvement of Internal Control System of the Company

In order to establish and improve and implement internal control system as well as increase risk management level of the Company and protect legal rights of the investors, the Company prepared a series of administrative provisions and business process according to laws and rules and regulatory documents such as Company Law, Securities Law and Notice of the State Council on Approving and Forwarding the Opinions of China Securities Regulatory Commission on Improving the Quality of Listed Companies and regulations of Rules of Shanghai Stock Exchange on the Listing of Stocks.

1. Safety Production System: Safety production is critical to airlines enterprises. For a long time, the Company develops active safety reporting system continuously to improve safety culture, achieving best industry level of the accident rate per one million flight hours in 2006 and 2007, which turns the passive safety situation of the Company; continuous innovation, in line with international standards, constantly improve safety management system. Complete SMS Experiment successfully and pass review of IOSA smoothly; vigorously develop safety audit and fulfill the rectification and potential safety hazard checking of the general bureau and deeply develop safety rectification; win civil aviation safety cup for two consecutive years. The Company creates zero accident rate per one million flight hours and wins "Golden Eagle Cup" for another time after winning the highest prize "Golden Roc Cup" of civil aviation safety last year.

2. Production Operation System: The Company improves the production operation management system according to market situation, including Annual Production Operation Plan System, Marketing Management System, Safety Production Management System and etc. Through fine flight management, according to seasonal characteristics of the market, the network structure of flight courses is improved; through establishment of three hierarchies monitoring and reporting system of "Overall, Region, Flight", application of flight early warning system and implementation of appropriate price monitoring mechanism, the profits of the Company are maximized.

3. Financial Management System: In order to strengthen the fund management of the Company, raise and arrange the fund effectively and ensure fund safety, the Company prepared various financial management systems strictly in accordance with the regulations of Accounting Law and Accounting Criteria for Enterprises, which explicitly stipulate the fund management, asset management, financial management system, financial accounting, overseas investment management, cost management and management to income and profit distribution. This year, the Company establishes Audit Committee to monitor financial management of the Company effectively, further fulfilling financial management system of the Company.

4. Information Disclosure Management System: According to relevant regulations of China Securities Regulatory Commission and Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Company prepares Methods of Information Disclosure Management, which explicitly stipulate the range, procedure, persons in charge and confidential measures of information disclosure. The awareness of information disclosure of Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors and senior management personnel has been obviously improved. Thus, the corporate governance is strengthened obviously.

# **Administrative Structure**



In addition, according to relevant requirements of special campaign inspection of corporate governance, the Company implements cumulative voting system this year, at the same time, the Company establishes Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee and completely modifies relevant documents concerning governance such as Rule of Procedure of Shareholders' Meeting, Rule of Procedure of Board of Supervisors, Rule of Procedure of Board of Directors, Independent Director System, Working System of President and Rule of Investor Relationship Management.

In future, in the aspect of system construction, the Company will further fulfill complete budget management system, fund approval system, fixed asset investment management system, materials procurement management system, human resources and labor and capital management system; in the aspect of organization structuring, the Company will strengthen the function of relevant internal control departments such as auditing affairs and legal affairs and monitor and control the fulfillment and implementation of financial auditing, contract reviewing and various internal control systems; in the aspect of risk control, the operation risk is mainly about safety problems of aircrafts. The Company has special safety monitoring department and sets up early warning mechanism of eventualities to resist and prevent risks; in the aspect of operation, according to the characteristics of airline companies, the airline companies of other places belonging to the Company have been consolidated. The financial operation and production operation are separated. Therefore, there is no risk of out of control.

# ${\bf V}$ . Self-evaluation Report of BoD on the Internal Control System of the Company and Opinions of the Auditors.

1. The Company did not disclose the Self-evaluation Report of BoD on the Internal Control System of the Company.

The Company has established the internal control system. The Company has established specific internal control department named Compliance Department. The Compliance Department submitted work report to BoD regularly.

2. The auditing organization did not give opinions on the internal control system of the Company.

## VI. Performance Evaluation and Incentive Program to Senior Management

The annual rewards of the senior managers are monthly paid according to the related standard approved by the BoD. The Human Resource Department formulated the salary standard on the basis of the operation results of the Company, and submits to the shareholders' meeting for approval.

The performance evaluation system of the senior managers consists of the annual evaluation scheme, assessment by the chairman, reward program and bonus incentive program.

## VII. Performance Report on Fulfilling the Social Responsibility

The Company did not disclose the Performance Report on Fulfilling the Social Responsibility.



1. Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

On April 25, 2008, it was held at the conference hall on 4th floor of Haihang Development Mansion, 29 Haixiu Rd., Haikou, Hainan province.

The resolution of the meeting was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on April 26, 2008.

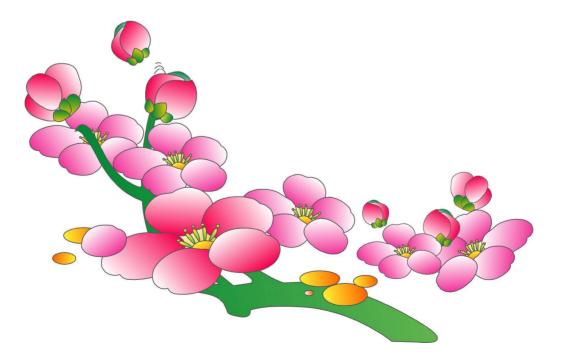
2. Temporary General Meeting of Shareholders

2.1 On May 27, 2008 the Company held the first temporary general meeting of shareholders of 2008. The resolution of the meeting was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on May 28, 2008.

2.2 On Oct 15, 2008 the Company held the second temporary general meeting of shareholders of 2008. The resolution of the meeting was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Oct 16, 2008.

2.3 On Nov 28, 2008 the Company held the third temporary general meeting of shareholders of 2008. The resolution of the meeting was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Nov 29, 2008.

2.4 On Dec 30, 2008 the Company held the fourth temporary general meeting of shareholders of 2008. The resolution of the meeting was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Dec 31, 2008.





## |. Discussion and analysis of the managements

Under the impact of the international financial crisis, natural disaster and slowdown of the market demand, the production and operation efficiency declined substantially at the civil aviation market. Facing the complicated macro situation and crucial market environment, the BoD enhanced the management structure adjustment timely and took various measures on broadening sources of income and reducing expenditure, which astoundingly promoted the transformation on management and efficiency. The Company was granted the title of the National Honorable Unit of the Anti-quake and Relief Works, Outstanding Unit in the Activity of Safe & Normal Service in the Olympic Games Year. It also won the awards of the Two-star Prize of Safe Flight and the 10th successive championship in the Activity of Passenger Evaluation on the Civil Aviation. The famous international aviation media, the Skytrax and the Global Traveler, honored the company the Best Airlines Company of China.

1. Review of the overall operation status in the report period

#### 1.1 General information

In 2008, the income of the principal business of the company is RMB 12.24 billion Yuan, decreasing by 4.33%, in which the passenger income is RMB 11.15 billion Yuan and takes up 91.11%, the cargo income is RMB 0.40 billion Yuan and takes up 3.25%, and the chartered flight income is RMB 0.69 billion Yuan and takes up 5.64%. The net profit of the company in 2008 is RMB -1.42 billion Yuan.

In 2008, the company introduced 10 aircrafts, including 7 B737-800, 2 A330 and 1 A340. As at the date of Dec 31 2008, HNA operated 77 aircrafts in total. Specifics of the aircrafts are as follows:

Mode	B737-300	B737-400	B737-800	B767-300	A319	A330-200	A340-600	Total
Number	12	10	41	3	6	4	1	77

#### 1.2 Status of the principal business classified according to the industry or product

					Monetary	unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan
Principal Business	Income from	Cost	Profit	Increase/Decrease	Increase/Decrease	Increase and Decrease
	Principal		Percentage	of the Income from	of the Cost on	of the Profit Percentage
	Business			Principal Business	Principal Business	of Principal Business
Passenger Transportation	11,147,894	10,743,035	3.63	-0.69	20.20	-82.30
Cargo Transportation	397,663	385,822	2.98	12.32	34.64	-82.46
Chartered Flights	689,769	669,339	2.96	-42.98	-30.81	-91.57

Status of principal business classified by geographic regions

#### Monetary unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan

		-
Region	Income of Principal Business	Increase/Decrease of the Income from Principal
		Business Compare with Previous Year (%)
Haikou	7,936,450	-0.61
Beijing	2,706,226	-5.57
Xi'an	1,225,083	-23.09
Taiyuan	367,566	-1.20



Key operation indexes

Index	2008	2007	Increasing
			Percentage (%)
ASK	2,791,479	2,696,974	3.50
Total Turnover of Transportation (In 10,000 ton*kilometers)	230,314.23	226,916.84	1.50
Total Turnover of Passenger Transportation (In 10,000 ton*kilometers)	194,304.07	192,066.13	1.17
Total Turnover of Cargo & Mail Transportation (In 10,000 ton*kilometers)	35,733.40	34,850.71	2.53
Total Flying Kilometers (In 10,000 kilometers)	16,827.14	18,183.84	-7.46
Total Flying Hours (In hour)	264,264	295,393	-10.54
Flying Flights (In flight)	118,854	146,915	-19.10
Flight Using Rate per Day (In hour)	10.1	9.6	16.53
Volume of Passenger Transportation (In 10,000 person*times)	1,438	1,491	-3.55
Volume of Cargo & Mail Transportation (In 10,000 tons)	18.65	19.83	-5.95
Average Seating Rate (%)	78.5	80.11	-2.01
Average Loading Rate (%)	70.9	77.33	-8.32

1.3 Changes in the assets structure of the Company comparing with that of the previous year

Item	Percentage to the Total Assets (Increase/Decrease)	Causes for the Change
Cash in bank & on hand	-6.14%	Purchase fixed assets
Accounts payable	3.90%	Purchase fixed assets
Construction in progress	3.85%	Purchase new aircrafts
Accounts payable	1.83%	Repay the fuel
Long term loans	3.79%	Repay the loans

1.4 Changes in the financial data comparing with that of the previous year

			Monetary unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan
Item	Report Period	Previous Year	Increase/Decrease (%)
Financing Fee	648,227	811,487	-20.12
Asset Devalue Loss	615,590	8,146	7,456.96
Operating Profit	-1,683,539	559,467	-400.92

1.5 Operation results and performances of the holding subsidiaries

#### 1. China Xinhua Airlines Co., Ltd.

The registered capital of China Xinhua Airlines Co., Ltd is RMB 1.83 billion yuan; the business scope is approved air passenger and cargo transportation. In the report period, the principal business income is RMB 2.73 billion Yuan and the net profit is RMB -382.37 million Yuan. The Company holds 60% equity interests.



#### 2. Chang'an Airlines Co., Ltd.

The registered capital of Chang'an Airlines Co., Ltd. is RMB 754.39 million yuan; the business scope is air passenger and cargo transportation in Shanxi Province and its neighboring provinces. In the report period, the principal business income is RMB 1.23 billion Yuan and the net profit is RMB -98.29 million Yuan. The Company holds 87.35% equity interests.

#### 3. Shanxi Airlines Co., Ltd.

The registered capital of Shanxi Airlines Co., Ltd. is RMB 658.84 million yuan; the business scope is air passenger and cargo transportation in Shanxi Province and its neighboring provinces. In the report period, the principal business income is RMB 368 million Yuan and the net profit is RMB -77.84 million Yuan. The Company holds 93.21% equity interests.

#### 2. Prospect of the future development

#### 2.1 Development of aviation industry

In 2008 due to the serious natural disasters, international financial crisis and high fuel price, the domestic civil aviation market was badly affected. The total transportation volume, passenger volume and cargo volume decreased by 17.1%, 13% and 14.8% respectively. The passenger and cargo volume in international flight routes and Hong Kong and Macau routes both had negative growth.

In 2009 the international financial crisis will spread furthermore and the global aviation market will be cut down. According to the estimation of IATA, the global passenger and cargo transportation volume will decrease respectively by 3% and 5% in 2009 and the Asian-Pacific region is even worse. Under this background, the domestic air companies will also face great challenges. At the same time, positive issues appeared gradually. The fuel price and interest rate of foreign debts both dropped dramatically. The Chinese government implemented easy credit and monetary policies and strengthen its support towards the civil aviation industry. In general, the domestic civil aviation industry faces both challenges and opportunities in 2009.

#### 2.2 Business plan of 2009

In 2009 we will meet the 60th anniversary of the founding of the nation. The company will implement the guide line "Ensure Safety and Promote Development" of CAAC, improve the safety and operation quality, strengthen the adjustment of management system and promote the construction of service brand.

Target index in 2009:

Item	Number	Fluctuation
Turnover transportation volume	3.40 billion ton-kilometers	47.50%
Passenger volume	19.64 million person-times	37%
Cargo volume	284,200 tons	52%
Flying hours	366,700 hours	39%
Flight number	152,200 flights	28%
Safety	Accident and incident rate per 10 thousand hours: $\leq 0.1$ .	
Punctuality	Punctuality rate: Rank the first three in the industry.	

#### 2.3 Demand of capital and its utility

It's estimated that the capital of RMB 24.33 billion Yuan will be needed to achieve the operation target of 2009 which will be collected through bank loans, short-term financial certificates, assets securitization, etc. To insure the increase in transportation ability would be the major use of the capital.



#### 2.4 Analysis on risks

With the spread of international financial crisis, the domestic economy is also badly affected. As a result, the need of aviation market drops and business passengers decreases dramatically, which is the key negative issue the air companies faces. With the drop of the profit, the increase of the financing risks, air companies will face great challenges especially in financing environment.

The international oil price dropped from the highest 147 dollars in July 2008 to about 50 dollars in April 2009, decreasing by 66%. Influenced by this, the domestic aviation fuel price dropped from the highest 8750 yuan/ton in 2008 to 3960 yuan/ton at present, decreasing by 55%. As the market need of the oil is cut down due to the global financial crisis, it is expected the oil price will stay in a comparatively low level, which will help air companies cut down the fuel cost dramatically.

At the same time, the company will benefit from the easy monetary policies home and abroad. Introducing airplanes and related equipments, the company had much dollar liabilities, which interest is accounted by Libor. Influenced by financial crisis, the Libor interest rate has been a relatively low level in five year, which saved much financing cost for the company. According to the forecast from national department, the exchange rate of RMB will increase 1% to 2% in 2009, which benefits the profit of the company. In December 2008, CAAC informed to strengthen the support towards the domestic civil aviation industry from 10 aspects. All these help the company to safely pass the industry winter.

### **||. Investment of the Company**

	Monetary Unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan
Total investment amount in 2008	2,346,909
Increase/Decrease compared with last year	922,179
Fluctuation (%)	64.73

#### 1. Use of the collected capital

					SMonetary U	nit: RMB 100 million Yuan
Year Colle	ected Raisin	g Total Amount	Used Amount	Accumulated	Balance of the	Uses and Allocation
	Metho	d of Collected	of Collected	Used Amount	Collected Capital	of the Collected Capital
		Capital	Capital in	of Collected		Balance
			Report Year	Capital		
2006	Additional issuance	e 56	37.39	52.27	3.73	In order to secure the safety
						of the capital, it's been de-
						posited at the HNA Group
						Finance Company according
						to the requirement of the
						Shareholder and would be
						used to projects related.

According to the regulations of the Resolution of the 11th session of the 4th Board of Directors and the Resolution of the 2005 First Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, the collected capital would be use to buy minority equity, repay the bank loan, import aircraft, increase the transportation capacity and supplement the current capital of the Company. Currently, the purchasing of minority equity is carried out accordingly. Meanwhile, influenced by the financial crisis, the delivery of certain aircraft has been postponed. The Company would arrange the related payment according the progress of the above project and the exact time schedule of the aircraft importation.



#### 2. Introduction to non-collected capital

In the report period, there is no investment for non-collected capital.

## **III. Reasons for and Influence of Changes in Accounting Policy**

Before 2008, the Company accounted the encourage score of the frequent flight passenger in the incremental cost method and withdrawn preparation for the increased extra cost according to the encourage score which reached the rewarding standard. While the passenger exchanges the score or the score expires, it deducted from the withdrawn preparation. According to the regulations of the Notice on Accomplishing the 2008 Annual Report Preparation of the Enterprise Implementing the Accounting Standards (Cai Kuai Han [2008] No. 60) issued by the Ministry of Finance on December 26 of 2008, the Company started to settle the encourage score of the frequent flight passenger in the deferred income method from January 1 of 2008, that is to distribute the fare income between the income from labor service providing and fair value of the encourage score. The fare income after deducting the fair value of the encourage score would be confirmed as the income. The fair value of the encourage score would be confirmed as deferred income. While the passenger exchanged the score or the score expires, the amount previously confirmed as deferred income and related exchanged score would be confirmed as income.

The Company carried out retroactive adjustment to the accounting policy change. Following is its influence on the Shareholders' Equity of the Company and Consolidated Company on January 1 and December 31 of 2007, and 2007 Net Profit of the Consolidated Company and the Company:

		Monetary Unit: RMB 1,000 yuan		
Item	Shareholders' Equity	2007 Net	Shareholders' Equity	
	on January 1 of 2007	Profit	on December 31 of 2007	
Amount in 2007	7,781,843	708,326	8,435,434	
Influence of the accounting policy change	-76,997	-27,913	-104,910	
Amount after the retroactive adjustment	7,704,846	680,413	8,330,524	

## **IV. Routine Work of Board of Directors**

#### 1.Meetings of Board of Directors

1.1 On March 24, 2008, the 14th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on March 25, 2008

1.2 On April 28, 2008, the 15th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the First Quarter Report was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on April 29, 2008.

1.3 On May 8, 2008, the 16th session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on May 9, 2008.

1.4 On June 10, 2008, the 17th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on June 11, 2008



1.5 On June 19, 2008, the 18th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on June 20, 2008.

1.6 On July 18, 2008, the 19th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on July 19, 2008.

1.7 On July 29, 2008, the Temporary Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on July 30, 2008.

1.8 On Aug 29, 2008, the 20th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Aug 30, 2008.

1.9 On Sep 26, 2008, the 21th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Sep 27, 2008.

1.10 On Oct 15, 2008, the 22nd Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Oct 16, 2008.

1.11 On Oct 30, 2008, the 23rd Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, the Third Quarter Report was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Oct 31, 2008.

1.12 On Nov 11, 2008, the 24th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Nov 12, 2008.

1.13 On Dec 12, 2008, the 25th Session of the 5th Board Meeting of the Company was held, and the Resolution Announcement was published on China Securities News, Shanghai Securities News, Securities Times and Hong Kong Wen Wei Po on Dec 13, 2008.

2.Implementation of resolutions of the General Meeting of Shareholders

#### (1) Guarantee situation

On April 25, 2008, the Company held 2007 annual general meeting of shareholders, considered and approved the mutual guarantee limit of the company and its subsidiaries was RMB 3.5 billion yuan. In the report period, the actual occurred mutual guarantee accounted for RMB 1.59 billion yuan.

#### (2) Issuance of corporate bonds

On May 27, 2008, the Company held the 1st temporary general meeting of the shareholders, considered and approved The Proposal on Issuance of Corporate Bonds. The Company planned to issue corporate bonds no more than RMB 2.7 billion yuan and had obtained the approval of the Issuance Examination Committee of CSRC, but had not issued yet.

#### (3) Issuance of short-term Certificate

On Nov 28, 2008, the Company held the 3rd temporary general meeting of the shareholders, considered and approved the company to issue no more than RMB 2.7 billion yuan short-term certificate. The Company had not issued yet.



In 2008, the Company held five General Meeting of Shareholders including the Annual Meeting and four Temporary Meetings. The Board of Directors had mostly accomplished the tasks approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, such as finishing connected transactions, modifying articles of association, changing directors, etc.

#### 3.Summary Report of the Audit Committee under Board of Directors

The Audit Committee hears the report of management to annual operation in 2008 before entering of annual audit accountants and reviews the financial accounting statements prepared by the Company. The Audit Committee regards that the financial statements can reflect the financial situations and operation results of the Company objectively. After entering of annual certified accountants, the Audit Committee hears the time schedule and works arrangement of annual financial audit works of certified accountants. During the process of auditing, the Audit Committee keeps in touch with certified accountants and supervises and urges annual audit accountants to complete annual audit task with high quality according to predetermined plan. After annual audit certified accountants finishing audit draft, the Audit Committee reviews the financial statements of the Company for another time. The Audit Committee regards that the financial statements of the Company reflect the overall situation of the Company truly, accurately and completely and formed written comments. At the same time, the Audit Committee reviews and submits the summary report of auditing work of accounting firm for this year and comments for continuous employment of accounting firm. The Audit Committee regards that PricewaterhouseCoopers is one of the four international accounting firms and is a well-known firm globally. During annual audit service works in 2008, it well completed all the works consigned by the Company according to principles of independency, objectivity and fairness. Therefore, the Audit Committee suggests that the Company to employ PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Co., Ltd as annual auditing institution of 2009.

#### 4.Summary Report of the Remuneration Committee under Board of Directors

Within report term, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee under Board of Directors reviews the remuneration and appraisal system of the Company and remuneration distribution schemes of directors, supervisors and senior management personnel in 2008. The Remuneration Committee thinks that various business indexes of the Company has achieved better performance in 2008. The remuneration appraisal systems of the Company played a positive part. The Remuneration Committee totally agrees the remuneration appraisal systems of the Company. For remuneration distribution schemes of directors, supervisors and senior management personnel, the Remuneration Committee agrees to submit them to Board of Directors and Annual Shareholder's Meeting for discussion.

## VI. Preplans for Profit Distribution /Preplan for Capitalization of Capital Reserve

As In 2008, the net profit attributed to the shareholders of the Company accounted for RMB -1.42 billion Yuan. The profit distributions will not be carried out and the capital reserve will not be transferred into share capital.

			RMB million Yuan
Year	Amount of Cash Dividends (Tax Included)	Net Profit	Proportion
2007	0	651.39	-
2006	0	181.60	-
2005	0	-215.82	-

#### VII. Dividends Distributed in the Last Three Years

# **VIII.Report of Board of Supervisors**



## I. Works of Board of Supervisors

1. On Mar 24, 2008, the Company held the 8th Session of the 5th Board of Supervisors. During the meeting, the Report of the Board of Supervisors of 2007, the 2007 Annual Report of the Company and its Summary were discussed and passed.

2. On April 28, 2008, the Company held the 9th Session of the 5th Board of Supervisors. During the meeting, the 1st Quarter Report of the Company was discussed and passed.

3. On Aug 29, 2008, the Company held the 10th Session of the 5th Board of Supervisors. During the meeting, the Semi-annual Report of the Company was discussed and passed.

4. On Oct 30, 2008, the Company held the 11th Session of the 5th Board of Supervisors. During the meeting, the 3rd Quarter Report of the Company was discussed and passed.

# ||. Independent Opinion of Board of Supervisors on Legal Operation of the Company s

In the report period, the Company operated legally and efficiently according to the Company Law and the Articles of Association of the Company. The Internal Control System was further improved and the directors and seniors executives of the Company all fulfilled their responsibilities to protect the interest of the Company and shareholders according to related laws, regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.

# III. Independent Opinion of Board of Supervisors on Financial Condition of the Company

In the report period, the financial condition of the Company kept healthy. The financial report of 2008 can reflect the authenticity and completeness of the financial condition and operation results. PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian issued the standard unqualified Auditors' Report for the Company.

# IV. Independent Opinion of Board of Supervisors on Actual Investment of Latest Fund Collected

In the report period, the Company succeeded in making a private placement of 2.8 billion legal person shares and collected a total capital of RMB 5.6 billion Yuan. So far there is no change in the actual investment of the capital collected.

## V. Independent Opinion of Board of Supervisors on Purchasing and Selling Assets

In the report period, the pricing basis, transaction mode and procedures of consideration and vote of Company's purchasing and selling assets are legitimate without bringing harm to interests of the whole shareholders.

## VI. Independent Opinion of Board of Supervisors on Connected Transaction

In the report period, the connected transaction occurred with fair pricing and compliant procedures without bringing harm to the Company and whole shareholders.

# **IX. Significant Events**



## **1.Significant Lawsuit or Arbitration**

In the report period, no significant lawsuit or arbitration occurred.

## **2.Bankruptcy and Mergers**

In the report period, no bankruptcy and mergers occurred.

## **3.Other Significant Events and Explanation**

3.1 Investment in securities

In the report period, the Company had no investment in securities

3.2 Shareholding in other listed companies

Monetary Unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan

Stock code	Stock	Initial	Percentage of	Book value	Gains/Losses	Changes in	Accounting	Source
	abbreviationS	investment	shareholdings	at the end	during the	equity	title	of shares
		amount	(%)	of reporting	reporting period	attributable to		
				period		equity holders		
						during the		
						reporting period		
0696 C	China Travelsky	29,860	1.68	29,860	7,221	7,221	Long-term share	
							equity investment	

## **4.Asset Transaction**

#### 4.1 Assets Buying

#### Monetary Unit: RMB 1,000 Yuan

Transaction	Acquired	Date of	Price of	Net profit	Net profit	Related	Pricing	Whether	Whether	Net	Relationship
partner or	assets	purchasing	asset	contribution	contribution	transaction or	principle of	the property	the	profit	
final			acquisition	from the	from the	not (if it is,	asset	right of	involved	contributed	
controlling				purchasing	beginning of	please describe	acquisition	involved	creditor's	to the listed	
party				date to the end	the year to	the pricing		assets has	right and	company	
				of the year	the end of the	principle)		been	liability	by the	
					year (applicable			completely	has been	assets in	
					to the enterprise			transferred	completely	the total	
					merge under				diverted	profit (%)	
					same control)						
Beijing Guoru	i Guorui		1,907,100	0	0	No	Agreement	No	No	0	None
Xingye Real	Building						pricings				
Estate Co., Lto	d										
Beijing Yida I	E Sheng	Jun 30,	600,000	0	0	No	Market	No	No	0	None
Real Estate	yuan	2008					pricing				
Co., Ltd	Center										
Total			2,507,100								



4.2 Assets Selling

									Mon	etary Unit: RM	B 1,000 Yuan
Transaction	Sold	Date of	Price of	Net	Gains/	Related	Pricing	Whether	Whether	Net profit	Relationship
partner	assets	selling	selling	profit	Losses	transaction	principle	the property	the involved	contributed	
				contribution	from	or not (if it	of asset	right of	creditor's	to the listed	
				from the	selling	is, please	sale	involved	right and	company	
				selling		describe the		assets has	liability	by the assets	
				date to the		pricing	b	een completely	has been	in the total	
				end of the		principle)		transferred	completely	profit (%)	
				year					diverted		
HNA	Hainan	Jan 1,	4,330	0	19,889	Yes	Agreement	No	Yes	0	Shareholde
Group	Business	2008					pricing				
	Service										
	Co., Ltd										
Grand	Yunnan	April s23,	48,073	0	-773	Yes	Agreement	No	Yes	0	Shareholde
China Air	Lucky Air	2008					pricing				
	Co., Ltd										
Hainan	Beijing	Jun 5,	70,601		9,401	Yes	Agreement	No	Yes		Othe
Air Catering	Xinhua	2008					pricing				
Co., Ltd	Air Catering										
	Co., Ltd										
Total			123,004		21,536						





#### **5.Major Connected Transaction**

5.1 Connected Transaction Related to Daily Operation

Related party	Relationship	Type of	Content of	Pricing	Book value	Transaction	Proportion	Settling	3 1,000 Yuan Liquidation
Related party	Relationship	related	related	principle	of transferred	Amount	in the same	mode	method of
		transaction	transaction	of related	assets	Amount	type	mode	related
		transaction	uansaction	transaction	455015		transaction		transactions
				transaction			amount (%)		transactions
Haikou	Shareholder		Payment for	Determined		34,935	3	Banking	
Meilan			the set-off	by CAAC				transfer	
Airport			and landing	,					
Co., Ltd			fee						
Hainan	Other		Payment for	Determined		95,795	7	Banking	
Meilan			the set-off	by CAAC				transfer	
International			and landing	·					
Airport			fee and airport						
Co., Ltd			counter rentals						
Sanya Phoe	Other		Payment for	Determined		19,953	2	Banking	
nix Interna			the set-off	by CAAC				transfer	
ional Airport			and landing						
Co., Ltd			fee and airport						
			counter rentals						
Hainan Meiya	Other		Payment for	Market price/		542,341	10	Banking	
Industrial			aviation fuel	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd									
Hainan Pacific	Other		Payment for	Market price/		96,034	2	Banking	
Oil Industrial			aviation fuel	agreement prices				transfer	
Co., Ltd									
Hainan Haihang	Other		Payment for	Market price/		37,541	100	Banking	
Import & Export			importation	agreement				transfer	
Co., Ltd			commission	price					
			of aircraft						
			and aviation						
			materials						
Changjiang	Shareholder		Payment for	Market price/		96,098	10	Banking	
Leasing			rentals of	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd			aircraft and						
			aviation						
			materials						
Yangtze River	Other		Payment for	Market price/		54,077	6	Banking	
International			rentals of	agreement price				transfer	
Leasing			aircraft and						
Co., Ltd			aviation						
			materials						



Related party	Relationship	Type of Content of related	Pricing principle	Book value of transferred	Transaction Amount	Proportion in the same	Settling mode	Liquidation method of
		transaction transaction	of related	assets		type		related
			transaction			transaction		transactions
						amount (%)		
Hainan Air	Other	Payment for	Market price/		44,966	16	Banking	
Catering		air catering	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd								
Beijing	Other	Payment	Market price/		50,211	18	Banking	
Xinhua Air		for air	agreement price				transfer	
Catering		catering						
Co., Ltd								
HNA	Other	Interest income	Regulated		198,365	86	Banking	
Group		from fixed-	by People's				transfer	
Finance		period	Bank					
Co., Ltd		deposit						
Beijing	Other	Income from	Market price/		25,000	100	Banking	
Vigorous		advertisement	agreement price				transfer	
Vision								
Advertisement								
Co., Ltd								
Yangtze River	Other	Income from	Market price/		14,051	2	Banking	
Express		aircraft	agreement price				transfer	
Aviation		maintenance						
Co., Ltd								
Golden Deer	Other	Income from	Market price/		191,419	16	Banking	
Jet Co., Ltd		aircraft leasing	agreement price				transfer	
Yunnan	Other	Income from	Market price/		208,410	17	Banking	
Lucky Air		aircraft leasing	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd								
West Airlines	Other	Income from	Market price/		143,625	14	Banking	
Co., Ltd		aircraft leasing	agreement price				transfer	
Hong Kong	Other	Income from	Market price/		74,335	12	Banking	
Airlines		aircraft leasing	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd								
Hong Kong	Other	Sale agency	Market price/		2,511	1	Banking	
Express Airlines		of tickets	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd							Grand	
China Air	Holding	Income from	Market price/		390,192	19	Banking	
Co., Ltd	Shareholder	aircraft leasing	agreement price				transfer	
Grand China	Other	Income from	Market price/		717,173	65	Banking	
Air Express		aircraft leasing	agreement price				transfer	
Co., Ltd								

The above stated transactions are the necessary routine productive connected transactions. It does not affect the independence of the Company.



5.2 The accounts receivable and payable with related parties

			Monetary unit: RME	8 10,000 Yuan
Related Party	Capital	Provided	Capital Provided	to the Listing
	to the Re	elated Party	Company by the	Related Party
	Amount	Balance	Amount	Balance
	Occurred		Occurred	
Hainan Haihang Import & Export Company Limited	-5,490	14,510	-10,247	1,411
Changjiang Leasing Company Ltd			-24,532	6,031
Shenzhen Finance Leasing Company Limited	-2,400			
Hainan Provincial Aviation Import & Export Trade Company		639		
Haikou Hi-tech Risk Investment Company Limited		500		
Hainan Meilan International Airport Company Limited			-1,152	9,470
Hainan Meiya Industrial Company Limited			3,350	11,409
Hongkong Airlines Company Limited			-2,483	1,446
Goden Deer VIP Flight Company Limited			3,052	6,956
Hongkong Air Express Company Limited			886	2,834
Grand China Air Express Company Limited			9,564	22,292
Yangtze River International Leasing Company Limited			38,281	38,281
Grand China Airlines Company Limited			3,953	4,800
Yangtze River Air Express Company Limited			813	816
Yunnan Xiangpeng Airlines Company Limited			3,347	3,375
Haihang Group Finance Company Limited	2,295	9,607		
Haihang Hotel Company Limited			582	582
Yangteze River Property Group Company Limited	22	22		
Beijing Xinhua Airport Air Catering Company Limited			1,369	1,369
Yangtze River Investment Holding Company Limited	1,094	1,094	5,000	5,000
West Airlines Company Limited	2,966	2,966	5,588	5,588
Northwest HNA Property Group Company Limited			1,538	1,538
Others	698	2,038	-14,006	6,643
Total	-815	31,376	24,903	129,841

In the report period, the current sum of the Company's funds provided for its holding shareholder and shareholder's subsidiary companies is RMB 8,151,000 Yuan, and the balance of the Company's funds provided for its holding shareholder and shareholder's subsidiary companies is RMB 313,755,000 Yuan.

The Company has made allowance for bad debts for the accounts receivable of RMB 11,385 thousand Yuan of Hainan Aviation Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd and Haikou High-tech Risk Investment Co., Ltd. The other accounts of connected claim and debt are formed due to the daily operation.

## **6.Major Contracts and Performance**

#### 6.1 Trusteeship Situation

The Company had no trusteeship matter in 2008.



6.2 Contract-in Situation

The Company has no contract-in matter in 2008.

## 6.3 Leasing Situation

Lessee	Aircraft Type	Quantity	Monthly Rentals	2008 Yearly Rentals
	2008 Yearly Rentals	(In Flight)	(In USD 10,000)	(In RMB 100 million yuan)
Golden Deer Jet Co., Ltd	A319	5	53.00	1.40
Yunnan Lucky Air Co., Ltd	B737-700	5	50.00	1.58
West Air Co., Ltd	B737-300	4	30.00/40.00	1.18
Hong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd	B737-800	2	52.15	0.74
Grand China Air Co., Ltd	B737-400	1	25.00	0.11
	B737-800	4	50.00	1.29
Grand China Air Express Co.,	Ltd D328	29	14.50	3.44
	E190	7	29.40	0.69
	E145	2	29.39	0.20
Total	/	59	/	10.63

#### 6.4 Guarantee Situation

#### Monetary Unit: 1,000 RMB

Outside Guarantee of the Company (Guarantee for the Controlled Subsidiaries Not Included)										
Name of	GuaranteeDate	Guaranteed	Guarantee	Guarantee	Performance Status	Connected Party				
Guarantee	(signature date )	Amount	Туре	Term	(Yes or No)	Guarantee				
						(Yes or No)				
Total Guara	Total Guarantee in the Report Period									
Tota Balance	Tota Balance of Guarantee at the End of Report Period									
Guarantee of the Company for the Controlled Subsidiaries										
Total Guara	Total Guarantee in the Report Period									
Total Balance	ce of Guarantee at the	End of Report Pe	riod			1,590,000				
	Total Guara	ntee of the Compa	any (Including C	luarantee for the	e Controlled Subsidiaries	3)				
Total Amoun	nt of Guarantee					1,590,000				
Percentage of	of the Total Guarantee	e to the Net Assets	s of the Compan	у		23.85				
Incl.:										
Guarantee A	mount for the Shareh	olders, Actual Co	ntrollers and its	Related Parties		0				
Direct or Inc	lirect Debt Guarantee	for the Guarantee	ed Party Which	Assets-liability	Ratio is over 70%	0				
Guarantee A	Guarantee Amount which is over 50% of the Net Assets									
Total Amou	nt of Above Three Ite	ms				0				



6.5 Entrusted Financing

There was no entrusted financing in 2008.

6.6 Other important contract

There was no other important contract in 2008.

## **7.Execution of Commitment**



Commitment made by the Company or its shareholders who hold more than 5% equity of the Company during reporting period or lasting to the reporting period

Commitment	Content of Commitment	Performance
Share reform commitment	Grand China Air Co. Ltd undertakes, from the date of obtaining	Under performing
	listing circulating right, the shares of Hainan Airlines held by it	
	will not be transferred via stock exchange within 36 months.	

## 8.Appointment and Disappointment of Certified Public Accountants

Whether to change Certified Public Accountants	No
	Existing Certified Public Accountant
Name of domestic Certified Public Accountant	PricewaterhouseCoopers Co., Ltd

# 9. The Punishment and Rectifying of Listed Company, Its Directors, Supervisors, Senior Management, Shareholders and Actual Controller

9.1 On January 14, 2008, Hainan Securities Regulatory Bureau of China Securities Regulatory Commission issued Notice on Rectification within Time Limit of Hainan Airlines Co. Ltd to the Company. The Notice indicates the Company does not rectify the change of controlling shareholder through announcement in time. The Company has published the announcement on January 25, 2008 and the name of controlling shareholder has been changed from Xinhua Airlines Holdings Co., Ltd to Grand China Air Co. Ltd on September 10, 2007. Grand China Air Co. Ltd has obtained the airline operation license issued by Civil Aviation Administration of China on September 18, 2007.

9.2 According to China Securities Regulatory Commission's Notice on Issues Concerning Campaign to Strengthen Corporate Governance of Listed Companies and the document notice of Hainan Securities Regulatory Bureau of China Securities Regulatory Commission (Hainan Securities Regulatory Bureau (2008) No. 130), the Company further rectifies and implements the problems to be rectified in Self-check Report and Rectification Plan and Supplementary Announcement of Self-check Report published in 2007 and discloses The Description on Problems to be Rectified listed In Self-check Report of 2007 on July 30, 2008.



# **Report of Auditors**

(English Translation for Reference Only)

PwC ZT Shen Zi (2009) No.10053

#### TO THE SHAREHOLD OF HAINAN AIRLINES COMPANY LIMITED

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hainan Airlines Company Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the Group) which comprise the consolidated and the company balance sheets as at 31 December 2008, and the consolidated and the company income statements, the consolidated and the company cash flow statements and the consolidated and the company statements of changes in equity for the year then ended and notes to these financial statements.

#### I. Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises. This responsibility includes:

1) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;

2) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and

3) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### **II.** Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the China Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **III.** Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and the company financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group and the Company as of 31 December 2008, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Limited Company

Shanghai, China

29 April 2009

# **Financial Report**



## CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2008

(All amounts in RMB Thousand Yuan unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS	Notes 3	31 December 2008 The Group	31 December 2007 The Group	31 December 2008 The Company	31 December 2007 The Company
Current assets					
Cash at bank and on hand	8(1)	6,652,245	7,930,856	2,940,585	4,613,814
Accounts receivable	8(2), 16(1)	440,829	463,859	464,660	405,481
Advances to suppliers	8(3)	272,043	355,508	236,590	340,593
Interest receivable		96,069	73,118	2,755	48,225
Dividends receivable		2,271	2,271	2,271	2,271
Other receivables	8(2), 16(1)	150,568	366,652	525,493	914,864
Inventories	8(4)	255,336	261,838	251,787	252,017
Total current assets		7,869,361	9,454,102	4,424,141	6,577,265
Non-current assets					
Long-term investments	8(5), 16(2)	719,937	758,711	2,741,075	2,721,901
Investment properties	8(6)	172,302	-	172,302	-
Fixed assets	8(7)	23,706,223	19,377,612	17,911,519	14,769,764
Construction in progress	8(8)	10,217,872	6,891,808	9,068,384	5,729,218
Intangible assets	8(9)	237,133	282,940	125,129	150,070
Goodwill	8(10)	-	119,392		-
Long-term prepaid expenses	8(11)	188,912	258,136	137,147	167,840
Deferred tax assets	8(26)	-	52,149		28,389
Other non-current assets	8(12)	5,197,489	2,645,096	4,848,261	2,276,996
Total non-current assets		40,439,868	30,385,844	35,003,817	25,844,178
TOTAL ASSETS		48,309,229	39,839,946	39,427,958	32,421,443



## CONSOLIDATED AND THE COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2008 (CONTINUED)

(All amounts in RMB Thousand Yuan unless otherwise stated)

LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY	Notes	31 December2008 The Group	31 December 2007 The Group	31 December 2008 The Company	31 December 2007 The Company	
			1	1 5	1 5	
Current liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	8(13)	9,020,315	7,465,545	5,928,815	4,783,545	
Notes payable	8(14)	1,780,902	1,121,632	1,331,335	804,780	
Accounts payable	8(15)	4,278,765	2,801,545	5,235,559	3,920,405	
Advances from customers	8(16)	860,915	679,726	22,060	22,132	
Employee benefits payable	8(17)	139,034	120,318	71,918	71,627	
Taxes payable	8(18)	207,589	159,084	193,534	124,265	
Interest payable		85,003	65,474	71,136	56,281	
Dividends payable	8(19)	19,078	19,426	19,078	19,426	
Other payables	8(20)	2,286,642	1,404,273	1,581,099	789,793	
Current portion of non-current borrowing	8(21)	2,556,457	2,072,907	1,985,500	1,427,106	
Total current liabilities		21,234,700	15,909,930	16,440,034	12,019,360	
Non-current liabilities						
Long-term borrowings	8(22)	18,250,709	13,540,526	14,220,012	10,793,591	
Deferred revenue	8(23)	225,682	108,448	96,241	68,431	
Long-term payables	8(24)	1,880,832	1,844,562	1,529,595	1,431,098	
Special accounts payable		20,000	20,000	-	-	
Other non-current assets	8(25)	30,563	85,956	30,562	72,306	
Total non-current assets		20,407,786	15,599,492	15,876,410	12,365,426	
Total liabilities		41,642,486	31,509,422	32,316,444	24,384,786	
Owners' equity	0(07)	2 520 252	2 520 252	2 520 252	2,520,052	
Paid-in capital	8(27)	3,530,253	3,530,253	3,530,253	3,530,253	
Capital surplus	8(28)	3,854,143	3,854,143	3,850,886	3,850,886	
Surplus reserve	8(29)	169,098	169,098	169,098	169,098	
Undistributed profits / (Accumulated losses	)	(1,410,689)	13,659	(438,723)	486,420	
Total equity attributable to equity		6,142,805	7,567,153	7,111,514	8,036,657	
holders of the Company	8(20)	502 020	7(2) 271			
Minority interest	8(30)	523,938	763,371	- 7 111 514	- 0.026.657	
Total owners' equity		6,666,743	8,330,524	7,111,514	8,036,657	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND		48,309,229	39,839,946	39,427,958	32,421,443	
OWNER'S EQUITY						

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Person in charge of accounting function:

# **Financial Report**



## CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY INCOME STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

(All amounts in RMB Thousand Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Revenue 8(31), 16(3) 13,551,661 13,525,	81) (8,268,540) (6,608,160)
Less:Cost of sales 8(31), 16(3) (12,516,141) (10,590,9	
Tax and levies on operations         8(32)         (384,266)         (429,0)	20) (233,214) (253,059)
Selling and distribution expenses (587,175) (624,6	92) (380,306) (389,081)
General and administrative expenses (515,903) (514,7	70) (236,809) (250,636)
Finance expenses - net         8(33)         (648,227)         (811,4)	87) (298,474) (446,781)
Asset impairment losses 8(34) (615,590) (8,1	46) (367,663) (5,515)
Add: Investment income 8(35), 16(4) 32,102 13,2	8,131 4,392
Including: Share of profit of 3,346 5,4	3,309 1,453
associates and joint ventures	
Operating profit (1,683,539) 559,	467 (1,003,805) 447,629
Add: on-operating income 8(36) 160,337 131,	346 115,324 103,552
Less: Non-operating expenses8(36)(13,008)(5,3)	82) (8,273) (3,841)
Including: Losses on disposal (11,750) (1,9	34) (7,794) (1,564)
of non-current assets	
Total profit (1,536,210) 685,	(896,754) 547,340
Less: Income tax expenses 8(37) (52,195) (5,0	18) (28,389) (526)
Net profit (1,588,405) 680,-	413 (925,143) 546,814
Attributable to equity holders (1,424,348) 626,	355 (925,143) 546,814
of the Company	
Minority interest (164,057) 53,	
Earnings per share for the profit attributable	
to the shareholders of the Company during	
the year	
- basic 8(38) (0.40) 0	.17
- diluted 8(38) (0.40) 0	.17

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Person in charge of accounting function:



## CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

(All amounts in RMB Thousand Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Items	Notes	2008 The Group	2007 The Group	2008 The Company	2007 The Company
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash received from sales of goods or		13,763,337	13,858,919	8,765,183	9,045,488
rendering of services Cash received relating to other		1,044,378	1,643,090	833.467	446,178
operating activities		1,044,578	1,043,090	055,407	440,178
Sub-total of cash inflows		14,807,715	15,502,009	9,598,650	9,491,666
Cash paid for goods and services		(7,756,415)	(9,981,217)	(4,811,785)	(6,679,956)
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees		(1,149,279)	(790,213)	(572,267)	(499,521)
Payments of taxes and levies	0.000.00	(469,405)	(422,502)	(239,715)	(203,723)
Cash paid relating to other operating activities Sub-total of cash outflows	8(39)(f)	(1,736,856)	(1,398,971)	(1,088,600)	(485,946)
Net cash flows from operating activities	8(39)(a)	(11,111,955) 3,695,760	(12,592,903) 2,909,106	(6,712,367) 2,886,283	(7,869,146) 1,622,520
Net cash nows non operating activities	0(39)(a)	5,095,700	2,909,100	2,000,203	1,022,320
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash received from disposal of investments		48,073	36,751	500	28,666
Cash received from returns on investments		7,221	6,417	4,822	2,431
Net cash received from disposal of fixed assets,		721,513	1,338,255	522,447	599,026
intangible assets and other long-term assets		<i>co co o</i>		4.000	
Net cash received from disposal of subsidiary	8(39)(e)	68,630	-	4,330	-
Cash received relating to other investing activities Sub-total of cash inflows		217,526 1,062,963	115,983 1,497,406	161,883 693,982	62,737 692,860
Cash paid to acquire fixed assets, intangible assets		(8,508,552)	(6,262,257)	(6,911,110)	(5,614,666)
and other long-term assets		(0,500,552)	(0,202,237)	(0,911,110)	(3,014,000)
Cash paid to acquire investments		(10,000)	(4,362)	-	(4,362)
Net cash paid to acquire minority interest	9	(34,971)	(79,984)	(23,971)	(79,984)
Cash paid relating to other investing activities		(2,346,909)	(1,424,730)	(2,346,909)	(1,424,730)
Sub-total of cash outflows		(10,900,432)	(7,771,333)	(9,281,990)	(7,123,742)
Net cash flows from investing activities		(9,837,469)	(6,273,927)	(8,588,008)	(6,430,882)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Cash received from borrowings		19,131,453	14,345,836	13,451,447	12,093,849
Sub-total of cash inflows		19,131,453	14,345,836	13,451,447	12,093,849
Cash repayments of borrowings		(11,949,457)	(10,258,887)	(7,771,157)	(7,517,273)
Cash repayments of finance lease		(591,663)	(454,102)	(363,293)	(286,167)
Cash payments for interest expenses and distribution of dividends or profits		(1,859,282)	(1,064,440)	(1,331,637)	(839,813)
Sub-total of cash outflows		(14,400,402)	(11,777,429)	(9,466,087)	(8,643,253)
Net cash flows from financing activities		4,731,051	2,568,407	3,985,360	3,450,596
		1,701,001	2,000,107	2,200,000	0,100,000
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(27,208)	(18,955)	(23,867)	(18,901)
on cash and cash equivalents					
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8(39)(c)	(1,437,866)	(815,369)	(1,740,232)	(1,376,667)
Add: Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	8(39)(c) 8(39)(c)	7,440,802	8,256,171	4,240,420	5,617,087
Such and cash equivalents at beginning of year		.,	0,200,171	.,_ 10, 120	2,017,007
Cash and cash equivalent at end of year	8(39)(d)	6,002,936	7,440,802	2,500,188	4,240,420

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Person in charge of accounting function:



## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNER'S EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

(All amounts in RMB Thousand Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Items	Note	Attr Paid-in capital	ibutable to equity Capital surplus	holders of the Surplus reserves	e Company Undistributed profits	Minority interest	Total owners' equity
Balance at 31 December 2006		3,530,253	3,854,901	169,098	(544,475)	772,066	7,781,843
Changes in accounting policies	4	-	-	-	(68,721)	(8,276)	(76,997)
Balance at 1 January 2007		3,530,253	3,854,901	169,098	(613,196)	763,790	7,704,846
Movement for the year ended 31 December 2007							
Net profit		-	-	-	651,387	56,939	708,326
Changes in accounting policies	4	-	-	-	(24,532)	(3,381)	(27,913)
		-	-	-	626,855	53,558	680,413
Acquisition of minority interests		-	(758)	-	-	(53,977)	(54,735)
Balance at 31 December 2007		3,530,253	3,854,143	169,098	13,659	763,371	8,330,524
Movement for the year ended 31 December 2008							
Net loss		-	-	-	(1,424,348)	(164,057)	(1,588,405)
Acquisition of minority interests	9	-	-	-	-	(28,979)	(28,979)
Sale of subsidiary		-	-	-	-	(46,397)	(46,397)
Balance at 31 December 2008		3,530,253	3,854,143	169,098	(1,410,689)	523,938	6,666,743

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Person in charge of accounting function:



## COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNER'S EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

(All amounts in RMB Thousand Yuan unless otherwise stated)

Items No	te Paid-in capital	Capital surplus	Surplus reserves	Undistributed profits	Total owners' equity
Balance at 1 January 2007	3,530,253	3,850,886	169,098	(11,810)	7,538,427
Changes in accounting policies 4	-		-	(48,584)	(48,584)
Balance at 1 January 2007	3,530,253	3,850,886	169,098	(60,394)	7,489,843
Movement for the year ended 31 December 2007					
Net profit				563,123	563,123
Changes in accounting policies 4	-			(16,309)	(16,309)
				546,814	546,814
Balance at 31 December 2007	3,530,253	3,850,886	169,098	486,420	8,036,657
Movement for the year ended 31 December 2008					
Net loss			-	(925,143)	(925,143)
Balance at 31 December 2008	3,530,253	3,850,886	169,098	(438,723)	7,111,514

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal representative:

Person in charge of accounting function:

# **Financial Report**



#### 1.General information

Hainan Airlines Company Limited recognized from the former( "the Company'") was a joint stock limited company whose origins trace back to the formation of State Owned Hainan Airlines. The promoters of the Company comprised 24 legal enterprises, including the State owned company, China Everbright International Trust and Investment Co. Ltd, Hainan Branch, Bank of Communication, Hainan Aviation Import & Export Co., Ltd. ("Hainan Trading"), etc. The Company obtained its business license on 18 October 1993 and was named as "Hainan Airlines Company Limited". Its registered address is Haikou, Hainan province, P.R. China. Grand China Airlines Company Limited (hereinafter referred to "Grand China") is the parent company of the Company. The registered share capital was 250,100,000, and the total amount of shares was 250,100,000 with par share value 1.00 for each.

The scrip dividend for 1993 was approved by the resolution of the  $2^{nd}$  general meeting of shareholders held in March 1994. 50,020,000 shares were distributed and the total capital had increased to 300,120,000.

On 2 November 1995, the Company issued 100,040,001 shares to American Aviation LDC at a price of USD 0.25 per share with a par value of 1.00 each. The company was changed into a Sino-foreign joint stock company limited after the issuance of shares. Among the total raised fund USD 25,000,000 (equivalent to RMB 207,905,000), 100,040,001 was recognized as share capital and the remaining amount of 70,177,849.79 was recognized as capital reserve after deducting the related issuing expenses. The Company obtained a new business license in November 1996 after increasing its share capital stated above. Also its name has been changed to Hainan Airlines Company Limited and the registered capital was RMB 400,160,001.

On 26 June 1997, the Company issued 71,000 thousand B Shares at a premium price of USD 0.47 per share with a par value of 1.00 each. Among the total raised fund USD 33,370,000 (equivalent to 276,690,000), 71,000,000 was recognized as share capital and the remaining amount of 186,822,000 was recognized as capital reserve after deducting the related issuing expenses. Following the widely public issuance, the paid-in capital was remarkably raised to RMB471, 160,001 totally.

On 11 October 1999, the Company issued 205,000 thousand Ordinary Shares (A Shares) at an issue price of 4.6 Yuan per share with a par value of 1.00 each to the public. Among the total raised fund 943,000,000, 205,000,000 was recognized as share capital and the remaining amount of 708,745,226 was recognized as capital reserve after deducting the related issuing expenses. Following the issuance, the paid-in capital was remarkably raised to RMB676, 160,001 totally.

The B shares and A shares above went public at Shanghai Stock Exchange in 1997 and 1999 respectively.

In accordance with the profit appropriation resolution for year 1999 approved by the general meeting of shareholders on 18 May 2000, the Company distributed stock dividend at 0.8 shares per ten shares (on the basis of total number of shares 676,160,000) and cash dividend 1.00 (tax included) to all shareholders with total amount of RMB 54,092,800 and RMB 67,616,000 respectively. The share capital of the Company increased to RMB 730,252,801 thereafter.

The Company completed the entire issue proceeding at 2 Yuan RMB per share on June 29th, 2006, and raised 5,600,000,000 Yuan RMB in all. Among these, issues 1,650,000,000 shares to Grand China; 450,000,000 shares to Haikou Meilan International Airport Co., Ltd. ("Haikou Meilan").; 300,000,000 shares to Changjiang Leasing Co., Ltd. ("Changjiang Leasing"); 240,000,000 shares to Hainan Jiaxin Investment Management Co., Ltd. ("Hainan Jiaxin"); 150,000,000 shares to Sanya Phoenix International Airport Co., Ltd. ("Sanya Phoenix Airport"); 10,000,000 shares to Hainan Taiheng Industry Co., Ltd. Meanwhile, the Company 's capital stocks increased to 3,530,252,801.00 Yuan RMB after this directionally increasing issue and shares transfer. Therefore, Grand China became the biggest shareholders with 48.24% shares of the Company. The above-mentioned increasing issued shares have completed the capital changing registration procedure at China Securities Registration and Liquidation Company, Shanghai Branch at June 29, 2006.



On 24 July 2006 the Company went the share restructuring scheme. Under the scheme, the shareholders of the non-public shares offered the listed A share shareholders 122,746,062 shares of non-public shares, set as 3.3 per 10 listed A shares, in return for the conversion of the non-public shares into listed A shares on the registration date. After the allocation and reformation of shares, the Grand China tended to hold 48.24% shares of the Company. Since 20 September 2006, all company share free flow and restricted shares could be traded in the market after the lock up period, including 2,850,826,000 restricted shares, 679,427,000 free flow shares. On 8th October 2007, 727,786,000 shares out of 2,850,826,000 shares have converted into free flow shares and traded in the market. After this conversion, the total free flow shares are 2,123,040,000, and restricted shares are 1,407,213,000 within 1,222,490,000 A shares and 184,723,000 B shares.

In December 2006, Grand China received new equity investments of 8,917,118 shares held by Hainan Airlines Group Co. Ltd. ("HNA Group") in Hainan Airlines Company and 4,369,582 shares held by Hainan Qixing Industrial Investment Company Limited ("Hainan Qixing") in the Company. The registration of shares rights reformed had been terminated effective December 14, 2006. Proceeds from capital injection, the Grand China held 48.62% shares of the Company.

On 28 April 2007, Sanya Phoenix Airport and Hainan Airlines Industrial Holding Co. Ltd ("Hainan Industrial") reached "Shares Transfer Agreement" that will relocate to transfer 4.07% of shares in the Company, namely 143,808,150 shares, from the former to the latter. The registration of shares rights reformed had been terminated effective on August 3, 2007.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as "the Group" hereafter) are mainly engaged in Civil Aviation industry, with an approved scope of business including transporting domestic and international passengers, cargo and providing other related services.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the board of directors on 29 April 2009.

### 2.Basis of preparation

The Group adopted the Basic Standard and 38 specific standards of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises issued by Ministry of Finance on 15 February 2006, Application Guidance of Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises, Interpretation of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and other regulations issued thereafter (hereafter referred to as "the Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises", "China Accounting Standards" or "CAS").

Up to 31 December 2008, the net loss of the Group is about RMB1.4 billion, and the current liabilities exceed about RMB13.4 billion over current assets.

The Company's management have already taken positive steps in response, and continually seek to improve the financing channels of the Group's liquidity position. On the day when the financial report is approved, the unused credit line of the Group from the major banks and financial institutions is about 16.4 billion. Besides, the Group obtains new loans of about 6.2 billion from the banks and financial institutions. Based on past experience, the management believe that the credit period and the term of new loans may be extended to later years when necessary.

Hence, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group on a going concern basis.



3. Statement of compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

The consolidated and the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 truly and completely present the financial position of the Group and the Company as of 31 December 2008 and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

### 4. Changes in accounting policies

Before 2008, the Group adopted the incremental cost method to the frequent flyer bonus accounts, according to this method, the Group withheld provision to increase cost for the bonus up to par, when customers exchange bonus or the bonus became invalidated, the provision withheld should be deducted. According to the "Notice of the 2008 annual report of the companies implementing the new accounting standards" issued by the Ministry of Finance on 26 December 2008( Caikuai letter[2008]60), the Company turned to adopt the deferred revenue method to the bonus, that is, the tickets revenue deducting the fair value of bonus is recognized as deferred revenue. When customers exchange bonus or the bonus became invalidated, the deferred revenue relative with the bonus exchanged is recognized as income of the Company.

The Group takes the change above as changes in accounting policies and the comparative figures of the annual report have been retroactively adjusted and re-expressed. The influence of the accounting policy change on the interests of the shareholders and the net profit on 1 January, 2007 and December 31, 2007 of the Group and the Company are as follows:

The Group	1 January, 2007	2007	31 december,2007
	Owner's Equity	Net profit	Owner's Equity
Amount on the annual report 2007	7,781,843	708,326	8,435,434
Changes in accounting policies	(76,997)	(27,913)	(104,910)
Amount after retroactive adjustment	7,704,846	680,413	8,330,524
	1.1 2007	2007	21.1 1 2007
The Company	1 January, 2007 Owner's Equity	2007 Net profit	31 december,2007 Owner's Equity
			0 101 550
Amount on the annual report 2007	7,538,427	563,123	8,101,550
Amount on the annual report 2007 Changes in accounting policies	7,538,427 (48,584)	563,123 (16,309)	(64,893)



The affected items in the balance sheet on 31 December 2007 are as follows:

The Group	Before Adjustment	Adjustment	After Adjustment
Other payables	1,407,811	(3,538)	1,404,273
Deferred revenue	-	108,448	108,448
Undistributed profit	106,912	(93,253)	13,659
Minority interest	775,028	(11,657)	763,371
The Company	Before Adjustment	Adjustment	After Adjustment
Other payables	793,331	(3,538)	789,793
Deferred revenue	-	68,431	68,431
Undistributed profit	551,313	(64,893)	486,420

The affected items in the income statement on 31 December 2007 are as follows:

The Group	Before Adjustment	Adjustment	After Adjustment
Revenue	13,556,798	(31,451)	13,525,347
Cost of sales	10,594,519	(3,538)	10,590,981
Net profit	708,326	(27,913)	680,413
The Company	Before Adjustment	Adjustment	After Adjustment
Revenue	8,416,316	(19,847)	8,396,469
Cost of sales	6,611,698	(3,538)	6,608,160
Cost of sales	0,011,020	(- ) )	-,,

5.Summary of significant accounting policies and accounting estimates

(1)Accounting period

The Company's accounting year starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

(2)Recording currency

The recording currency is Renminbi (RMB)



### (3)Basis of measurement

Historical cost measurement is generally adopted unless the use of the fair value, net realizable value, present value and other measurement attributes is specially explained.

### (4)Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into RMB using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated into RMB using the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in profit or loss for the current period, except for those attributable to foreign currency borrowings that have been taken out specifically for the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated at the balance sheet date using the spot exchange rate at the date of the transaction. The impact of the exchange rate movements on the amount of cash are presented separately in the cash flow statement

### (5)Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash comprises cash in hand and deposits held at call with bank. Cash equivalents refer to short-term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (6)Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following categories at initial recognition: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, receivables, available-for-sale financial assets and held-to-maturity investments. The classification of financial assets depends on the Group's intention and ability to hold the financial assets.

#### (a)Receivables

Receivables, including Notes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable and other receivables, are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Group currently only includes accounts receivable and other receivables. The detailed accounting policy refers to Note 5 (7).

#### (b)Recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at fair value on the balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. In the case of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss for the current period. For other financial assets, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets are included in their initial recognition amounts. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial assets have expired, or all substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets have been transferred to the transferee.

The balances on accounts receivable should be measured by introducing timely and effective exchange rates to amortise costs.



### (c)Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses the carrying amount of a financial asset other than that at fair value through profit or loss at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired, the Group shall determine the amount of any impairment loss.

If an impairment loss on a financial asset carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). If there is objective evidence that the value of the financial asset recovered and the recovery is related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed and the amount of reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

### (7)Receivables

Receivables comprise accounts receivable and other receivables. Accounts receivable arising from sale of goods or rendering of services are initially recognized at fair value by the Group in accordance with the consideration receivable from the buyer under contract or agreement. Receivables are presented at amortised cost using the effective interest method net of provision for bad debts.

Receivables that are individually significant are subject to individual impairment assessment, if there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect the full amounts according to the original terms, a provision for impairment of the receivable is established at the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

Receivables that are not individually significant together with those receivables that have been individually evaluated for impairment and found not to be impaired are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. The impairment losses for the current year are determined, considering the current conditions, on the basis of historical loss experience for the groups of receivables with the similar credit risk characteristics.

#### (8)Inventories

Inventory comprises mainly aviation consumables, aviation on-board supplies and low value consumables, and. The aviation consumables are presented at planned price, and the difference between planned price and actual cost is considered as 'Materials Cost Variance'. The aviation on-board supplies and low value consumables are recognized at actual cost.

Aviation consumables are initially charged to cost of sales at planned price when put into use. While at month ends, an overall "Materials Cost Variance" is computed, and relevant adjustment will be made to cost of sales accordingly.

Aviation on-board supplies and low value consumables are charged to cost at actual price. Cost of aviation on-board supplies is determined using the weighted average method; whereas low value consumables are amortized in straight-line method, except for uniform, which is amortized in fifty-fifty method.

Provisions for declines in the value of inventories are determined when the carrying value of the inventories is higher than their net realizable value. Generally provisions are accrued on individual basis. However, it is very probable that a great amount of inventories items are of similar nature and usage, and are produced and sold in the same region, making it extremely difficult or inefficient to distinguish the items from one another. In that case, provisions can be accrued collectively. As for inventories of large quantity but lower unit price, the provision can be determined by particular category. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs to completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale and relevant taxes.

The Group adopts the perpetual inventory system.



(9)Long-term equity investments

Long-term equity investments comprise the Company's equity investments in its subsidiaries, the Group's equity investments in its joint ventures and associates as well as the long-term equity investments where the Group does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investees, and which are not quoted in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured.

#### (a)Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group is able to control, i.e. has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their operating activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights derived from the convertible bonds and warrants that are currently convertible or exercisable are considered when assessing whether the Group has control over the investee entity. The Company accounts for investments in subsidiaries using the cost method in its individual financial statements, and makes the appropriate adjustments using equity method when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Under the cost method of accounting, long-term equity investments are measured at the initial investment cost. Investment income is recognised when the investees declare cash dividends or profit distribution. Investment income is recognised only to the extent of the distributions received from accumulated profits of the investees arising after the investment was made. Cash dividends or distributions received in excess of such profits are regarded as a recovery of the initial cost of the investments.

#### (b)Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence on their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are initially measured at the actual costs and subsequently accounted for using the equity method. Where the initial investment cost exceeds the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, the excess is included in the initial investment cost. Where the initial investment cost is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, the difference is included in profit or loss for the current period and the cost of the long-term equity investment is adjusted accordingly.

When using the equity method of accounting, the Group recognised the investment income based on its share of net profit or loss of the investee. The Group discontinues recognising its share of net losses of an investee after the carrying amount of long-term equity investment together with any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the investor's net investment in the investee are reduced to zero. However, if the Group has incurred obligations for additional losses and the conditions on recognition of provision are satisfied in accordance with the accounting standard on contingencies, the Group continues recognising the investment losses and the provision. Under the circumstance that the Group's proportion of shareholding in an investee remains unchanged, the Group shall record directly in capital surplus its share of the changes in the investee's owner's equity other than those arising from net profit or loss. The carrying amount of the investment is reduced by Group's share of the profit or cash dividends declared by an investee. The profits or losses arising from the intra-group transactions between the Group and its investees are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees, on the basis of which the investment income or losses are recognised. The Loss on the intra-group transaction between the Group and its investees, of which the nature is asset impairment, is recognised in full amount, and the relevant unrealised gain or loss is not allowed to be eliminated.



(c)Other long-term equity investments

Other long-term equity investments where the Group does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee, and which are not quoted in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are accounted for using the cost method.

### (10)Acquisition of minority interest

As for the acquisition of minority interest before 7 August 2008, in the consolidated balance sheet, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are reflected as the amount of the continuous account from the acquisition date. The difference between the newly-acquired long-term equity investment and the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the invested company on the acquisition date (recognized according to share percentage held by the Company) are recognized as the goodwill in the consolidated balance sheet. The difference between the newly-acquired long-term equity investment and the identifiable net assets recognized according to new share percentage since the acquisition date, except the goodwill, should be used to adjust the capital surplus in the consolidated balance sheet. If the capital surplus can't afford the difference, then the retained earnings should be adjusted in succession.

As for the acquisition of minority interest after 7 August 2008, in the consolidated balance sheet, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary are reflected as the amount of the continuous account from the acquisition date. The difference between the newly-acquired long-term equity investment and the identifiable net assets of the invested company (recognized according to share percentage held by the Company) should be used to adjust the capital surplus in the consolidated balance sheet. If the capital surplus can't afford the difference, then the retained earnings should be adjusted in succession.

#### (11)Investment real estates

The investment real estates refer to the buildings and the land use rights for rent, with initial measurement of cost. The relative subsequent expenditures should be recognized as part of the asset cost when the economic benefits associated with the asset will probably flow to the Group and its cost can be reliably measured, or should be recognized in profit or loss in the period which it is incurred.

The cost model is used for the subsequent measurement.

	Estimated useful lives	Estimated residual value	Annual
			Depreciation rate
Buildings	40 years	5%	2.375%
Land use rights	50 years	0%	2%

If the use of the investment real estates changes to self-use, the investment real estates should be recognized ad the fixed assets or the intangible assets from the change date. If the self-use real estates are used to earn rent or capital gain, the fixed assets or intangible assets should be recognized as the investment real estates from the change date. The book value before changing is taken as the entry value.

When the investment real estates are disposed or perpetually out of commission, and no economic benefits are gained from the disposition, the assets are no longer recognized as the investment real estates.



### (12)Fixed assets

Fixed assets comprise plants and buildings, aircrafts and engines, high-price rotable spares, motor vehicles, and machinery and equipment. Fixed assets purchased or constructed by the Group are initially measured at cost at the time of acquisition.

Subsequent expenditures incurred for a fixed asset are included in the cost of the asset when it is probable that economic benefits associated with the fixed asset will flow to the Group and its cost can be reliably measured. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognised.

All other subsequent expenditures are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives. For the fixed assets being provided for impairment loss, the related depreciation charge is prospectively determined based upon the adjusted carrying amounts over their remaining useful lives.

The estimated useful lives, the estimated residual values expressed as a percentage of cost and the annual depreciation rates are as follows:

	Estimated useful lives	Estimated residual value	Annual
			Depreciation rate
Plant and buildings	40 years	5%	2.375%
Aircraft and engines	10-20 years	5%	4.75% to 9.5%
Motor vehicles	10 years	5%	9.5%
High-price aviation rotables	10-15 years	5%	6.33% to 9.5%
Machinery and equipment	8-14 years	5%	6.78% to 11.875%

The estimated useful life, the estimated net residual value of a fixed asset and the depreciation method applied to the asset are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate at least at each financial year-end.

A fixed asset classified as an asset held for sale is presented at the lower of the carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell. An excess of the original carrying amount over the fair value less the costs to sell is as accounted for as an asset impairment loss.

The carrying amount of a fixed asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The amount of proceeds on sale, transfer, retirement or damage of a fixed asset net of its carrying amount and related taxes and expenses is recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

### (13)Construction in progress

Construction in progress is measured at actual cost. The actual cost comprises construction costs and other costs necessarily incurred to bring construction to get ready for its intended use. Borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization are capitalized as part of the cost of assets until the assets are ready for their intended use. Construction in progress is transferred to fixed assets when the assets are ready for their intended use, and depreciation begins from the following month



### (14)Intangible assets

Intangible assets here stand for land use rights, which are measured at actual cost.

Land use rights are amortised on the straight-line basis over the period of the land use rights of 40~50 years. If it is impracticable to allocate the amount paid for the purchase of land use rights and buildings between the land use rights and the buildings on a reasonable basis, the entire amount is accounted for as fixed assets.

The estimated useful life and amortization method for an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate at each financial year-end.

#### (15)Goodwill

The excess of the cost of a business combination involving enterprises not under common control over the interest in the fair value of the acquirees' identifiable net assets acquired in the business combination at the acquisition date should be recognized as goodwill.

#### (16)Long term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses incorporate the direct costs in relation to modifying and certifying certain operating leased or financial leased aircrafts, costs on pilot recruiting and training, expenses on improvement and enhancement of operating leased fixed assets, and assured expenses that the amortization period is over one year. Long term prepaid expenses are amortized on basis of benefit period while they are recorded as net amount in the statement when accumulated amortization is deducted from actual expense.

#### (17)Impairment of long-term assets

Fixed assets, construction in progress, intangible assets with limited operating life, investment real estates under cost measurement, long-term equity investment of associated company, and other non- current assets are tested for impairment if there is any indication that an asset may be impaired at the balance date. If the result of the impairment test indicates that the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, a provision for impairment and an impairment loss are recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. A provision for asset Impairment is determined and recognized on an individual asset basis. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of the group of assets to which the asset belongs is determined. A group of assets is the smallest group of assets that is able to generate independent cash inflows.

Goodwill that is separately presented in the financial statements is tested for impairment annually at least, irrespective of whether there is any indication that the assets may be impaired.

Once an impairment loss of these assets is recognized, it is not allowed to be reversed, even if the value of such asset is recovered in the subsequent periods.



(18)Borrowing costs

The borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of a fixed asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time for acquisition and construction to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset only when capital expenditures for the asset and borrowing costs have been incurred, and the activities of acquisition and construction necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use have commenced. The capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when the asset under acquisition or construction becomes ready for its intended use, the borrowing costs incurred thereafter are recognized in profit or loss for the current period. Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended during extended periods in which the acquisition or construction of a fixed asset is interrupted abnormally and the interruption lasts for more than 3 months, until the acquisition or construction is resumed. Other borrowing costs are recognized as finance expenses during the current period when occurred.

The borrowing costs of the Group which can be directly attributed to purchasing the assets, should be capitalized and included in the cost of related assets.

Other borrowing costs except the above are recognized as the finance expenses when occurred.

During the capitalization period, the Group identified the amount of capitalized interest cost in accordance with each accounting period as the following methods:

(a) The specific borrowings satisfying the requirements of capitalization constructing or production of any qualifying assets are recognized as interest expenses incurred for specific borrowings

Against interest receivables incurred for unused loan or investment income/loss incurred for temporary investment.

(b) On the other hand, the common borrowings satisfying the requirements of capitalization applies the value, which is equal to weighted average of excess assets payout between cumulative assets payout and assets payout of specific borrowings multiplied by capitalization rate of the common borrowings, to calculate the exact value of capitalized interest of the common borrowings. The capitalization rate depends upon the weighted average rate of the common borrowings.

Nevertheless, the total amount of capitalization should not exceed aggregate interest expenses of current borrowings.

### (19)Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently stated at amortized costs using the effective interest method. Borrowings that will be repaid within 12 months (12 months included) after the balance sheet date are classified as the short-term borrowings, and the others are the long-term borrowings.

### (20)Employee benefits

Employee benefits mainly include wages or salaries, bonuses, allowances and subsidies, staff welfare, social security contributions, housing funds, labor union funds, employee education funds and other expenditures incurred in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Employee benefits are recognized as a liability in the accounting period in which an employee has rendered service, and as costs of assets or expenses to whichever the employee service is attributable.



#### (21)Anticipation liabilities

Matters that have occurred lead to assume some current obligations, and the performance is likely to lead to the outflow of its economic interests, when the amount of the obligation can be a reliable measurement, the obligations should be recognized as the anticipation liabilities.

Anticipation liabilities take initial measurement according to the best estimate of performing the current obligations, with relative risk, uncertainty, and the time value of currency, etc. to be considered. If the influence of the time value of currency is powerful, the estimated amount should be confirmed by the present value of the future cash flow. The amount increase in the book value of liabilities because of the discount over time should be recognized as interest expense.

At the balance date, the book value of anticipation liabilities should be checked and adjusted to reflect the best estimation.

#### (22)Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are calculated and recognized based on the differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount (temporary differences). The deductible losses that can be carried forward to deduct the taxable profit in subsequent years in accordance with the tax law are regarded as the temporary difference and for which a deferred tax asset is recognized. A deferred tax liability is not recognized for a temporary difference arising from the initial recognition of goodwill. For the temporary differences resulting from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (or deductible loss), the resulting deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. At the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and deductible losses and tax credits to the extent that it is probable that the Group's future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, deductible losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference, and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities which meet the following conditions at the same time can be listed as the net amount after offset:

(a) Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are related with the same taxpayer and imposed by the same tax administration.

(b) The Group is entitled to settle its tax assets and tax liabilities with the net amount.

#### (23)Revenue recognition

The amount of revenue is determined in accordance with the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, rebates, discounts and returns.



Revenue is recognized when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below.

#### (a)Services

(i)Traffic revenues

Passenger, charter flight and cargo revenues are recognised as traffic revenues when the transportation services are provided. The value of sold but unused tickets is included in the current liabilities as sales in advance of carriage.

#### (ii) Other sales

Other sales include aircraft leasing income, refund fee income, ground services income, commission income, and other air transport related business income; such income should be confirmed at the time of providing the services. Commission income is the commission collected by the Group's agent for booking tickets of other airlines, which should be confirmed when the tickets are sold.

#### (b)Frequent flyer bonus

The Group Executive Jinpeng Club Frequent Flyer Reward Flight Plan and club members can use the reward points accumulated for reward flight. According to the Group's frequent flyer reward point's policy, when visitors' accumulated points reach a certain standard, they can exchange for free tickets. The Group adapts the deferred revenue method to the bonus, that is, the tickets revenue deducting the fair value of bonus is recognized as income, the fair value of bonus is recognized as deferred revenue. When customers exchange bonus or the bonus became invalidated, the deferred revenue relative with the bonus exchanged is recognized as income of the Company.

(c)Use by others of enterprise assets

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Lease income from an operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

### (24)Leases

A finance lease is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

#### (a)Assets acquired under operating lease

Operating lease rental income and expenses are recognized into the profit or loss in the current period with the straight-line method over the lease term

#### (b)Assets leased out under operating lease

Lease rental income is recognized in the straight-line method over the lease term. Leases initial direct costs should be capitalized if the amount is large, and confirmed into the in the current profit or loss in accordance with the same basis as rental income during the lease period; small amount should be recognized directly into the current expenses. Contingent rent should be recognized only when it actually occurs.



#### (c)Assets acquired under finance lease

The lower between the fair value of the leased asset and the minimum present value of lease payments, should be recognized as the book value of assets recorded, and the difference between the book value and the minimum present value of lease payment is recognized as unconfirmed finance cost and should be amortized by the real interest rate method in the lease term. The balance of minimum lease payments minus the unconfirmed finance cost is recognized as long-term payables in the balance sheet.

#### (d)Sale-leaseback

If the sale-leaseback is recognized as finance lease, the difference between sale price and book value should be deferred, and amortized as the adjustment of depreciation in accordance with the depreciation process.

If the sale-leaseback is recognized as operating lease, the difference between sale price and book value should be recognized into the current income statement when there is conclusive evidence that the sale- leaseback transaction is reached in accordance with the fair value. If the sale- leaseback transaction isn't reached in accordance with the fair value, the shortfall between the fair vale and the sale price should be recognized as a loss in the current period. But if the loss will be compensated by the shortfall between the sale price and the future lease payment, it should be deferred, and amortized in accordance with rent expenses confirmation during the estimated service life of the assets. If the sale price is higher than fair value, the difference should be deferred and amortized during the estimated service life of the assets.

#### (25)Daily maintenance and overhaul costs

Daily maintenance and overhaul costs should be recognize in the current income statement when it occurs.

The overhaul costs of the aircraft and engine from purchase and finance lease, which accord with the conditions of fixed assets confirmation, should be regarded as aircraft and engine replacement parts for capitalization, and be depreciated by the straight-line method or by the flight-hour workload method during the expected overhaul period. The estimated costs under the appointed overhaul which occur at the termination of the operating lease should be accrued as overhaul provision by the straight-line method during the lease term. Other overhaul costs should be recognized into the current income statement when they occur.

#### (26)Government grants

Government grants are monetary or nonmonetary assets acquired without consideration by the Group from the government. Grants from the government are recognised at the amount received or should received when there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to revenue should follow the rules: Grants to compensate the Group's related expenses or loss in the following periods should be recognized as deferred revenue, and Included in current profit and loss when the related expenses or loss are recognized. Grants to compensate the Group's past expenses or loss should be recognized directly included in current profit and loss.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.



(27)Profit distribution

Proposed profit distribution is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Board of Directors.

(28)Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The scope of consolidated financial statements includes the Company and its subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. Significant Inter-company balances, transactions and unrealised gain on transactions between group companies are eliminated. The portion of a subsidiary's equity that is not attributable to the parent is treated as minority interest and presented separately within owners' equity in the consolidated balance sheet.

When preparing the consolidated financial statements, if the accounting policies and the accounting period of a subsidiary are different from those of the Company, the Company will make necessary adjustments to the financial statements of the subsidiary in accordance with the Company's accounting policies.

When preparing the consolidated financial statements, for a subsidiary acquired in a business combination involving enterprises not under common control, its financial statements are adjusted based on the fair value of identifiable net assets at the acquisition date; for a subsidiary acquired in a business combination involving enterprises under common control, the assets, liabilities, operating results and cash flows of the subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the beginning of the earliest period of the reporting period, as if the business combination had incurred at the beginning of the earliest period of the reporting period. In addition, the subsidiary's

Net profit earned before the acquisition date is separately presented in the consolidated income statement.

### (29)Segment reporting

Business segment is the component part of the Group which can be differentiable and provide individual or group of related products or services, and assumes the risks and rewards different from the other component parts. Business segment is the component part of the Group which can be differentiable and provide products or services in a specific economic environment, and assumes the risks and rewards different from the other component parts in other economic environment.

The Group is principally in the provision of passenger transport in China and operates a single business; it is not listed in segment reporting.

#### (30)The determination of the fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument that is traded in an active market is determined at the quoted price in the active market. The fair value of a financial instrument for which the market is not active is determined by using a valuation technique. Valuation techniques include using recent market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis. When a valuation technique is used to establish the fair value of a financial instrument, the valuation technique is whenever possible incorporate factors that market participants would consider, and less relies on the Group's entity-specific factors.



(31)Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Group continually evaluates critical estimates and key assumption based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The following significant accounting estimates and the existence of the key assumptions would lead to significant risk factors of adjustments in the book value of assets and liabilities in the next fiscal year:

(a) Accounting estimates of impairment provision of fixed assets

The Group make impairment testing for the fixed assets which show signs of impairment at the end of each year, and the recoverable amount of assets group and portfolio should be determined by the higher between the net values of fair value of assets minus disposal costs and the present value of expected future net cash flow. As the calculation of present value of future cash flows needs judgements and assumptions (note 8 (7)), and if the management revised these judgements and assumptions, the provision amounts for impairment of fixed assets may change.

#### (b)Accounting estimates of impairment provision of goodwill

The Group make impairment testing for goodwill at the end of each year, and the recoverable amount of goodwill group and portfolio should be determined by the use value The calculation of use value needs judgements and assumptions (note 8 (10)). If the management revised these judgements and assumptions, the provision amounts for impairment of goodwill may change.

#### (c)Income taxation

Whether to recognize deferred income tax assets generated by the tax losses depends largely on the management's judgement on the possibility if adequate taxable income can be obtained to offset the losses and tax deductions in the future period. Calculation of the amount of future taxable income needs a huge amount of judgments and estimates, and the tax planning strategies and overall economic environment should be taken into account Different judgments and estimates will affect the recognition of deferred income tax assets and the amount.

### (d)Depreciation of replacement parts related with aircraft and engine overhaul

The replacement parts, related with aircraft and engine overhaul from purchase and finance lease, are depreciated according to the estimated costs of repair and overhaul of the time interval between the flight hours or flight depreciation cycle, the estimate is based on the same or similar models of the past aircraft and engine overhaul of the flight and carried out by historical experience. Different estimates may affect the amount of depreciation impact current profit and loss.

(e)Overhaul provision for surrender of tenancy of aircraft and engine operating lease

Overhaul provision for surrender of tenancy of aircraft and engine operating lease is the estimated expenses when the lease terminates. This needs to estimate the projected flying hours, flight cycles, and the surrender of tenancy overhaul time interval that may occur when the estimated repair costs. These estimates, to a large extent, depend on the termination experiences of the same or similar aircraft and engine models in the past, the actual cost of the overhaul, as well as the use of aircraft and engine of the historical data. Different judgments or estimates of the surrender of tenancy overhaul are expected to have a major impact on provisions



(f)Fair value of frequent flyer bonus

The fair value of frequent flyer bonus is primarily on the basis of the ticket exchange rate and air ticket price. Ticket exchange rate is estimated based on historical experience and projections for the future, and ticket price is estimated with reference to the average price at the end of the year. The uses of different exchange rates and ticket prices have a significant impact on the fair value of frequent flyer bonus.

### 6.Taxation

### (1)Enterprise income tax

On 16 March 2007, National People's Congress passed the "People's Republic of China Enterprise Income Tax Law" ("New Income Tax Law"), and the new law comes into effect since January 1, 2008. The Company is established in the Special Economic Zone of Hainan Province. After the implementation of the new income tax law, the Company's enterprise income tax rate gradually transit to25% in 5 years from 2008 to 2012. In current year applicable enterprise income tax rate is 18%.

The rates of enterprise income tax applicable to the Group's main subsidiaries during the current year are set out below:

Company name	rate	Taxable basis& preference reasons
Hainan Golden-Deer Aviation Sales Co. Ltd		
Human Golden Deer Hviation Sules Co. Etd.		
("Golden-Deer")	18%	Special Economic Zone of Hainan Province
China Xinhua Airlines Co. Ltd. ("Xinhua Airlines")	25%	Taxable income
Chang'an Airlines Co. Ltd. ("Chang'an Airlines")	25%	Taxable income
Shanxi Airlines Co. Ltd. ("Shanxi Airlines")	25%	Taxable income
Shanxi Chang'an Hainan Aviation Star Hotel Co., Ltd.		
("Chang'an Star")	25%	Taxable income
Xi'an Aviation Real Estate Co., Ltd("Xi'an Real Estate")	25%	Taxable income

### (2)Business tax

The applicable corporate tax rates of the Group for the main business income and handling charge income are 3% of main business income and handling charge income. In addition, the applicable corporate tax rate for other operation sales is 5% of other operation sales.

According to the Notice "The airline fuel surcharge to be exempted from business tax" (taxation [2008] 178), issued by the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation of Taxation, People's Republic of China on December 29, 2008, since January 1, 2008 until December 31, 2010, it's approved for domestic airlines to collect the fuel surcharge exempt from business tax.

#### (3)Value added tax

In accordance with relevant state regulations, the imported aircraft and engines, high-price aviation retable, other aviation equipment and aviation equipments sent abroad for maintenance of the Group, are in need for value-added tax on imports, and the approved VAT rates are 4% and 17% respectively.



According to "in 2005 the Ministry of Finance on the operation of international air routes to Hong Kong and Macao routes imported domestic airline maintenance equipment by air to inform the

tax issues" (fiscal tariff issued [2004] No. 63), issued by the Ministry of Finance People's Republic of China on December 29, 2004, it is approved that, by the approval of the State Council, since January 1, 2005, the imported aircraft and engine (including parts and components sent to foreign maintenance) used by the domestic airlines on international routes to Hong Kong and Macau routes for maintenance, are exempted from import tariffs and value-added tax on imports.

### (4)Tax for maintaining and building cities

The Company and its subsidiary, Golden-Deer, are exempted from tax for maintaining and building cities, and other subsidiaries of the Company enjoy the applicable rate of 7%.

### (5)Educational Surcharges

The Company and its subsidiary, Golden-Deer, are exempted from educational surcharges, and other subsidiaries of the Company enjoy the applicable rate of 3% on the basis of taxable business taxes.

### 7.Subsidiaries

(1)Mergers of non-identical control enterprises and other subsidiaries:

	Place of Registration	Registered Capital	Scope of Business	Share-holding Percent	% voti held b	ing right y the
					Com	pany
Name of Investee Comp	any				Direct	Indirect
Golden-Deer	Haikou	RMB 8,000,000	Transportation and	95%	95%	-
			chartered flight agency			
			services			
Xinhua Airlines	Beijing	RMB 1,830,000,000	Approved air passenger60%	60%	-	
			and cargo transportation			
Chang'an Airlines	Xi'an	RMB 754,390,000	Air passenger and cargo	87.35%	87.35%	-
			transportation in Shanxi			
			province and its			
			surrounding provinces			
Shanxi Airlines (a)	Shanxi	RMB 658,840,000	Air passenger and cargo	93.21%	46.29%	53.71%
			branch line transportation			
			in Shanxi province and			
			its surrounding provinces			
Chang'an Star (b)	Xi'an	RMB 25,000,000	Hotel and catering, commodity	,		
			costume sales, typing and other	r 100%	-	100%
			office services.			
Xi'an Real Estate ?	Xi'an	RMB 30,000,000	Development & Sale of real	100%	-	100%
			estate; scheme and managemen	nt		
			for industry & civil construction	n		
			projects			



(a) As in March 2008, the Company acquired 3.03% shares of Shanxi Airlines from the third party, Shanxi Aviation Industry Company ("Shanxi Aviation Industry") (note9).

(b) As in January 2008, the subsidiary of the Company, Chang'an Airlines, acquired 20% shares of Chang'an Star from the third party, Chang'an Aviation Industry Company ("Chang'an Aviation Industry") (note9).

(c)As in January 2008, the subsidiary of the Company, Chang'an Airlines, acquired 20% shares of Xi'an Real Estate from the related party, Haihang Hotel Group co. Ltd. ("Haihang Hotel Group") (note9).

(2)Subsidiaries no longer included in the scope of the merger on December 31, 2008:

Name of the	Location of	Registered	Nature of Business	the Con	npany's	the C	ompany's
invested	Incorporation	Capital	and Scope of Operation	Share of	f Equity		Share of
organization						Equ	uity with
						vot	ing right
				Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect
Hainan Airlines VIP	Haikou	USD 1,020,408	Agency for aircraft charter	51%	-	51%	-
Flight Service Co., Ltd.							
("VIP Company") (a)							
Beijing Xinhua Air	Beijing	RMB 120,000,000	Manufacturing and sales	-	51%	-	51%
Catering Co., Ltd.			for food and drinks				
("Xinhua Catering") (b)							

(a)On 1 January 2008, the Company transferred all the 51% shares of VIP company (directly owned) to HNA Group (note8 (39) (e)).

(b)On 5 June 2008, the Company transferred all the 51% shares of Xinhua Catering (indirectly owned) to Hainan Haihang Air Catering Holding Co. Ltd. ( "Air Catering Holding") (note 8 (39) (e)).

### 8.Notes to consolidated financial statements

(1)Cash at bank and in hand

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Cash in hand(a)	859	3,757
Cash at bank(a)	6,002,077	7,437,045
Other cash balances(b)	649,309	490,054
Total	6,652,245	7,930,856



		31 December 200	8	3	1 December 2007	,
	Original	Original Exchange RMB			Exchange	RMB
	currency	Rate	equivalent	currency	Rates	equivalent
USD	98,495	6.8346	673,174	2,338	7.3046	17,078
EUR	1,132	9.6590	10,934	697	10.6669	7,435
KRW	551,406	0.0053	2,922	2,025,922	0.0077	15,600
JPY	8,004	0.0757	606	62,370	0.0641	3,998
HKD	401	0.8819	354	669	0.9364	626
			687,990			44,737

Net monetary assets that are denominated in the foreign currency are shown as follows:

(a) As at 31 December 2008 included 4,247,497 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 6,457,779 thousand Yuan) of deposit that was deposited at the HNA Group Finance Co. Ltd. ("Finance Company") (Note11 (7) (a)).

(b)As at 31 December 2008 the amount of 160,000 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 120,000 thousand Yuan) of fixed deposit was pledged by the Group to acquire short-term borrowing of 145,000 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 100,000 thousand Yuan) (note8 (13) (a)). This fixed deposit is typically considered as the restricted deposit.

As at 31 December 2008, 465,643 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 370,054 thousand Yuan) of saving was guaranteed as Notes payable deposit with amount of 972, 043 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 835,696 thousand Yuan) by the Company. This deposit is considered as the restricted category of monetary assets.

As at 31 December 2008, 19,842 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: nil) of fixed deposit was guaranteed for a short-term borrowing of 18,448 thousand Yuan by the Company (note8 (13) (a)). This deposit is considered as the restricted category of monetary assets.

As at 31 December 2008, 3,824 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: nil) as guarantee of other contracts are included in the other cash balance. This deposit is considered as the restricted category of monetary assets.

(2)Accounts receivable and other receivable

#### (a)Accounts receivable

	31 December 2007			31 December 2008
Account receivable	501,922			481,273
		Current year	Current year	
		additions	reversal	
Less: provision for bad debts	(38,063)	(2,751)	370	(40,444)
	463,859			440,829



The ageing of accounts receivable and related provisions for bad debts are analysed below:

	31 December 2008			31 December 2007		
	Amount	Percentage	Provision for	Amount	Percentage	Provision for
			bad debts			bad debts
Within one year	431,547	90%	2,751	433,693	86%	2,703
1-2 years	6,692	1%	2,703	28,296	6%	1,346
2-3 years	6,997	1%	1,346	7,394	2%	1,698
More than 3 years	36,037	8%	33,644	32,539	6%	32,316
Total	481,273	100%	40,444	501,922	100%	38,063

Account receivable is analyzed by customer categories as follows:

		31 December 2008				31 Decembe	r 2007	
	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts	
Receivables that are	247,909	52%	-	-	427,459	85%	646	-
individually significant								
Receivables not individually	34,500	7%	27,084	79%	32,252	7%	32,252	100%
significant but with high								
risk in groups								
Others	198,864	41%	13,360	7%	42,211	8%	5,165	12%
	481,273	100%	40,444	8%	501,922	100%	38,063	8%

As at 31 December 2008, no balances (31 December 2007: nil) included in above accounts receivable are due to the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right.

As at 31 December 2008, the aggregate amount of the Group's five largest accounts receivable balances was 269,552 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 403,372 thousand Yuan), being 56 % (31 December 2007: 80%) of the total accounts receivable balances, all aged within one year.

The accounts receivable balances aged over one year mainly include unsettled Notes and charter flight. In terms of the opinion of the board of directors of the Company, there is no recovery risk for receivables due from related parties and no provision should be considered.

The board of the Company regards that accounts receivable without individually significant amount but with high risk in group aged more than three years should make full provision for bad debts in the view of the fact that this type of accounts receivable has long timeperiod and high recovery risk.



Accounts receivable that are dominated in foreign currencies are shown below:

	3	1 December 2008		31 December 2007				
	Original	Exchange	RMB	Original	Exchange	RMB		
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rates	equivalent		
USD	110	6.8346	752	-	-	-		
EUR	70	9.6590	676	111	10.6669	1,184		
HUF	189,282	0.0357	6,757	-	-	-		
THB	-	-	-	6,306	0.2168	1,367		
			8,185			2,551		

(b)Other receivables

	31 December 2007			31 December 2008
Lease deposit and maintenance reserve of aircraft & engine	139,450			13,491
Subscription of aircraft parts	235,497			92,312
Others	100,330			159,079
	475,277			264,882
		Current	Current	
		year additions	year reversal	
Less: Provision for bad debts	(108,625)	(8,725)	3,036	(114,314)
	366,652			150,568

Other receivables and corresponding provision for bad debts are analyzed as follows:

		3	1 December 20	08		31 December 2007			
	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts		
Within 1 year	96,079	36%	-	-	226,228	48%	-	-	
1-2 years	53,310	20%	9,594	18%	113,966	24%	8,048	7%	
2-3 years	15,063	6%	5,738	38%	14,927	3%	379	3%	
More than 3 years	100,430	38%	98,982	99%	120,156	25%	100,198	83%	
	264,882	100%	114,314	43%	475,277	100%	108,625	22%	



Other receivables are analysed by customer categories as follows:

		31 Dec	cember 2008			31 Dece	ember 2007	
	Amount %	of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts	
Receivables that are	114,158	43%	29,242	26%	314,457	66%	36,987	12%
individually significant								
Receivables not individually significant but with	80,765	31%	64,902	80%	83,232	18%	65,789	79%
high risk in groups								
Others	69,959	26%	20,170	29%	77,588	16%	5,849	8%
	264,882	100%	114,314	43%	475,277	100%	108,625	23%

As at 31 December 2008, no balances (31 December 2007: nil) included in above other receivables are due to the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right.

As at 31 December 2008, the aggregate amount of the Group's five largest other receivables balances were 125,961 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 251,356 thousand Yuan), being 47% (31 December 2007: 68%) of the total accounts receivable balances. Thereinto, the balance of aging within one year is 32,391 thousand Yuan, the balance of aging during one to two years is 41,039 thousand Yuan, the balance of aging during two to three years is 13,283 thousand Yuan and the balance of aging over three years is 39,248 thousand Yuan.

Other receivables that are dominated in foreign currency are shown below:

		31 December 2008		31 December 2007				
	Original	Exchange	RMB	Original	Exchange	RMB		
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rates	equivalent		
USD	18,926	6.8346	129,352	43,973	7.3046	321,205		

(3)Advances to suppliers

	31 De	cember 2008	31 December 2007		
Aging	Amount	% of total balance	Amount	% of total balance	
Within 1 year	231,768	85%	310,319	87%	
1-2 years	30,430	11%	9,747	3%	
2-3 years	8,642	4%	293	-	
More than 3 years	1,203	-	35,149	10%	
	272,043	100%	355,508	100%	

The balances at the year end includes advance to related party -Hainan Haihang Airlines Aviation Import & Export Co., Ltd ("Haihang Import & Export") with a amount of )145,100 thousand Yuan of aircraft parts (Note 11(7)(b)).



As at 31 December 2008, the group did not have any balances which were due to parties having 5% or above shareholdings in the Company (31 December 2007: nil).

		31 December 2008		31 December 2007			
	Original	Exchange	RMB	Original	Exchange	RMB	
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rates	equivalent	
USD	9,683	6.8346	66,179	29,296	7.3046	213,996	
EUR	171	9.6590	1,652	100	10.6669	1,067	
HKD	24	0.8819	21	-	-	-	
			67,852			215,063	

The advance to suppliers that is denominated in the foreign currency is shown below:

(4)Inventories

3	1 December 2007		31 D	ecember 2008
Cost -				
Aircraft spare parts	242,636			239,455
Aviation on-board supplies	8,596			8,106
Low cost consumables	7,084			5,643
Others	8,720			7,330
	267,036			260,534
		Current year	Current year	
		addition/ (reversal)	write-off	
Less: provision for impairment-				
Aircraft spare parts	(5,115)			(5,115)
Aviation on-board supplies	(83)		-	(83)
	(5,198)		-	(5,198)
	261,838			255,336

As at the year ended, there are neither capitalized borrowing costs in the balance of inventories, nor inventories for guarantee.

(5)Long-term equity investments

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Associate (a)	86,518	132,018
Other long-term equity investments (b)	640,193	641,467
	726,711	773,485
Less: Provision for impairment of	(6,774)	(14,774)
long-term equity investments (c)		
	719,937	758,711

The Group has no investment abroad and thus the long-term equity investments of the Group are not subject to restriction on conversion into cash or restriction on remittance of investment income.



(a)Associate

						31 Dece	ember 2008	2	2008
	Place of	Business	Registered	Share-holing	% voting	Total	Total	Operating	Net
	registration	Scope	Capital	percentage	right held	capital	liability	income	profit
					by the				
					Company				
Haihang Import & Export	Haikou	Flight equipment	RMB1,000万元	30%	30%	327,037	295,918	36,430	5,694
		and spare parts trading							
Hainan Xin Guo Hotel	Haikou	Hotel operation and	RMB1 亿元	40%	40%	275,287	62,414	31,551	391
Limited ("Xin Guo Hotel")		management							
Xin Da International	Beijing	International	USD80万元	49%	49%	10,770	5,117	58,186	47
Transportation Agency		transportation services							
Limited ("Xin Da International")									
Beijing Vision Advertising	Beijing	Advertising	RMB1,000万元	30%	30%	9,756	195	-	48
Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Vision")									
Hainan Hansha Technology	Haikou	Aircraft maintenance	USD100万元	50%	25%	11,954	5,751	11,844	2,366
Training Limited ("Hainan		training and							
Hansha Training") (*)		consultation							
Beijing Yanjing Hotel Co.,	Beijing	Hotel operation and	RMB11,268.9万元	35%	35%	775,164	664,361	-	
Ltd. ("Yanjing Hotel")		management							
						1.409.968	1.033.756	138,011	8,546

Investment in associates:

	Initial Investment	Addition/ (write-off)	31 December 2007	Net profit/ loss under	Dividend receipts	Other equity	31 December 2008
				equity method		movement	
Haihang Import & Export	3,000	-	1,710	2,191	-	-	9,340
Xin Guo Hotel	15,000	25,000	156	1,172	-	-	40,621
Xinda International	3,312	-	23	168	-	-	2,770
Yanjing Hotel	11,270	39,530	-	-	-	-	27,514
Beijing Vision	3,000	-	14	16	-	-	2,870
Yunnan Xiangpeng (*)	47,073	-	-	4,085	(48,846)	-	-
Hainan Hansa Training	3,862	-	1,443	(1,902)	-	-	3,403
	86,517	64,530	3,346	5,276	(48,846)	-	86,518

\*In 2008, the Group transferred 30.33% shares of Yunnan Xiangpeng to the related company, Grand China, with the price of 48,073 thousand Yuan (book value: 48,846 thousand Yuan). All the purchase fee has been received during this year (note11 (6) (q)).



### (b)Other long-term equity investment

Investee Company	31 December	Current year	Current year	31 December
	2007	addition	write-off	2008
Haikou Meilan	304,765	-	-	304,765
Yangtze River Lease	45,013	-	-	87,327
Hainan Airlines Hotel				
(Group) Company	58,161	-	-	58,161
China Aviation Information System Company Limited	17,000	-	-	29,860
Grand China Airlines Express Company Limite	19,000	-	-	19,000
d ("Grand China Express")				
Yangtze River Express Company Limited ('Yangtze river Express')	10,000	-	-	10,000
Hainan Meilan Airport Company Limited	6,906	-	-	6,906
Yunnan Shilling Travel Airlines Company Limited	3,610	-	(3,610)	-
('Yunnan Shilling') (note11 (6) (q))				
Hainan Airlines Tourism Development Co., Ltd	3,274	-	(3,274)	-
Others	5,775	-	(500)	12,613
	473,504	-	(7,384)	640,193

(c)Provision for impairment of long-term equity investments

	31 December 2007	Current year addition	Current year write-off	31 December 2008
Other long-term equity investments				
Yunnan Shilin (note11 (6) (q))	8,000	-	(8,000)	-
Others	6,774	-	-	6,774
	14,774	-	(8,000)	6,774

After verified the financial status of the equity investments, the board of the Company regards that there is no impairment indication for the investments and thus no provision should be considered. (2007: Nil)

(6)Investment properties

	Plant & Building
Cost	
31 December 2007	-
Fixed assets transferred in(Note 8(7))	164,738
Intangible assets transferred in(Note 9(7))	25,814
31 December 2008	190,552
Accumulated depreciation	
31 December 2007	-
Fixed assets transferred in(Note 8(7))	10,559
Intangible assets transferred in(Note 9(7))	3,270
Increase this year	4,421
31 December 2008	18,250
Provision for impairment	
31 December 2007 and	
31 December 2008	-
Net book value	
31 December 2008	172,302
31 December 2007	-

As in 2008, the plants and buildings with the net book value of 154,179 thousand Yuan (cost of 164,738 thousand Yuan) and land use rights with the net book value of 22,544 thousand Yuan (cost of 25,814 thousand Yuan) are changed for lease use by the Group. Since the uses change, those related fixed assets and intangible assets are recognized as investment real estate.

Up to 31 December 2008, included in the net book value of the building is total of 123,749 thousand Yuan (cost of 133,528 thousand Yuan), which property certification have not been obtained, the application of property certification for these building is still in process. According to the legal opinion by the independent legal counsel of the Group, the board of the Company regards that there is no legal obstacles for the Company to get the property certification for these buildings.





(7)Fixed assets

	Plant &	Aircraft &	High-price	Vehicles	Equipment	Total
	Building	Engines	rotable spares			
Cost						
31 December 2007	1,623,680	20,890,118	2,422,336	230,918	390,855	25,557,907
CIP transferred in(Note 8(8))	13,280	6,400,172	-	-	87	6,413,539
Additions (others)	276	962,120	224,520	20,503	22,628	1,230,047
Transferred to IRE(Note 8(6))	(164,738)	-	-	-	-	(164,738)
Disposal(note8 (39) (e))	(43,094)	-	-	(12,835)	(36,208)	(92,137)
Decreases ( others)	(28,138)	(1,631,599)	(51,419)	(37,093)	(5,358)	(1,753,607)
31 December 2008	1,401,266	26,620,811	2,595,437	201,493	372,004	31,191,011
Accumulated depreciation						
31 December 2007	236,774	4,424,576	1,170,735	128,672	203,132	6,163,889
Transferred to IRE(Note 8(6))	(10,559)	-	-	-	-	(10,559)
Additions	39,401	1,207,885	196,631	16,631	36,167	1,496,715
Disposal(note8 (39) (e))	(3,789)	-	-	(3,845)	(13,417)	(21,051)
Decreases ( others)	(8,097)	(574,470)	(27,265)	(27,534)	(3,955)	(641,321)
31 December 2008	253,730	5,057,991	1,340,101	113,924	221,927	6,987,673
Provision for impairment						
31 December 2007	28	-	16,378	-	-	16,406
Additions	-	480,730	-	-	-	480,730
Decreases	(21)	-	-	-	-	(21)
31 December 2008	7	480,730	16,378	-	-	497,115
Net book value						
31 December 2008	1,147,529	21,082,090	1,238,958	87,569	150,077	23,706,223
31 December 2007	1,386,878	16,465,542	1,235,223	102,246	187,723	19,377,612

(a) In 2008, the Group sale fixed assets to related party with the amount of 6,001 thousand Yuan, refer to Note 11(6) (p).

(b)As at 31 December 2008, the details for fixed assets pledged as security for the Group's bank borrowing refer to the Note8(13)(a), Note8(22)(a).

(c)Up to 31 December 2008, included in the net book value of the building is total of 130,493 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 247,599 thousand Yuan) (cost of165, 483 thousand Yuan), which property certification have not been obtained, the application of property certification for these building is still in process. According to the legal opinion by the independent legal counsel of the Group, the board of the Company regards that there is no legal obstacles for the company to get the property certification for theses buildings.



(d) Up to 31 December 2008, because of the current downturn in the aviation market, the Group make impairment tests with aircrafts and engines. Based on the results of impairment testing, the provision for impairment of D328 aircrafts and engines, a relatively lower operating earnings aircraft model, is recognized with the amount of .RMB480, 730 thousand Yuan according to their recoverable amount. In the calculation of the amount recoverable, the Group compares the asset's future cash flows and present value minus the fair value of net disposal fee.

(e)In 2008, the depreciation charges of 1,430,756 thousand Yuan (2007: 1,237,438 thousand Yuan) has been expensed in direct operating cost, 5,277thousand Yuan (2007: 5,003 thousand Yuan) in selling expense, 46,209 thousand Yuan (2007: 61,475 thousand Yuan) in administrative expenses.

(f)Up to 31 December 2008, including the net book value of aircraft and engines are total of 7,577,726 thousand Yuan (cost of 10, 029,148 thousand Yuan) (31 December 2007: net book value of 6,232,178 thousand Yuan, cost of 7,375,732 thousand Yuan) held under finance leases (note10 (1)).

(g)Up to 31 December 2008, there are no fix assets held to be disposed.

(8)Construction in progress

Items	Budget	31 December	Current year	Transfer to	Other	31 December	Source of	Project
		2007	additions	fixed assets	reductions	2008	Fund	investment
				during the				Percentage
				current year				
				(Note 8(7))				
Prepayment for aircraft & Engine	27,450,840	6,407,253	7,526,745	(6,400,172)	-	7,533,826	银行借款	78%
Beijing Guorui Project (*)	1,336,798	-	1,336,798	-	-	1,336,798	银行借款	100%
Basement in Beijing International	1,542,000	461,700	258,809	(87)	(1,435)	718,987	银行借款	48%
Airport (Phase I)								
Grand China Mansion(*)	612,160	-	612,160	-	-	612,160	银行借款	100%
Basement in Tianzhu Town(Phase III)	64,764	13,219	61	(13,280)	-	-	自有资金	22%
Others		11,943	7,343	-	(878)	18,408	自有资金	-
Total		6,894,115	9,741,916	(6,413,539)	(2,313)	10,220,179		
Including:capitalized borrowing costs		337,460	529,221	(228,385)	-	638,296		
Prepayment for aircraft		299,559	460,541	(228,385)	-	531,715		
Basement in Beijing International		37,901	56,520	-	-	94,421		
Airport (Phase I)								
Grand China Mansion		-	12,160	-	-	12,160		
Less: provision for impairment of		(2,307)	-	-	-	(2,307)		
		6,891,808				10,217,872		
construction in progress								

(\*)Up to 31 December 2008, these constructions haven't reached the state of putting into use.

Borrowing costs have been capitalized in 2008 at an average interest rate of 6.15% (2007: 6.63 %).



Up to 31 December 2008, the CIP with the book value of 612,160 thousand Yuan are pledged for long-term borrowings, the details refer to note8 (22) (a).

### (9)Intangible assets

	Original	31 December	Current year	Current year	Transferred	Other current	Current year	31 December	Accumulative
	cost	2007	additions	deductions by	to IRE	deductions	amortization	2008	amortization
				disposal of					
				subsidiaries					
				(note8(39(e))	(note8(6))				
Land use rights	346,308	283,814	7,282	(23,754)	(22,544)	(874)	(6,791)	237,133	109,175
Less: provision for									
impairment of									
intangible assets		(874)	-	-		874	-	-	
		282,940						237,133	

Up to 31 December 2008, the land use rights with the net book value of 201,794 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 6,792 thousand Yuan) (cost of 237,030thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 211,217 thousand Yuan) are pledged for short-term and long-term borrowings, the details refer to note8 (13) (a) and note8 (22) (a).

Up to 31 December 2008, included in the net book value of the land use rights is total of 19,485 thousand Yuan (cost of 22,494 thousand Yuan), which property certification have not been obtained, the application of property certification for these assets is still in process. According to the legal opinion by the independent legal counsel of the Group, the board of the Company regards that there is no legal obstacles for the company to get the property certification for theses intangible assets.

#### (10)Goodwill

The goodwill arose from acquisition the following subsidiaries :

	31 December 2007	Addition in current year (Note 9)	Reduction in current year	31 December 2008
Xinhua Airlines	68,109	-	-	68,109
Chang'an Airlines	35,127	-	-	35,127
Shanxi Airlines	99,033	5,614	-	104,647
Chang'an Star	-	363	-	363
Xi'an Real Estate	-	15	-	15
	202,269	5,992		208,261
Less: provision for impairment (a)	(82,877)	(125,384)	-	(208,261)
	119,392	(119,392)	-	-



The additions in current year is from the acquisition of 3.03% shares of Shanxi Airlines, 20% shares of Chang'an Star, and 20% shares of Xi'an Real Estate(note9).

At the year ended, the Group takes impairment testing with passenger transportation business asset group of goodwill by discounted future cash flow method. According to the results of the testing, the provision for impairment of goodwill is recognized with the amount of 125,384thousand Yuan (note8 (34)), and the key assumptions used in the testing are as follows:

The annual average passenger growth rate of income levels	0 - 3%
Passenger load factor	65%-80%
utilization rates (hours per day)	5.6-10.8
Discount rate	10%

(11)Long-term prepaid expense

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Pilots training fee	171,315	225,471
Rent of Tianzhu Basis	13,365	14,458
Improvement to fixed assets held under operating leases	4,167	6,994
Others	65	11,213
	188,912	258,136

(12)Other long-term assets

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Payment in advance for investment and acquisition of shares (a)	3,771,639	1,424,730
Deferred losses under sale- leaseback transactions	432,804	301,746
Guarantee of aircraft and engine lease	623,260	632,463
Maintenance reserve of aircraft and engine	369,786	286,157
	5,197,489	2,645,096

(aThe details of payment in advance for investment are as follows:

(i)In accordance with the agreements, the Company prepaid 829,280 thousand Yuan in August 2007 for 39.14% shares of Bohai International Trust Co., Ltd. (formerly Hebei International Trust and Investment Co., Ltd.), 545,792 thousand Yuan in December 2008 for 30% shares of Beijing Kehang Investment Company("Kehang Investment"), 618,568thousand Yuan in December 2008 for 45% shares of Beijing Hotel Company("Yanjing Hotel") to the related company, HNA Hotel Holding Group Co., Ltd. ("HNA Hotel Holdings") (note11(7)(b)). As of December 31, 2008, related to share transfer formalities are being processed.

(ii)In December 2008, according to the agreement, the Company prepaid 1,182,549 thousand Yuan for 65% shares of Kehang Investment to the related company - Yangtze Real Estate Group Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Yangtze River real estate") (Note 11 (7)(b)). As of December 31, 2008, related to share transfer formalities are being processed.



(iii)In December 2007, according to the agreement, the Group prepaid 595,450thousand Yuan for 0.9227% shares of China Merchants Securities Co., Ltd. to the related company - HNA Group (Note 11 (7) (b)). As of December 31, 2008, related to share transfer formalities are being processed.

### (13)Borrowing

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Secured (a)		
- Pledge	305,500	439,831
- Impawn	1,221,448	1,637,191
- Guarantee	5,263,000	2,852,000
- Pledge, impawn& guarantee	1,010,000	-
Unsecured	1,220,367	36,523
Short-term financing bond	-	2,500,000
	9,020,315	7,465,545

(a)As at 31 December 2008, secured short-term borrowings comprised:

Among the short-term pledge borrowings:

Bank borrowings of 255,500 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by certain buildings with a net book value of RMB 151,681 thousand Yuan (original cost of 185,363 thousand Yuan) (Note 8 (7)) and the intangible assets (original cost of RMB 31,673 thousand Yuan and net book value of 28,092 thousand Yuan) (Note8 (9)). Bank borrowings of 50,000 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by intangible assets held by the related parties.

Among the short-term impawn borrowings:

Bank borrowings of 1,058,000 thousand Yuan were mortgaged by the investment shares held by the related parties; borrowings of 163, 448 thousand Yuan were mortgaged by the Company's fixed deposit in an amount of 179,842 thousand Yuan.

Among the short-term guarantee borrowings:

Bank borrowings of 1,013,000 thousand Yuan were pledged by the Company, 4,170,000 thousand Yuan by the related parties, and 80, 000 thousand Yuan by both.

Among the short-term secured borrowings (with pledge, impawn and guarantee):

Bank borrowings of 210,000 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by certain buildings with a net book value of 20,592 thousand Yuan (original cost of 22,494 thousand Yuan) (Note 8 (7)) of the Group and the intangible assets and stock rights (valuation value of 28,255 thousand Yuan) of the related party. Bank borrowings of 450,000 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by 7 engines under purchase agreements of the Company and transition guarantee by the related party. Bank borrowings of 210,000 thousand Yuan secured with impawn by stock rights of the related party and guaranteed by the related party. Bank borrowings of 140,000 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by buildings and intangible assets of related party, with impawn by the stock rights of related party and guaranteed by the Company.



The details of the above short-term borrowings which were pledged by related party refer to Note11 (6) (s).

The weighted average interest rate of short-term borrowings in 2008 is 6.45% per annum (2007: 6.74%); as at 31 December 2008, the USD short-term borrowings were108, 099 thousand dollars (31 December 2007: 91,250 thousand dollars). (14)Notes Payable

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Trade acceptance Notes (note11 (7) (e))	971,335	448,725
Bank acceptance Notes	809,567	672,907
	1,780,902	1,121,632

As at 31 December 2008, no balances (31 December 2007: nil) included in above notes payable are due to the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right.

The Notes Payable above will all expire within one year.

### (15)Accounts Payable

As at 31 December 2008, the balance included in the accounts payable the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right is 3,071 thousand Yuan(note11 (7) (f)) (31 December 2007: 2,468 thousand Yuan),

As at 31 December 2008, the balance of aging over one year was 330,711 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 971,258thounsand Yuan), mainly included payables of aviation material, fuel oil fee, take-off and landing charges, catering expenses and maintenance costs, since the Group has the long-term operation relationship ,the balance hasn't been settlement .

The details for the related party balance included in account payable described in Note 11(7) (f).

The accounts payable that is denominated in the foreign currency is shown below:

		31 December 2008	3		31 December 2007	7
	Original	Exchange	RMB	Original	Exchange	RMB
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rate	equivalent
USD	161,975	6.8346	1,107,034	52,202	7.3046	381,315

(16)Advances from customers

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Presold tickets	833,713	654,835
Others	27,202	24,891
	860,915	679,726



As at 31 December 2008, no balances (31 December 2007: nil) included in above advances from customers are due to the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right.

	3	1 December 2008			31 December 20	07
	Original	Exchange	RMB	Original	Exchange	RMB
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rate	equivalent
EUR	1,021	9.6590	9,862	60	10.6669	640
USD	1,378	6.8346	9,418	-	-	-
KRW	1,248,128	0.0053	6,615	581,641	0.0077	4,479
HUF	156,917	0.0357	5,602	-	-	-
JPY	15,406	0.0757	1,166	4,628	0.0641	297
			32,663			5,416

Advances from customers that are dominated in foreign currencies are shown below:

### (17) Employee benefits payable

	31 December 2007	Current year additions	Current year reductions	31 December 2008
Wages and salaries, bonuses,	102,165	1,002,380	(1,048,455)	56,090
allowances and subsidies Social security contributions	6,459	95,658	(75,566)	26,551
Including: Medical insurance	2,130	33,309	(26,080)	9,359
Basic pensions,	3,452	51,544	(41,136)	13,860
Unemployment insurance	342	5,074	(3,983)	1,433
Work injury insurance	323	3,503	(2,687)	1,139
Maternity insurance	212	2,228	(1,680)	760
Housing funds	635	47,575	(23,527)	24,683
Labor union funds and employee	11,059	22,382	(1,731)	31,710
education funds				
	120,318	1,167,995	(1,149,279)	139,034

### (18)Taxes payable

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Enterprise income tax payable	13,346	9,924
Business tax payable	61,439	76,692
Custom duty payable & Value-added-tax payable	110,657	74,759
Individual income tax payable	26,641	5,442
City maintenance and construction tax payable	1,232	2,117
Housing property tax payable in advance	(11,091)	(15,038)
Others	5,365	5,188
	207,589	159,084



### (19)Dividend payable

The dividend hadn't pay mainly because it's long time since the declare for the dividend payment and the company above hadn't asked for the payment

### (20)Other payable

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Payable of building purchase agreement	795,485	_
Payable of related party and recharge fee	321,895	498,656
Payable of aircraft purchase agreement	292,636	10,890
Airport construction fee (a)	211,647	174,675
Payable of exclusive selling benefits	128,073	110,834
Payable of pilot training fee	97,516	105,073
Payable of civil aviation infrastructure fund (b)	95,706	77,076
Payable of foregift and funds	79,814	118,548
Payable of aviation material maintenance costs	42,206	37,028
Payable of insurance	31,987	-
Payable of bid benefits for ticket in aircraft	3,657	27,684
Others	186,020	243,809
	2,286,642	1,404,273

(a) Airport Construction Fee is the charge to be paid by passengers when they buy air tickets under the Civil Aviation Regulations [2004] No. 109 "About changes in the management of the construction of civil airport charges means the notice, Finance[2004] No. 51, "the Ministry of Finance, the Civil Aviation Administration of Civil Aviation on the reform of the management of the construction of the airport charges management methods, such as notification of the relevant issues "and Accounting [2004] No. 8 issued by the Ministry of Finance on the" management of the construction of civil airport management charges relating to accounting treatment of post-reform provisions " Charge for domestic flights is 50 Yuan per person, and for international flights is 90 Yuan per person. The airport construction fee is reflected separately in the ticket prices, and is collected by the airlines.

(b) Civil construction funds are the balance withheld but not yet paid in accordance with the Ministry of Finance (2004) No. 38 "issued by the Ministry of Finance on the" civil aviation infrastructure construction fund levy the use of Interim Measures for the Administration, "notice". It is calculated based on routes, aircraft, maximum takeoff weight the whole flight, as well as the corresponding mileage charged at the standard calculation, and recognized in the expenses..

As at 31 December 2008, the balance of other payable due to shareholders holding over 5% (including 5%) interest of the Company is108,315 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 314,105 thousand Yuan) (notes 11(7)(g)).

The payable of related party and recharge fee was stated in notes 101(6) (t) and notes 11(7) (g).

As at 31 December 2008, the balance of aging over one year was 236,867 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 643,573 thousand Yuan), mainly included the payable of foregift and others, the balance hadn't settled with the agency.



Other payable that are dominated in foreign currencies are shown below :

		31 December 2008			31 December 2007	,
	Original	Exchange	RMB	Original	Exchange	RMB
	currency	rate	equivalent	currency	rates	equivalent
USD	2,766	6.8346	18,905	2,184	7.3046	15,953

(21)Current portion of non-current borrowing

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Current portion of non-current borrowing		
Long-term borrowings (note8(22))	1,962,174	1,518,618
Payable of finance lease (note8(24))	594,283	554,289
	2,556,457	2,072,907

(22)Long-term borrowings

	31 December 2008	31 December 200
- Guarantee	1,506,346	1,543,046
- Pledge	9,227,812	5,977,109
- Impawn	1,069,843	785,000
- Pledge, Impawn and Guarantee	7,925,07	6,745,880
Unsecured	483,808	4,160
Other	-	3,949
	20,212,883	15,059,144

Minus:Current portion of long-term borrowing (note8(21))

- Pledge	(488,346)	(290,000)
- Impawn	(572,870)	(434,213)
- Guarantee	(300,000)	(244,733)
- Pledge, Impawn and Guarantee	(431,167)	(549,672)
Unsecured	(169,791)	-
	(1,962,174)	(1,518,618)
	18,250,709	13,540,526

(a)As at 31 December 2008, long-term guaranteed borrowing included:

1,196,346 thousand Yuan was pledged by the related party, and 310,000 thousand Yuan was pledged by the third party banks. The details refer to note11 (6) (s)



### Long-term secured bank borrowings:

Purpose	Loan repayment period	Currency	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Construction	2009	RMB	310,000	310,000
Aircraft purchase	2009-2021	RMB	1,128,000	1,160,000
Liquid capital	2009	USD	68,346	73,046
			1,506,346	1,543,046

Long-term pledged bank borrowings:

5,166,268 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by the Group's plants and buildings with a net book value of 106,579 thousand Yuan (original cost of 121,079 thousand Yuan) (Note 8 (7)), aircraft & engine (original cost of 5,412,182 thousand Yuan and net book value of 4,867,246 thousand Yuan (Note 8(7)) and intangible assets (original cost of 121,110 thousand Yuan and net book value of 98,952 thousand Yuan.

4,061,544 thousand Yuan secured with pledge by the Company's 13 B737-800 model aircrafts which the Company plans to purchase but hasn't taken mortgage procedure, 2 B787 model aircrafts, and 6 A319 model aircrafts.

Purpose	Loan repayment period	Currency	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Aircraft purchase	2009-2022	RMB	3,317,894	1,270,345
Aircraft purchase	2009-2023	USD	5,034,858	4,262,764
Construction	2009-2021	RMB	400,000	400,000
Technical equipment import	2009-2015	RMB	431,060	-
Liquid capital	2009	RMB	44,000	44,000
			9,227,812	5,977,109

Long-term impawned bank borrowings :

344,843 thousand Yuan was impawned by the delivery right of 1 B737-800 model aircraft the Company plans to purchase. 725,000 thousand Yuan was impawned by the stock rights of related party.

Purpose	Loan repayment period	Currency	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Aircraft parts purchase	2009-2011	RMB	725,000	625,000
Aircraft purchase	2009-2011	USD	344,843	-
Liquid capital	2008	RMB	-	160,000
			1,069,843	785,000



Long-term borrowings with pledge, impawn and guarantee :

7,614,605 thousand Yuan were pledged by the aircrafts and engines of the Company with a net book value of 5,832,439 thousand Yuan (original cost of 7,315,072 thousand Yuan) (Note 8 (7)), plants and buildings of the Group with a net book value of 591,598 thousand Yuan (original cost of 719,274 thousand Yuan) (Note8 (7)), intangible assets of the Group(original cost of 84,248thousand Yuan and net book value of 74,750 thousand Yuan) (Note 8(9)), and CIP of the Company with the book value of 612,160 thousand Yuan (Note 8(8)), impawned by the stock rights of the Company's subsidiaries and other stock rights held by related parties, and guaranteed by the related parties.

310,469 thousand Yuan were pledged by 10 ERJ and 1 B737-800 model aircrafts which the Group plan to purchase but haven't take the mortgage procedure and guaranteed by HNA Group.

Purpose	Loan repayment period	Currency	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Aircraft purchase	2009-2023	RMB	3,211,681	3,732,999
Aircraft purchase	2009-2021	USD	4,162,818	2,730,732
Plant purchase	2009-2018	RMB	293,594	-
Simulator purchase	2009-2035	USD	256,981	282,149
			7,925,074	6,745,880

The details of the above long-term borrowing which were pledged by related party refer to Note 11 (6) (s).

Long-term borrowings listed by bank:

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
The four major state banks	4,350,929	4,173,440
Other domestic banks	13,316,493	8,771,594
Foreign banks	583,287	595,492
	18,250,709	13,540,526

Long-term borrowings are repayable as follow :

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Between 1 to 2 years	2,405,970	2,096,625
Between 2 to 5 years	6,860,823	5,396,901
Over 5 years	8,983,916	6,047,000
	18,250,709	13,540,526

The weighted average interest rate of long-term borrowings in 2008 is 6.12% per annum (2007: 6.61%).



As at 31 December 2008, long-term borrowings included USD borrowing which amount was 1,246,435 thousand dollars (31 December 2007: 1,006,036 thousand dollars).

(23)Deferred revenue

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Unrealized gains from sale- leaseback (a)	73,162	-
Frequent flyer bonus(b)	152,520	108,448
	225,682	108,448

(a) Unrealized gains from sale- leaseback

The items mainly refer to the difference between the sale price and the book value of the aircrafts sold, and they are amortized during the depreciation period of the assets under finance sale-leaseback.

	2008	2007
1 January	-	-
Current additions	83,530	-
Current amortizations	(10,368)	-
31 December	73,162	-

Additions in this year are from the sale-leaseback transactions between Xinhua Airlines and two separate leasing companies, the Far East International Leasing Co., Ltd. and Jiangsu Financial Leasing Co., Ltd., with B2578 and B2908 as transaction subjects respectively.

(b) Frequent flyer bonus

	2008	2007
1 January	108,448	76,995
Current additions	69,356	54,283
Current deductions	(25,284)	(22,830)
31 December	152,520	108,448

(24)Long-term payable

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Present vale of the minimum payments for finance lease (Note 10 (2)).	2,475,115	2,398,851
Less: current portion of long-term payable (Note 8 (21)).	(594,283)	(554,289)
	1,880,832	1,844,562



Long-term payables are repayable as follows:

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Between 1 to 2 years	444,327	446,714
Between 2 to 5 years	989,694	627,087
Over 5 years	446,811	770,761
	1,880,832	1,844,562

As at 31 December 2008, the USD balance included in the long-term payable was 151,519 thousand dollars (31 December 2007: 187, 482 thousand dollars)<sub>o</sub>

### (25)Other non-current liabilities

Other non-current liabilities are payable import tariffs and value-added tax of aircrafts and engine, and the Group should be paid when the Group pays the rent fee of the finance lease to foreign companies in the future.

#### (26)Deferred tax assets

	31 December 2008		31 Decemb	per 2007
	Deferred tax Deductible temporary		Deferred tax	Deductible temporary
	assets	difference	assets	difference
Provision for asset impairment	-	-	52,149	208,595

Because the Company and its subsidiaries can't gain sufficient future taxable profits to offset the losses in the next periods, the Group can not recognize relative deferred tax assets of 560,637 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 24,515 thousand Yuan)according to the deductible loss of 812,688 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 125,971 thousand Yuan) and deductible temporary differences of 1,429,860 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 634,645 thousand Yuan), and reverse deferred tax assets of 51,901 thousand Yuan confirmed last year (note8 (37)). The above-mentioned loss of 812,688 thousand Yuan (December 31, 2007: 46,353 thousand Yuan) can be offset by the amount of taxable income before 2013

### (27)Share Capital

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Shares with restriction on disposals –		
Others	2,123,040	2,123,040
Shares without restriction on disposals –		
PRC public shares	1,222,490	1,222,490
Domestically listed foreign shares	184,723	184,723
Subtotal	1,407,213	1,407,213
Total	3,530,253	3,530,253

Details of sale limit conditions refer to Note1.



(28)Capital surplus

	31 December 2007	Current year additions	Current year reductions	31 December 2008
Capital premium	3,823,150	-	-	3,823,150
Other capital surplus				
Long-term investment under	1,850	-	-	1,850
equity method of accounting				
Transfer from the balance of	29,143	-	-	29,143
capital surplus recognized under				
previous accounting system				
	3,854,143	-	-	3,854,143
	31 December	Current year	Current year	31 December
	31 December 2006	Current year additions	Current year reductions	31 December 2007
Capital premium	2006	-	-	2007
		-	-	2007
Capital premium Other capital surplus Long-term investment under	2006 3,823,150	-	reductions	2007 3,823,150
Other capital surplus Long-term investment under	2006	-	-	2007 3,823,150
Other capital surplus	2006 3,823,150	-	reductions	2007 3,823,150 1,850
Other capital surplus Long-term investment under equity method of accounting	2006 3,823,150 2,608	-	reductions	2007 3,823,150 1,850
Other capital surplus Long-term investment under equity method of accounting Transfer from the balance of	2006 3,823,150 2,608	-	reductions	

Transfer from the balance of capital surplus recognized under previous accounting system included related party price differences and aviation material of donation.

### (29)Surplus reserve

	31 December	Current year	Current year	31 December
	2007	additions	utilized	2008
Reserve fund	169,098	-	-	169,098
	31 December	Current year	Current year	31 December
	2006	additions	utilized	2007
Reserve fund	169,098	-	-	169,098

According to the Articles of Association of the Company and the Company Law of PRC, the Company has to appropriate 10% of its net



profit after making good of the deficit of prior years to the statutory surplus reserve, until where the reserve balance has reached 50% of the paid in share capital of the Company. With the approval obtained form the relevant government authorities, the statutory surplus reserve can be utilized to offset any deficit or to increase the share capital of the Company, provided that the remaining balance of the reserve, after such utilizations, does not fall below 25% of the issued share capital balance.

During the year 2008, the Company didn't appropriate statutory surplus reserve out of its net profits (2007: Nil).

### (30)Minority Interests

The minority interests contribute to the subsidiaries shown as follow:

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Xinhua Airlines	480,272	632,929
Chang'an Airlines	37,684	50,116
Golden-Deer	5,982	5,982
Shanxi Airlines	-	18,058
HNA VIP	-	(14,949)
Xinhua Air Catering	-	60,613
Chang'an Star	-	4,636
Xi'an Real Estate	-	5,986
	523,938	763,371

### (31)Revenue and cost of sales

	2008	2007
	12 225 226	12 799 947
Revenue (a) Other revenue (b)	12,235,326 1,316,335	12,788,847 736,500
	13,551,661	13,525,347

(a)Revenue from main operations and cost of goods sold

	2008		2	2007	
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost	
Passenger revenue	11,147,894	10,743,035	11,225,067	8,937,302	
Cargo and Excessive weight of luggage revenue	397,663	385,822	354,056	286,556	
Charter flight revenue	663,474	639,199	1,180,394	953,535	
Income from the sale of mileage points	11,076	-	4,529	-	
Catering revenue	15,219	30,140	24,801	13,820	
	12,235,326	11,798,196	12,788,847	10,191,213	



The sales to the Group's top five customers were amounting to 7,449,942 thousand Yuan (2007: 7,400,377 thousand Yuan), account for 55% of the Group's total sales (2007: 55%).

In 2008, according to the agreement between the Group and Hainan Baixiang Company Limited ("Hainan Baixiang"), the third party, the Group contracted out most of its domestic cargo and mail service to Hainan Baixiang at a price of 305,350 thousand Yuan (2007:485, 350).

### (b)Other revenue and cost

	2008			2007
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost
Rental on lease of aircraft (Note 11(6)(h))	1,062,430	673,966	549,421	348,532
Ticket refund incomes	61,753	-	52,754	-
Ground service incomes	36,110	19,786	29,483	13,674
Commission incomes	13,928	-	4,231	-
Rental on lease of pilots	-	-	31,083	31,083
Others	142,114	24,193	69,528	6,479
	1,316,335	717,945	736,500	399,768

The borrowing interest cost of 466,715 sthousand Yuan (2007: 241,355 thousand Yuan) coming from the aircraft rental and purchase is excluded in the aircraft leasing costs above, and this part of interest cost is included in the finance expenses.

### (32)Tax and levies on operations

	2008	2007
Business tax	370,325	413,231
City maintenance and construction tax	9,083	10,008
Educational surcharge	4,515	4,994
Others	343	787
	384,266	429,020

### (33)Finance expenses-net

	2008	2007
Interest expenses	1,356,434	1,297,596
Less: interest income	(240,477)	(121,010)
Net exchange gains	(524,585)	(389,072)
Others	56,855	23,973
	648,227	811,487



The details of interests from the related party refer to Note 11(6) (i).

(34)Impairment losses

	2008	2007
Provision for bad debts	9,476	7,306
Impairment losses for goodwill (Note8(10))	125,384	-
Impairment losses for fixed assets (Note8(7))	480,730	-
Impairment losses for CIP	-	840
	615,590	8,146

(35)Investment income

2008	2007
3,346	5,276
7,221	6,417
21,535	1,523
32,102	13,216
	3,346 7,221 21,535

(36)Non-operating income and expenses

### (a)Non-operating income

	2008	2007
Government grant	138,974	43,129
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	4,843	3,720
Others	16,520	84,497
	160,337	131,346

Government grant mainly includes 20,881 thousand Yuan of flight root subsidy from CAAC, and 118,093 thousand Yuan of fiscal incentives and tax discount from local government.

The Group received the subsidy for adding flight course from the local government.

### (b)Non-operating costs

	2008	2007
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	11,750	1,934
Others	1,258	3,448
	13,008	5,382



(37)Income tax expenses

	2008	2007
Current income tax	294	15,571
Deferred income tax	51,901	(10,553)
	52,195	5,018

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weight average tax rate applicable to profit of the consolidated entities as follows:

	2008	2007
Profit before income tax	(1,536,210)	685,431
Tax calculated at applicable tax rate	(257,529)	102,815
Effect of different applicable rates of subsidiaries	(37,377)	24,371
Effect of change in tax rate due to issuance of new CIT law	-	(3,752)
Expenses not deductible for tax purpose	5,020	31,693
Tax-free incomes	(2,072)	-
Tax losses not recognised as deferred tax asset in the previous years	-	(150,109)
Tax losses not recognised as deferred tax asset this year	166,306	-
Reverse of deferred tax asset in the previous years (*)	50,560	-
Deductible temporary difference of deferred tax assets this year	127,287	-
Income tax expenses	52,195	5,018

(\*)Within 52,149 thousand Yuan of deferred income tax assets (Note 8 (26)) recognized in the previous year, 51,901 thousand Yuan is reversed this year, and 248 thousand Yuan is transferred out due to the disposal of a subsidiary -s Xinhua Aviation Catering (Note 8 (39) (e)).

### (38)Earnings per share

(a)Earnings per share - basic (RMB Yuan)

Basic earning's per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2008	2007
Consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	(1,424,348)	626,855
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	3,530,253	3,530,253
Basic earnings per share	(0.40)	0.17

(b)Earnings per share- diluted (RMB Yuan)



The Company had not potential dilutive outstanding equity instruments issued as at 31 December 2008 (31 December 2007: Nil), accordingly the diluted earnings per share are the same as basic ones.

(39)Notes to consolidated cash flow statements

(a)Reconciliation from the net profit to the cash flows from operating activities

	2008	2007
Net profit	(1,588,405)	680,413
Add:Provisions for assets impairment	615,590	7,512
Depreciation of fixed assets (Note 8(7))	1,496,715	1,319,609
Depreciation of IRE (Note 8(6))	4,421	-
Amortization of intangible assets (Note 8(9))	6,791	9,667
Amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	113,307	123,370
Amortization of other long-term assets	57,954	45,713
Losses on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	6,907	(1,786)
Finance expenses	591,372	573,762
Investment incomes	(32,102)	(13,216)
Decrease in deferred tax assets	51,901	(10,553)
Increase in deferred revenue	33,704	20,051
Decrease in inventories	4,547	34,981
Decrease in operating receivables	37,363	491,782
Increase in operating payables	2,295,695	(372,199)
Net cash flows from operating activities	3,695,760	2,909,106

(b)Investing and financing activities that do not involve cash receipts and payments

	2008	2007
Finance lease	746,910	514,469

(c)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

	2008	2007
Cash at end of year	859	3,757
Less: cash at beginning of year	(3,757)	(945)
Add: cash equivalents at end of year	6,002,077	7,437,045
Less: cash equivalents at beginning of year	(7,437,045)	(8,255,226)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,437,866)	(815,369)



(d)cash and cash equivalents

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Cash at bank and in hand		
- Cash in hand	859	3,757
- Cash in bank	6,002,077	7,437,045
- Other	649,309	490,054
	6,652,245	7,930,856
Less: restricted cash at bank (Note8 (1))	(649,309)	(490,054)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6,002,936	7,440,802

### (e)Disposal of subsidiaries

As at 1 January 2008, the Company transferred 51% shares of VIP Company to related party-HNA Group; as at 5 June 2008, the Company transferred 51% shares of Xinhua Aviation Catering to related party-Aviation Catering Holdings. Related information on the disposal date is listed as follows:

	VIP Company	Xinhua Aviation Catering	Total
Disposal price	4,330	70,601	74,931
Cash and cash equivalents from disposal	4,330	70,601	74,931
less: Cash and cash equivalents held by the disposed companies	(12)	(6,289)	(6,301)
Net cash received from disposal	4,318	64,312	68,630

	On the disposal date		31 Decen	nber 2007	
Net assets	VIP Xinhua Aviation		VIP	Xinhua Aviation	
	Company	Catering	Company	Catering	
Cash at bank and on hand	12	6,289	12	46,219	
Accounts receivable	2,178	65,939	2,178	29,866	
Other current assets	-	2,479	-	2,229	
Fixed assets (note8 (7))	-	71,086	-	73,272	
Intangible assets	-	23,754	-	24,472	
Deferred tax assets(note8 (37))	-	248	-	248	
Other non-current assets	3,076	-	3,076	54	
borrowings	-	(15,000)	-	(25,000	
Accounts payable	(31,615)	(26,270)	(31,615)	(22,677	
Other current liabilities	-	1,002	-	(653	
Non-current liabilities	(4,160)	-	(4,160)		
	(30,509)	129,527	(30,509)	128,030	



The income, expense and profit of Xinhua Aviation Catering form 1 January 2008 to the disposal date are listed as follows:

	Amount
Income	34,101
Less: cost and expense	(32,165)
Total profit	1,936
Less: income tax expenses	(439)
Net profit	1,497

(f)Cash paid relating to other operating activities

In the cash flow statement, cash paid relating to other operating activities comprises:

	2008	2007
Deposits for bills payable, borrowings and others	649,309	356,459
Agency fees	208,364	251,881
Airport construction fee	176,761	174,675
Computer reservation expenses	141,137	123,748
Deposits for operating aircraft leases	112,471	103,947
Expenses for office representative	54,173	36,634
Rental	41,493	22,781
Administrative	41,923	54,281
Advertising	37,588	27,521
Others	273,637	247,044
	1,736,856	1,398,971

### 9.Acquisition of minority interests

In March 2008, the Company acquired the 3.03% shares of Shanxi Airlines-one of its subsidiaries from Shanxi Airline Industry Co., Ltdminority shareholder of Shanxi Airlines with the cost of 23,971 thousand Yuan, after which the share percentage of Shanxi Airlines directly and indirectly owned by the Company arises from 96.97% to 100%.

In January 2008, the subsidiary of the Company-Chang'an Airlines acquired the 20% shares of Chang'an Star-one of its subsidiaries from Chang'an Airlines Industry Co., Ltd-minority shareholder of Chang'an Star with the cost of 5,000 thousand Yuan, after which the share percentage of Chang'an Star indirectly owned by the Company through Chang'an Airlines arises from 80% to 100%.



In January 2008, the subsidiary of the Company-Chang'an Airlines acquired the 20% shares of Xi'an Real Estate-one of its subsidiaries from Haihang Hotel Group-minority shareholder of Xi'an Real Estate with the cost of 6,000 thousand Yuan, after which the share percentage of Xi'an Real Estate indirectly owned by the Company through Chang'an Airlines arises from 80% to 100%.

	Shanxi Airlines	Chang'an Star	Xi'an Real Estate	Total
Purchase consideration				
paid by cash	23,971	5,000	6,000	34,971
Less: the share acquired of the fair	(18,357)	(4,637)	(5,985)	(28,979)
value of the identifiable net assets				
Goodwill	5,614	363	15	5,992
Purchase consideration				
paid by cash	23,971	5,000	6,000	34,971
Less: share of net assets of the				
subsidiary is calculated based				
on the % of equity granted on				
the transaction date				
	(18,357)	(4,637)	(5,985)	(28,979)
Goodwill	(5,614)	(363)	(15)	(5,992)
	-	-	-	-

### 10.Lease

### (1)Financial leased assets

	Aircraft	Engines	High-price	Others	Total
			rotable spares		
Cost					
31 December 2008	9,738,215	290,933	-	-	10,029,148
31 December 2007	6,878,859	290,560	205,071	1,242	7,375,732
Accumulated depreciation 31 December 2008	2,418,378	33,044	-	_	2,451,422
31 December 2007	1,111,143	13,779	18,308	324	1,143,554
Net book amount					
31 December 2008	7,319,837	257,889	-	-	7,577,726
31 December 2007	5,767,716	276,781	186,763	918	6,232,178



(2)Minimum lease payments

The minimum lease payments of future rental disclosures as Long-term payables are summarized as below:

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Within 1 year	684,174	633,764
Between 1 and 2 years	504,252	492,590
Between 2 and 3 years	372,995	313,028
Over 3 years	1,352,101	1,574,415
	2,913,522	3,013,797
Less: Unrecognised finance charge	(438.407)	(614,946)
Less. Onecognised mance charge		
	2,475,115	2,398,851

### 11.Related Party Relationship and Transactions

(1)Parent companies and subsidiary company

Please refer to Notes7 for subsidiary companies' basic condition and information.

(2)General information of the parent company.

The parent company of group is Grand China Airlines Company located at Haikou. The nature of its transactions is transportation.

(3)Parent company's registered capital (RMB Yuan)

	31 December	Additions in	Reduction in	31 December
	2007	this year	this year	2008
Grand china airlines Co., Ltd.	RMB3,689,795,600	-	-	RMB3,689,795,600

(4)The proportion of share stock and voting rights in the Company held by the parent company

	31 December 2007		31 December 2008	
	Share stock	Voting rights	Share stock	Voting rights
	proportion	proportion	proportion	proportion
Grand china airlines Co., Ltd	48.62%	48.62%	48.62%	48.62%



Relationship

(5)The nature of related parties without control relationship

HNA Group Company Co., Ltd.Shareholder of the company and Grand china airlines Co., LtdHaikou MeilanShareholder of the companyChanging Leasing Co., LtdShareholder of the companyBeijing Yanjing HotelAssociated companyHainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company LimitedAssociated companyYangtze River Real Estate Group (Yangtze River Real Estate)Associated companyYangtze Leasing Co., LtdAssociated companyGrand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Under HNA Group controlHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Under HNA Group controlHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd(Hainan Pacific Oil)Under HNA Group control	Related parties	Relationship
Changing Leasing Co., LtdShareholder of the companyBeijing Yanjing HotelAssociated companyHainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company LimitedAssociated companyYangtze River Real Estate Group (Yangtze River Real Estate)Associated companyYangtze Leasing Co., LtdAssociated companyGrand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHAINA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	HNA Group Company Co., Ltd.	
Beijing Yanjing HotelAssociated companyHainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company LimitedAssociated companyYangtze River Real Estate Group (Yangtze River Real Estate)Associated companyYangtze Leasing Co., LtdAssociated companyGrand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHAINA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Haikou Meilan	Shareholder of the company
Hainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company LimitedAssociated companyYangtze River Real Estate Group (Yangtze River Real Estate)Associated companyYangtze Leasing Co., LtdAssociated companyGrand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHAINA Group Finance Co., LtdWestern Airlines CouncilUnder HNA Group control	Changing Leasing Co., Ltd	Shareholder of the company
Yangtze River Real Estate Group (Yangtze River Real Estate)Associated companyYangtze Leasing Co., LtdAssociated companyGrand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder Group Control	Beijing Yanjing Hotel	Associated company
Yangtze Leasing Co., LtdAssociated companyGrand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Hainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company Limited	Associated company
Grand China Airlines Express Company LimitedAssociated companyHainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Yangtze River Real Estate Group (Yangtze River Real Estate)	Associated company
Hainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)Associated company's subsidiary companyYunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Yangtze Leasing Co., Ltd	Associated company
Yunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company LimitedUnder Grand China control bothHong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Grand China Airlines Express Company Limited	Associated company
Hong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Hainan Meiya Industry Co., Ltd (Hainan Meiya)	Associated company's subsidiary company
Hong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")Parent company's associated companyWestern Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Yunnan Xiangpeng Aviation Company Limited	Under Grand China control both
Western Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")Parent company's associated companyHainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Hong Kong Airlines Co., Ltd ("Hong Kong Airlines")	Parent company's associated company
Hainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)Parent company's associated companyHNA Group Finance Co., LtdUnder HNA Group control	Hong Kong Airlines Express( "Hong Kong Express")	Parent company's associated company
HNA Group Finance Co., Ltd Under HNA Group control	Western Airlines Co., Ltd ("Western Airlines")	Parent company's associated company
	Hainan Pacific Oil Industry Co., Ltd( Hainan Pacific Oil)	Parent company's associated company
Haihang Hotel(Group) Co., Ltd(Haihang Hotel)Under HNA Group control	HNA Group Finance Co., Ltd	Under HNA Group control
	Haihang Hotel(Group) Co., Ltd(Haihang Hotel)	Under HNA Group control

### Related parties

	Haihang Industry Co., Ltd. ("Haihang Industry")	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Airlines Catering Company Limited (Hainan Airlines Catering)	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Jiahui Investment Company Limited (Hainan Jiahui)	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Meilan Airport Company Limited (Meilan Airport)	Under HNA Group control
	Haikou High-Tech Venture Capital Company Limited (Haikou High-Tech)	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Import&Export Trade Company Limited	Under HNA Group control
	Deer Jet Co., Ltd	Under HNA Group control
	Sanya Phoenix International Airport Company Limited	Under HNA Group control
	Yangtze River express Company Limited	Under HNA Group control
	Yangtze River Investment Holding Company Limited	Under HNA Group control
	Guoyin Finance Leasing Co. Ltd.( formerly Shenzhen Finance	Under HNA Group control
	leasing Co., Ltd(Shenzhen Finance Leasing)("Guoyin Lease") (*)	
	Northwest Haihang Real Estate Group ( formerly Xi'an Minsheng	Under HNA Group control
	Real Estate Co., Ltd(Xi'an Minsheng) ("Northwest Haihang Real Estate")	
	Beijing Kehang Investment Company Limited( Beijing Kehang)	Under HNA Group control
	Beijing Huoli Huanxiang Commercial Co., Ltd(Huoli Huanxiang)	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Yuhong Trade development Company Limited( Hainan Yuhong)	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Airline Catering Holding Co., Ltd(Catering Holding)	Under HNA Group control
	Haihang Travel Holding	Under HNA Group control
	Haihang Henghe Property Management Co., Ltd(Henghe Property Management)	Under HNA Group control
	Hainan Tonghui Insurance Agency Co., Ltd(Hainan Tonghui)	Under HNA Group control
	Haihang Hotel Holding	Under HNA Group control
	Xinhua Aviation Catering	Under HNA Group control
	Haihang Safe Car-rental Company ( "Haihang Safe")	Under HNA Group control
-		



(\*) As in 2008, after HNA Group transferred some shares of Guoyin Lease to China Development Bank and Guoyin Lease increased its registered capital, the share percentage of Guoyin Lease held by HNA Group went down to 8.3%, correspondingly, the relationship between the Group and Guoyin Lease changed to unrelated party.

(6)Related party transactions

#### (a)Price policy

Except purchases of fuel oil fee, payment of take-off and landing charges and transfer of pilots and other specified are according to governmental directional prices, pricing of sales to related parties, purchases from related party, providing services to related parties, and accepting services from related parties are based on treats agreed.

(b)Purchases of fuel oil fee

	2008	2007
Hainan Meiya	542,341	361,085
Hainan Pacific Oil	96,034	104,064
	638,375	465,149

In 2008, the Group purchased fuel oil fee from related parties accounted for 12% of amount (2007: 11%)

### (c)Purchase of aviation food

	2008	2007
Xinhua Aviation Catering	50,211	-
Hainan Airline Catering Company Limited	44,966	32,523
	95,177	32,523

In 2008, the Group purchased aviation food from related parties accounted for 34% of amount. (2007: 13%)

(d)take-off and landing charges  $\diagdown$  field rent and franchise

	2008	2007
Meilan Airport	95,795	75,036
Haikou Meilan	34,935	23,593
Sanya Phoenix Airport	19,953	27,289
	150,683	125,918

In 2008, the Group payment of take-off and landing charges to related parties accounted for 12% of amount (2007: 10%).



(e)Import and Export Agency Fee

	2008	2007
Hainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company Limited	37,541	21,179

This agency fee is made a price as some rate  $(0.3\% \sim 3\%)$  of agency imports and exports gosods.

In 2008 the Group payment of agency fee to related parties accounted for 100% of amount (2007: 100%).

(f)Salary of key managers

	2008	2007
Salary of key managers	1,230	1,523

(g)Advertisement income

	2008	2007
Huoli Huanxiang	25,000	25,000

In 2008, the Group earned labour income from related parties accounted for 100% of amount (2007: 100%)

(h)Aircraft leasing income (note8 (31)(b))

	2008	2007
Grand china airlines express(i)	432,057	257,559
Yunnan xiangpeng airlines(ii)	158,337	138,278
Grand China(iii)	139,926	15,739
Western Airlines(iv)	118,036	41,320
Hong Kong Airlines(v)	74,335	96,525
Deer Jet Airlines(vi)	139,739	-
Total	1,062,430	549,421

This aircraft leasing income is made a price based on the cost of aircrafts (including depreciation, rent, imports & value-added tax and corresponding financing cost).

(i)In 2008, the Group leased 29 Dornier the whole year, 7 EMB and 2 ERJ by stages to Grand China Airlines Express. The amount of leasing income is 343,406 thousand Yuan, 68,980 thousand Yuan and 19,671 thousand Yuan (2007: 257,559 thousand Yuan)) respectively. This money has been taken back in this year.



(ii)In 2008, the Group leased 5 B738 the whole year to Yunnan Xiangpeng Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 158,337 thousand Yuan (2007: 138,278 thousand Yuan)). This money has been taken back in this year.

(iii) In 2008, the Group leased 4 B738 and 1 B734 by stages to Grand China Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 128,726 thousand Yuan and 11,200 thousand Yuan (2007: 15,739 thousand Yuan)) respectively. This money has been taken back in this year.

(iv) In 2008, the Group leased 3 B737 by stages to Western Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 118,036 thousand Yuan (2007: 41,320 thousand Yuan)). This money has been taken back in this year.

(v) In 2008, the Group leased 2 B738 the whole year to Hong Kong Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 74,335 thousand Yuan (2007: 96,525 thousand Yuan)). This money has been taken back in this year.

(vi) In 2008, the Group leased 12 A319 by stages to Deer Jet Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 139,739 thousand Yuan (2007: Nil)). This money has been taken back in this year.

In 2008, the Group earned leasing aircrafts leasing income from related parties accounted for 100% of amount (2007: 100%).

(i)Leasing pilots income

	2008	2007
Deer Jet Airlines	-	20,043
Yangtze River Express	-	11,040
	-	31,083

(j)Interest income

	2008	2007
HNA Group Finance Co., Ltd (Note 7(30))	198,365	106,262

The details refer to note8 (33).

In 2008, the Group earned saving interest income from related parties accounted for 82% of amount (2007: 88%).

S

(k)Charter flight revenue

	2008	2007
Haihang Travel Holding	-	47,659



(l)Related parties supplied capital to the Group.

	2008	2007
Hainan Jiahui	2,083,680	4,738,400
Changjiang Leasing	688,406	1,897,135
Haikou Meilan	81,119	1,042
Yangtze Investment	70,800	-
HNA Group	64,000	1,906,782
Hainan Tonghui	2,129	-
Haihang Imp&Exp	-	1,421,947
Grand China Express	-	591,668
Deer Jet Airlines	-	331,093
Yunnan Xiangpeng	-	168,173
Western Airlines	-	146,920
Yangtze River Leasing	-	115,201
Yangtze River Real Estate	-	47,476
Grand China Airlines	-	23,624
Others	-	8,222
	2,990,134	11,397,683

The capital above supplied by related parties is used to purchase aviation materials, aviation on-board supplies or temporary financing. This capital is without mortgage and interest, and it will be compensated in short-term.

(m)The Group paid back to related parties.

	2008	2007
TT '1 T' 1 '	2.074.050	2 (75 577
Haihang Jiahui	2,076,959	3,675,577
Changjiang Leasing	933,726	518,432
Haikou Meilan	81,076	137,067-
HNA Group	55,752	846,707
Yangtze Investment	20,800	-
Hainan Tonghui	2,122	-
Haihang Hotel Holding	-	830,567
Haihang Imp&Exp	-	265,079
Grand China Express	-	197,666
Yangtze River Leasing	-	88,587
Yunnan Xiangpeng	-	39,780
Others	-	16,533
total	3,170,435	6,615,995



(n)Debt compensation

	2008	2007
Yangtze River Real Estate	-	47,476
Yangtze River Real Estate	-	47,

(o)Lease fee

	2008	2007
Yangtze River Leasing	54,077	53,151
Changjiang Leasing	96,098	11,588
Guoyin Leasing (*)	-	10,193
	150,175	74,932

(\*) As in 2008, after HNA Group transferred some shares of Guoyin Lease to China Development Bank and Guoyin Lease increased its registered capital, the share percentage of Guoyin Lease held by HNA Group went down to 8.3%, correspondingly, the relationship between the Group and Guoyin Lease changed to unrelated party.

This leasing fee is calculated as the agreed rate and term in financing agreement.

In 2008 the Group paid leasing fee to related parties accounted for 14% of amount (2007:26%).

#### (p)Transfer Assets

	2008	2007
Xinhua Aviation Catering (i)	2,404	-
Haihang Safe (ii)	2,180	-
Grand China Airlines Express (ii)	1,417	2,194
HNA Group	-	462,648
	6,001	464,842

In 2008, the Group transferred:

(i)Transportation facilities with the net book value of 2,404 thousand Yuan (cost of 3,310 thousand Yuan) to related party-Xinhua Aviation Catering (2007: nil).

(ii)Transportation facilities with the net book value of 2,180 thousand Yuan (cost of 5,108 thousand Yuan) to related party-Haihang Safe (2007: nil).

(ii)Transportation facilities with the net book value of 1,417 thousand Yuan (cost of 1,475 thousand Yuan) to related party- Grand China Airlines Express (2007: 2,194 thousand Yuan)).



In 2008, the Group transferred assets to related parties accounted for 18% of amount (2007: 100%).

(q)Transfer stock

	2008	2007
HNA Group (i, ii)	4,330	28,666
Grand China (iii)	48,073	-
Hainan Airline Catering (iv)	70,601	-
Haihang Travel Holding	-	16,245
	123,004	44,911

#### In the year 2008,

(i)The Company transferred 51% share stock of VIP Company to the related party-HNA Group with the amount of 4,330 thousand Yuan (4,330 thousand Yuan of book value). The transfer money has been taken back all in this year.

(ii)The Group transferred all the share stock of Yunnan Shilin held to the related party-HNA Group with the amount of 0 (book value: 0). (note8 (5) (b))

(iii)The Group transferred 30.33% share stock of Yunnan Xiangpeng Airlines to the related party-Grand China with the amount of 48,073 thousand Yuan (48,846 thousand Yuan of book value). The transfer money has been taken back all in this year. (note8 (5) (a))

(iv)The Group transferred 51% share stock of Xinhua Aviation Catering to the related party-Hainan Airline Catering with the amount of 70,601 thousand Yuan (61,200 thousand Yuan of book value). The transfer money has been taken back all in this year. (note8 (39) (e))

(r)Recharge fee

	2008	2007
	2008	2007
Grand china airlines express	154,903	307,062
Deer Jet Airlines	39,629	57,202
Yunnan Xiangpeng	29,429	32,597
Western Airlines	15,342	8,003
Yangtze River Express	14,051	17,190
Grand China Express	12,597	228
Hong Kong Airlines	-	13,463
Hong Kong Express	-	492
	265,951	436,237

The money which is paid by the group for related parties is used to maintain aviation materials and aviation high-price rotable spares.

In 2008, the Group paid maintain fee for related parties accounted for 15% of amount (2007: 47%).



(s)Related parties supplied loan secure for the Group

	2008	2007
Short term loan		
HNA Group	3,630,000	1,337,000
Haikou Meilan	260,000	760,000
Yangtze Investment	40,000	40,000
Grand China	-	972,191
Haihang Industry	-	78,000
HNA Group and Haikou Meilan	450,000	-
HNA Finance and the Company	60,000	-
Haihang Hotel Holding and the Company	20,000	20,000
	4,460,000	3,207,191
Long term loan		
HNA Group	3,585,610	2,904,980
Haikou Meilan	68,346	355,195
Grand China	-	425,000
HNA Group and Haikou Meilan	1,820,000	-
	5,473,956	3,685,175
	9,933,956	6,892,366

### (t)Selling tickets for related parties

	2008	2007
Grand china	237,669	40,588
Grand china airlines express	128,613	318,293
Yunnan Xiangpeng	20,644	-
Deer Jet Airlines	12,051	-
Western Airlines	10,247	-
Hong Kong express	2,511	-
	411,735	358,881

In 2008, the Group sold tickets for related parties accounted for 4% of amount of ticket sales. (2007:3%)

### (u)Transfer pilots revenue

	2008	2007
Grand China Express	1,600	6,000
Western Airlines	-	49,400
Yunnan Xiangpeng	-	19,800
Deer Jet Airlines	-	4,800
	1,600	80,000

In 2008, transfer pilots revenue of the Group for related parties accounted for 11% of amount. (2007:100%)



(7)Related party balance

(a)Cash at bank and in hand

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
HNA Finance (Notes 8(1))	4,247,497	6,457,779

As at 31 December 2008, the cash deposits into the related party's of the Group accounts for 63% of total balance of cash at bank and in hand. (31 December 2007: 81%)

(b)Advance to Suppliers (note8 (3))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Haihang Imp & Exp	145,100	200,000
Yangtze Real Estate	216	-
	145,316	200,000

As at 31 December 2008, the advances into the related party of the Group accounts for 53% of total balance. (31 December 2007: 56%)

(c)Interest receivables

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
HNA Finance	96,069	73,118

As at 31 December 2008, the interest receivables from the related party accounts for 100% of total balance of Interest receivables. (31 December 2007: 100%)

(d)\Other Receivables

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Western Airlines	29,662	-
Yangtze Investment	10,944	-
Hainan Imp & Exp	6,385	6,385
Haikou High- Tech	5,000	5,000
Guoyin Lease (*)	-	24,000
Others	20,379	13,403
	72,370	48,788

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due from related parties included in other receivables was accounted for 27% to the total balance of other receivables.(31 December 2007: 32%).



(e)Notes payable (Notes 8(14))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Hainan Imp & Exp	782,000	140,000
Haikou Meilan	-	150,000
Sanya Phoenix Airport	-	60,000
Yangtze Investment	-	50,000
	782,000	400,000

### (f)Account payable

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Yangtze River Leasing	382,808	-
Grand China Express	122,669	-
Hainan Meiya	114,087	80,584
Meilan Airport	94,698	106,220
Western Airlines	55,883	
Yangtze Investment	50,000	
Hong Kong Express	28,342	19,483
Deer Jet Airlines	17,635	32,878
Hong Kong Airlines	14,460	39,291
Hainan Imp & Exp	14,105	116,571
Xinhua Aviation Catering	13,692	
Others	60,189	155,694
	968,568	550,721

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due to related parties included in accounts payables was accounted for 18% to the total balance of accounts payables. (31 December 2007: 19%).

(g)Other payables(Notes 8(19))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Grand China Express	100,255	127,282
Changjiang Leasing	60,310	305,630
Deer Jet Airlines	51,931	6,171
Grand China	48,005	8,475
Yunnan Xiangpeng	33,747	279
Northwest Haihang Real Estate	15,380	-
Yangtze River Express	8,160	25
HNA Hotel Group	5,817	-
Others	6,238	50,794
	329,843	498,656



At 31 December 2008, Changjiang Leasing and Grand China hold more than 5% (including 5%) equity interest of the Company, respectively, the total amounts due to them is 108,315 thousand (Notes 8(20)).(31 December 2007: 314,105)

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due to related parties are accounted for 14% of thetotal balance of other payables. (2007: 40%).

The above amounts due to related parties are secured, with interest and repayable within one year.

(h)The minimum lease payments (Note10(2))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Changjiang Leasing	446,811	999,053
Guoyin Leasing	-	238,316
Yangtze River Leasing	-	54,533
	446,811	1,291,902

As 31 December 2008, related party balance of long-term payable accounted for 18% of the total ending balance. (31 December 2007: 43%).

### (i)Short-term Loans

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
HNA Finance	36,907	36,523

As 31 December 2008, related party balance of short-term loans accounted for 0.41% of the total ending balance. (31 December 2007: 0.4%).

### 12.Commitment

#### (1)Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2008, the total amount of significant capital commitment been signed but not recognized in the financial statement is as follows:

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Purchase aircrafts	11,871,058	9,117,508
Purchase buildings Constructions and machines	233,431	23,940
	12,104,489	9,141,448



### (2)Leases commitment

As at 31 December 2008, the rents payable under operating leases are as follows:

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Within 1 year	1,017,365	956,321
The second year	990,704	917,276
The third year	902,791	911,903
Over than 3 years	3,629,233	3,238,752
Total	6,540,093	6,024,252

### 13. Events after balance sheet date

(1)As at 14 January 2009, in accordance with the Company's Board resolution (the 26<sup>th</sup> of 5<sup>th</sup> session) and Xinhua Airlines' 1<sup>st</sup> Board resolution in 2009, Haikou Haiping Asset Appraisal Office issued the overall property assessment report for Yangtze River Leasing on 30 November 2008 which confirmed the value of net asset of Yangtze River Leasing is 512,303 thousand Yuan. The Group approved to transfer 15.38% share of Yangtze River Leasing to Tianjin Bohai Leasing Co. Ltd. ("Bohai Leasing").at a price of 90,000 thousand Yuan according to the assessment report.

(2)As at 17 March 2009, in accordance with the document issued by the Department of Finance of Hainan Province ([2009] (328)), interest subsides supplied by the government will be fully given to HNA Group, Grand China, Haikou Meilan, Sanya Phoenix Airport and the Company to compensate the interest costs of 800 million RMB borrowings from 2009 to 2011, support the development of five companies and reduce their financial cost.

(3)As at 14 January 2009, in accordance with the Company's Board resolution (the 26th of 5th session),

Board of Directors considered and adopted the "Regulations on credit with the Hainan Airlines Group signed a framework agreement of mutual insurance companies, as well as draw the attention of shareholders in 2009 the General Assembly approved the report of the amount of related security", according to the framework agreement in 2009 HNA Group and its affiliates provide the amount of the credit guarantee for 10 billion Yuan.

(4)In January 2009, the Ministry of Finance and the CAAC issued a fiscal document [2009] 4<sup>th</sup>, "the Ministry of Finance and CAAC about the civil aviation infrastructure fund reimburse taxes collected to inform policy," under the State Council's approval, domestic airlines can enjoy the policy that civil aviation infrastructure funds payable from 1 July, 2008 to June 30, 2009 should be paid by the can be returned, and the returned funds should be recognized as an enterprise revenue. Accordingly, the Company has received the return of the civil aviation infrastructure construction fund with an amount of about 160 million Yuan in April 2009 and recognized in the financial statements of 2009.

### 14. Financial risk management

The business activities of the Group are facing a variety of financial risks, including business risk, market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management plan focuses on difficulty to forecast the financial markets, and seek to minimize the potential adverse effects to the financial performance of the Group.



(1) Business risk

To large extent the Group's aviation business is affected by the global political and economic factors. Any unexpected events, war, natural disasters are likely to result in the Group's significant impact on the civil aviation industry. In addition, the Group's main business in China, thus the commercial risk borne by the Group is different from the Western airlines. These business risks include political, economic and legal environment of risk, air passenger, cargo and freight services industries, as well as the Civil Aviation Administration of China's civil aviation industry and so on.

### (2) Interest rate change risk

In addition to bank deposits, the Group doesn't have other significant interest bearing assets. The Group's principal income and working capital are not essentially affected by the changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk primarily comes from bank borrowings; Notes 8 (13) and Notes 8 (22) have made the disclosure. Management believes that rise or drop of the interest rates will have a significant impact on performance of the Group.

(3) Exchange rate fluctuation risk

RMB exchange rate fluctuations are impacted by the domestic and international economic, political and monetary supply-demand relationship, the future exchange rate of the RMB might have a greater difference with the current exchange rate.

Part of the Group's borrowing and financing payment is settled by USD. The Group may obtain deficit or surplus in USD from the process of USD loans and finance lease payments. Because the Group's U.S. dollar payment is generally higher than income, the devaluation of the RMB against the U.S. dollar or revaluation will have a significant impact on performance of the Group.

There is no other way to effectively avoid the currency risk for the Group except that the Group retains their foreign currency denominated earnings and revenue permitted by the State Administration of Foreign Exchange.

#### (4) Oil price risk

Oil prices abroad are mainly affected by the impact of supply and demand of the global market, while domestic aviation fuel prices are regulated by the National Development and Reform Commission and the Civil Aviation Administration and other government regulatory agencies. The aviation fuel is one of the major operating costs of the Group, thus the volatility of fuel prices have a significant impact on the Group's performance

(5) Credit risk

The Group's revenue are primarily collected through cash, therefore the Group has no significant credit risk. Receivable and other receivables mainly located in more than a ticket sales agent and other business partners in China. The Group makes credit rating to its clients, and usually asked clients to provide a pledge of receivables. The Group prepares provision for bad debt, and actual bad debt losses are expected to range management.

#### (6) Cash flow risk

The Group's principal demand for cash is from the aircrafts and engines purchase or improvement, and related debts or liabilities repayment. The Group meets working capital needs by funding money from operating businesses and short-term or long-term bank borrowing. The Group usually purchases aircrafts by finance leasing and bank loans.



In December 31, 2008, the Group's net current liabilities are about 13.4 billion Yuan. In the reporting year, the Group's net cash inflow from operating activities is approximately 3.7 billion, net cash outflow for investment activities and financing activities is approximately 5.1 billion Yuan, and cash equivalents are reduced by about 1.4 billion.

The cash flow risk assessment by the Company's management refers to Note 2.

### 15.Net profit after extra ordinary gains and losses

	2008	2007
Net profit	(1,588,405)	680,413
Add:losses on disposal of non-current	6,907	(1,786)
Effects of changes in income tax rates	-	-
Less:Other non-operating expenses-net	(154,235)	(124,178)
Gains generated by disposal of long-term equity investment	(21,535)	(1,523)
Tax effects on extraordinary gain and losses	-	24,031
Net profit before extraordinary gain to losses	(1,757,268)	576,957
Of which: attributable to parent company shareholders	(1,498,353)	548,796
Attributable to minority shareholders	(258,915)	28,161

(1)The basis of preparation of net profit before extraordinary gains and losses reconciliation

According to the Q&A on Disclosure of Information by Public Companies No 1 - Extraordinary gains and losses, extraordinary gain and losses are the gain and losses being resulted from the transactions/events which are not incurred by the operation of the entity, or, though incurred by the operation, the nature, amounts or the frequency of such transactions/events will lead to a misleading presentation of the normal performance and profitability of the operation of the entity.

### 16.Notes to the Company's financial statements

(1)Accounts receivable and other receivable

### (a) Accounts receivable

:	31December 2007			31 December2008
Accounts receivable	414,791			473,970
		Current	Current	
		year additions	year reversal	
Less:Provision for bad debts	(9,310)	-	-	(9,310)
	405,481			464,660



Accounts receivable and corresponding Provision for bad debts are analyzed as followed:

	31 December 2008					31 December 2007			
	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts		
Within 1 year	464,621	98%	-	-	399,424	96%	-	-	
2-3 years	-	-	-	-	131	-	-	-	
More than 3 years	9,351	2%	9,310	99%	15,236	4%	9,310	61%	
	473,970	100%	9,310	2%	414,791	100%	9,310	2%	

Accounts receivable are analyzed by customer categories as followed:

	3	1 Decembe	r 2008		31 December 2007			
	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts	
Receivables that are i	-	-	-	-	398,666	96%	-	-
ndividually significant								
Receivables not	9,351	2%	9,310	100%	9,183	2%	9,183	100%
individually significant								
but with high risk in								
groups								
Others	464,621	98%	-	-	6,942	2%	127	2%
	473,972	100%	9,310	2%	414,791	100%	9,310	2%

As at 31 December 2008, no balances (31 December 2007: nil) included in above accounts receivable are due to the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right.

As at 31 December 2008, the aggregate amount of the Company's five largest accounts receivable balances was403, 648 thousand Yuan (31 December 2007: 412,733 thousand Yuan), being 85 % (31 December 2007: 99%) of the total accounts receivable balances, all aged within one year.

The balances of aging over one year mainly include unsettled Notes and charter flight. In terms of the opinion of the board of directors of the Company, they should consider provision for bad debts on the basis of appropriate risk judgment.

The individually significant account receivable aged within 3 months is mainly BSP receivable which involves no recovery risk and no provision according to the board of the Company.



### (b) Other receivables

	31 December 2007		31	December 2008
Lease deposit and maintenance reserve of aircraft & engine	124,980			13,491
Subscription of aircraft parts	235,497			88,016
Others	604,542			482,675
	965,019			584,182
		Current	Current	
		year additions	Year deductions	
Less: Provision for bad debts	(50,155)	(8,534)	-	(58,689)
	914,864			525,493

Other receivable and corresponding provision for bad debts were analyzed as followed:

		31 December 2008				31 December 2007			
	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts		
Within 1 year	479,813	82%	-	-	832,342	87%	-	-	
1-2 years	42,937	8%	2,104	5%	80,203	8%	230	-	
2-3 years	2,314	-	230	10%	1,100	-	46	4%	
More than 3 years	59,118	10%	56,355	95%	51,374	5%	49,879	97%	
	584,182	100%	58,689	10%	965,019	100%	50,155	5%	

Other receivable were analyzed by customer categories as followed:

	3	1 Decembe	r 2008		3	1 December	r 2007	
	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage	Amount	% of total	Provision for	Percentage
		balance	bad debts			balance	bad debts	
Receivables that are	515,694	88%	17,443	3%	854,207	88%	17,443	2%
individually significant								
Receivables not	42,538	7%	40,330	95%	43,426	5%	28,543	66%
individually significant								
but with high risk in								
groups								
Others	25,950	5%	916	4%	67,386	7%	4,169	6%
	584,182	100%	58,689	10%	965,019	100%	50,155	5%



As at 31 December 2008, no balance included in above other receivables are due to the shareholders of the Company who hold over 5% (including 5%) shares with voting right (31 December 2007: nil)

As at 31 December 2008, the aggregate amount of the Company's five largest other receivables balances were 547,695 thousand Yuan (2007:825,612 thousand Yuan), being 93 % (2007:85%) of the total accounts receivable balances. Thereinto, the balance of aging within 1 year is 477,768 thousand Yuan, the balance of aging during one to two years is 41,039 thousand Yuan, the balance of aging during two to three years is 1,439 thousand Yuan and the balance of aging over three years is 27,449 thousand Yuan.

(2)Long-term equity investment

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Investment in Subsidiaries(a)	2,226,592	2,206,952
Investment in Associated Companies (b)	53,364	50,055
Others (c)	466,119	473,504
	2,746,075	2,730,511
Less: Provision for Impairment (d)	(5,000)	(8,610)
	2,741,075	2,721,901

2,815,645 thousand Yuan (2007: 2,994,981 thousand Yuan) of long-term borrowing is impawned by 1.098 billion shares of Xinhua Airlines, 55.456 million shares of Chang'an Airlines and 28.5 million shares of Shanxi Airlines held by the Company (note8 (22) (a))

(a)Subsidiaries

	Initial	Additional	31 December	Current year	Currentyear	31 December
	investment cost	cost	2007	additions	write-off	2008
Xinhua Airlines	933,300	232,807	1,166,107	-	-	1,166,107
Chang'an airlines	200,000	444,418	644,418	-	-	644,418
Shanxi Airlines	285,000	99,497	384,497	23,970	-	408,467
Hainan Golden-Deer	7,600	-	7,600	-	-	7,600
Aviation Sales Co., Ltd						
Hainan Airlines VIP	4,330	-	4,330	-	(4,330)	-
Flight Service Co., Ltd.						
			2,206,952	23,970	(4,330)	2,226,592



(b) Associates

	Initial	Additional	31 December	Net profit/ loss	Dividend	Other equity	31December
	investment	cost	2007	under equity	receipts	movement	2008
	cost			method			
Haihang Import & Export	3,000	-	7,630	1,710	-	-	9,340
Xin Guo Hotel	15,000	25,000	40,465	156	-	-	40,621
Hainan Hansa Training	3,862	-	1,960	1,443	-	-	3,403
	21,862	25,000	50,055	3,309	-	-	53,364

### (c)Other long-term equity investment

Investee Company	31 December	Current year	Current year	31 December
	2007	addition	write-off	2008
Haikou Meilan	304,765	-	-	304,765
Yangtze River Lease	45,013	-	-	45,013
Hainan Airlines Hotel				
(Group) Company	58,161	-	-	58,161
China Aviation Information System	17,000	-	-	17,000
Company Limited				
Grand China Airlines Express Company	19,000	-	-	19,000
Limited ("Grand China Express")				
Yangtze River Express Company	10,000	-	-	10,000
Limited ('Yangtze river Express')				
Hainan Meilan Airport Company Limited	6,906	-	-	6,906
Yunnan Shilling Travel Airlines Company	3,610	-	(3,610)	-
Limited ('Yunnan Shilling') (note11 (6) (q))				
Hainan Airlines Tourism Development Co., Ltd	3,274	-	(3,274)	-
Others	5,775	-	(501)	5,275
	473,504	-	(7,385)	466,120

(d) Provision for impairment of long-term equity investments

	31 December 2007	Current year addition	Current year write-off	31 December 2008
Other long-term equity investments				
Yunnan Shilin (note11 (6) (q))	3,610	-	(3,610)	-
Others	5,000	-	-	5,000
	8,610	-	(3,610)	5,000

After verified the financial status of the equity investments, the board of the Company regards that there is no impairment indication for the investments and thus no provision should be considered. (2007: Nil)



(3)Revenue and Cost of sales

	2008	2007
Revenue (a)	7,936,450	7,984,854
Other revenue (b)	836,620	411,615
	8,773,070	8,396,469

(a)Revenue from main operations and cost of goods sold

	2008			2007	
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost	
Passenger revenue	7,227,383	7,138,828	7,080,006	5,708,319	
Cargo and Excessive weight of luggage revenue	287,087	283,570	231,105	186,669	
Charter flight revenue	410,904	405,870	669,214	540,540	
Income from the sale of mileage points	11,076	-	4,529	-	
	7,936,450	7,828,268	7,984,854	6,435,528	

As at 31 December 2008, the aggregate amount of the company's five largest sales income balances were4, 817,169 thousand Yuan (2007: 4,505,272 thousand Yuan), being 60% of the total sales income balances (2007: 56%).

(b)Other revenue and cost

	2008			2007	
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost	
Rental on lease of aircraft (Note 11(6)(h))	614,111	396,295	252,449	121,389	
Ticket refund incomes	40,187	-	32,914	-	
Ground service incomes	36,110	19,785	29,483	13,681	
Commission incomes	9,262	-	2,452	-	
Rental on lease of pilots	-	-	31,083	31,083	
Others	136,950	24,192	63,234	6,479	
	836,620	440,272	411,615	172,632	

The borrowing interest cost of 347,143 thousand Yuan (2007: 142,704 thousand Yuan) coming from the aircraft rental and purchase is excluded in the aircraft leasing costs above, and this part of interest cost is included in the finance expenses.



(4)Investment income

2008	2007
2 200	1.450
,	1,453
4,822	2,431
-	508 4.392
	3,309 4,822

### (5)Related party transactions

### (a)Price policy

Except purchases of fuel oil fee, payment of take-off and landing charges and transfer of pilots and other specified are according to governmental directional prices, pricing of sales to related parties, purchases from related party, providing services to related parties, and accepting services from related parties are based on treats agreed.

(b)Purchases of fuel oil fee

	2008	2007
Hainan Meiya	383,980	223,291
Hainan Pacific Oil	67,993	68,084
	451,973	291,375

In 2008, the Company purchased fuel oil fee from related parties accounted for 13% of amount (2007: 12%)

#### (c)Purchase of aviation food

	2008	2007
Xinhua Aviation Catering	43,200	-
Hainan Airline Catering Company Limited	38,687	29,412
	81,887	29,412

In 2008, the Company purchased aviation food from related parties accounted for 44% of amount. (2007: 19%)

(d)Take-off and landing charges  $\diagdown$  field rent and franchise

	2008	2007
Meilan Airport	72,483	33,382
Haikou Meilan	26,433	14,307
Sanya Phoenix Airport	15,097	15,019
	114,013	62,708



In 2008, the Company payment of take-off and landing charges to related parties accounted for 13% of amount (2007: 9%).

(e)Import and Export Agency Fee

	2008	2007
Hainan Aviation Import & Export Trade Company Limited	37,540	21,179

This agency fee is made a price as some rate (0.3%~3%) of agency imports and exports goods.

In 2008 the Company payment of agency fee to related parties accounted for 100% of amount (2007: 100%).

(f)Salary of key managers

	2008	2007
Salary of key managers	1,230	1,523

(g)Advertisement income

	2008	2007
Huoli Huanxiang	25,000	25,000

In 2008, the Company earned labour income from related parties accounted for 100% of amount (2007: 100%)

(h)Aircraft leasing income (note16 (3)(b))

	2008	2007
Grand china airlines express(i)	280,186	195,390
Grand China (ii)	139,926	15,739
Western Airlines(iii)	85,678	41,320
Deer Jet Airlines(iv)	108,321	-
Total	614,111	252,449

This aircraft leasing income is made a price based on the cost of aircrafts (including depreciation, rent, imports & value-added tax and corresponding financing cost).

(i)In 2008, the Company leased 24 Dornier the whole year to Grand China Airlines Express. The amount of leasing income is 280,186 thousand Yuan. This money has been taken back in this year.



(ii)In 2008, the Company leased 4 B738 and 1 B734 by stages to Grand China Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 139,926 thousand Yuan. This money has been taken back in this year.

(iii) In 2008, the Company leased 2 B737 by stages to Western Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 85,678 thousand Yuan. This money has been taken back in this year.

(iv) In 2008, the Company leased 8 A319 by stages to Deer Jet Airlines. The amount of leasing income is 108,321 thousand Yuan. This money has been taken back in this year.

In 2008, the Company earned leasing aircrafts leasing income from related parties accounted for 100% of amount (2007: 100%).

(i)Leasing pilots income

	2008	2007
Deer Jet Airlines	-	20,043
Yangtze River Express	-	11,040
	-	31,083

(j)Interest income

	2008	2007
HNA Finance	47,783	48,225

In 2008, the Company earned saving interest income from related parties accounted for 41% of amount (2007: 77%).

(k)Charter flight revenue

	2008	2007
Haihang Travel Holding	-	47,659



(1)Related parties supplied capital to the Company.

	2008	2007
Hainan Jiahui	2,083,680	4,738,400
Changjiang Leasing	688,406	1,897,135
Haikou Meilan	81,119	1,042
Yangtze Investment	70,800	-
HNA Group	64,000	1,906,782
Hainan Tonghui	2,129	-
Haihang Imp&Exp	-	1,421,947
Grand China Express	-	591,668
Deer Jet Airlines	-	331,093
Yunnan Xiangpeng	-	168,173
Western Airlines	-	146,920
Yangtze River Leasing	-	115,201
Yangtze River Real Estate	-	47,476
Grand China Airlines	-	23,624
Others	-	8,222
	2,990,134	11,397,683

The capital above supplied by related parties is used to purchase aviation materials, aviation on-board supplies or temporary financing. This capital is without mortgage and interest, and it will be compensated in short-term.

(m)The Company paid back to related parties.

	2008	2007
Haihang Jiahui	2,076,959	3,675,577
Changjiang Leasing	933,726	518,432
Haikou Meilan	81,076	137,067-
HNA Group	55,752	846,707
Yangtze Investment	20,800	-
Hainan Tonghui	2,122	-
Haihang Hotel Holding	-	830,567
Haihang Imp&Exp	-	265,079
Grand China Express	-	197,666
Yangtze River Leasing	-	88,587
Yunnan Xiangpeng	-	39,780
Others	-	16,533
total	3,170,435	6,615,995



(n)Lease fee

	2008	2007
Yangtze River Leasing	54,077	53,151
Changjiang Leasing	96,098	11,588
Guoyin Leasing (*)	-	10,193
	150,175	74,932

(\*) As in 2008, after HNA Group transferred some shares of Guoyin Lease to China Development Bank and Guoyin Lease increased its registered capital, the share percentage of Guoyin Lease held by HNA Group went down to 8.3%, correspondingly, the relationship between the Group and Guoyin Lease changed to unrelated party.

This leasing fee is calculated as the agreed rate and term in financing agreement. In 2008 the Company paid leasing fee to related parties accounted for 16% of amount (2007:26%).

(o)Transfer Assets

	2008	2007
Grand China Airlines Express	1,417	-
HNA Group	-	462,648
	1,417	462,648
(p)Transfer stock		
	2008	2007
HNA Group	4,330	36,571

In the year 2008,

(i)The Company transferred 51% share stock of VIP Company to the related party-HNA Group with the amount of 4,330 thousand Yuan (4,330 thousand Yuan of book value). The transfer money has been taken back all in this year.

(ii)The Company transferred all the share stock of Yunnan Shilin held to the related party-HNA Group with the amount of 0 (book value 0). (note8 (5) (b)):



(q)Recharge fee

	2008	2007
Grand china airlines express	132,331	307,062
Deer Jet Airlines	39,629	57,202
Yunnan Xiangpeng	29,429	32,597
Western Airlines	15,342	8,003
Yangtze River Express	14,051	17,190
Grand China Express	12,597	228
Hong Kong Airlines	-	13,463
Hong Kong Express	-	492
	243,379	436,237

The money which is paid by the group for related parties is used to maintain aviation materials and aviation high-price ratable spares.

In 2008, the Company paid maintain fee for related parties accounted for 56% of amount (2007: 77%).

(r)Related parties supplied loan secure for the Company

	2008	2007
Short term loan		
HNA Group	2,700,000	270,000
Haikou Meilan	-	350,000
HNA Group and Haikou Meilan	400,000	-
	3,100,000	620,000
Long term loan		
HNA Group	1,418,309	1,303,531
Haikou Meilan	10,000	73,046
	1,428,309	1,376,577
	4,528,309	1,996,577

(s)Transfer pilots revenue

	2008	2007
Grand China Express	1,600	6,000
Western Airlines	-	49,400
Yunnan Xiangpeng	-	19,800
Deer Jet Airlines	-	4,800
	1,600	80,000

In 2008, transfer pilots revenue of the Company for related parties accounted for 11% of amount. (2007:100%)



(6Related party balance

(a)Cash at bank and in hand

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
HNA Finance (Notes 8(1))	1,069,186	3,391,460

As at 31 December 2008, the cash deposits into the related party's of the Company accounts for 33% of total balance of cash at bank and in hand. (31 December 2007: 74%)

(b)Advance to Suppliers (note8 (3))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Haihang Imp & Exp	145,100	200,000
Yangtze Real Estate	216	-
	145,316	200,000

As at 31 December 2008, the advances into the related party of the Company accounts for 61% of total balance. (31 December 2007: 59%)

(c)Interest receivables

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
HNA Finance	96,069	73,118

As at 31 December 2008, the interest receivables from the related party accounts for 100% of total balance of Interest receivables. (31 December 2007: 100%)

(d)Other Receivables

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Hainan Imp & Exp	6,385	6,385
Haikou High- Tech	5,000	5,000
Guoyin Lease (*)	-	24,000
Others	17,832	2,800
	29,217	38,185

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due from related parties included in other receivables was accounted for 5% to the total balance of other receivables.(31 December 2007: 16%).



(e)Notes payable (Notes 8(14))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Hoinen Imp & Evp	560,000	140,000
Hainan Imp & Exp Haikou Meilan		140,000
Sanya Phoenix Airport	-	60,000
	560,000	350,000

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due to related parties included in notes payables was accounted for 31% to the total balance of accounts payables. (31 December 2007: 31%).

(f)Account payable (Notes 8(15))

	31 December 2008	
Yangtze River Leasing	382,808	-
Hainan Meiya	114,087	80,584
Meilan Airport	69,698	106,220
Yangtze Investment	50,000	-
Western Airlines	47,722	-
Hong Kong Express	25,831	19,483
Hong Kong Airlines	14,460	39,291
Xinhua Aviation Catering	13,692	-
Others	66,400	238,634
	784,698	484,212

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due to related parties included in accounts payables was accounted for 14% to the total balance of accounts payables. (31 December 2007: 12%).

(g)Other payables(Notes 8(20))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Grand China Express	76,148	127,282
Changjiang Leasing	60,310	305,630
Deer Jet Airlines	49,211	6,171
Grand China	48,005	8,475
Others	12,824	26,835
	246,498	474,393

At 31 December 2008, Changjiang Leasing and Grand China hold more than 5% (including 5%) equity interest of the Company, respectively, the total amounts due to them is 108,315 thousand (Notes 8(20)).(31 December 2007: 314,105)

At 31 December 2008, the amounts due to related parties are accounted for 15% of the total balance of other payables. (2007: 60%).

The above amounts due to related parties are secured, with interest and repayable within one year.



(h)The minimum lease payments (Note10(2))

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
Changjiang Leasing	446,811	999,053
Guoyin Leasing	-	238,316
Yangtze River Leasing	-	54,533
	446,811	1,291,902

As 31 December 2008, related party balance of long-term payable accounted for 32% of the total ending balance. (31 December 2007: 43%),

(i)Short-term Loans

	31 December 2008	31 December 2007
HNA Finance	36,907	36,523

As 31 December 2008, related party balance of short-term loans accounted for 0.62% of the total ending balance. (31 December 2007: 0.4%).

Supplemental information: Asset impairment

	Current year reduction					
3	1 December	Current year	Current year	Current year	Subtotal	31 December
	2007	additions	reverse	write off		2008
1. Provision for bad debts	146,688	11,476	(2,000)	(1,406)	(3,406)	154,758
Of which: Trade receivable	38,063	2,751	-	(370)	(370)	40,444
Other receivable	108,625	8,725	(2,000)	(1,036)	(3,036)	114,314
2. Provision for inventory loss	5,198	-	-	-	-	5,198
3. Provision for long term investment loss	14,774	-	-	(8,000)	(8,000)	6,774
4. Provision for fixed asset impairment	16,406	480,730	-	(21)	(21)	497,115
5. Provision for CIP impairment	2,307	-	-	-	-	2,307
6. Provision for intangible assets impairment	874	-	-	(874)	(874)	-
7. Provision for goodwill impairment	82,877	125,384	-	-	-	208,261
Total	269,124	617,590	(2,000)	(10,301)	(12,301)	874,413

## **XI. Documents for Reference**



**1. Accounting Statements with the signatures and seals of the Legal Representative, Chief Financial Officer and the person in charge of the accounting department.** 

**2. Original of the Auditor's Report with seal of certified public accountant and signatures of certified public accountants.** 

3. Original of all documents and announcements published in the presses designated by CSRC during year 2008.

Hainan Airlines Company Limited April 30, 2009